Edition: August 2013	QUICK REFERENCE INDEX	
Revision:August 2013	A GENERAL INFORMATION	GI General Information
Pub. No. SM14E0TA60U0	B ENGINE	EM Engine Mechanical
		LU Engine Lubrication System
		CO Engine Cooling System
		EC Engine Control System
		FL Fuel System
		EX Exhaust System
		STR Starting System
		ACC Accelerator Control System
	C HYBRID	HBC Hybrid Control System
		HBB Hybrid Battery System
		HBR Hybrid Brake System
	D TRANSMISSION & DRIVE-	TM Transaxle & Transmission
	LINE	DLN Driveline
		FAX Front Axle
		RAX Rear Axle
	E SUSPENSION	FSU Front Suspension
		RSU Rear Suspension
NUCCANI		SCS Suspension Control System
NISSAN		WT Road Wheels & Tires
ARMADA	F BRAKES	BR Brake System
	. 5.020	PB Parking Brake System
MODEL TAGO SERIES		BRC Brake Control System
	G STEERING	ST Steering System
	O OTEENING	STC Steering Control System
	H RESTRAINTS	SB Seat Belt
	II KESIKAINIS	SBC Seat Belt Control System
		SR SRS Airbag
		SRC SRS Airbag Control System
	I VENTILATION, HEATER &	VTL Ventilation System
	AIR CONDITIONER	HA Heater & Air Conditioning System
		HAC Heater & Air Conditioning System
	J BODY INTERIOR	INT Interior
	J BODY INTERIOR	
		IP Instrument Panel SE Seat
		ADP Automatic Drive Postioner  AP Adjustable Pedal
	IV DODY EXTERIOR	•
	K BODY EXTERIOR, DOORS, ROOF & VEHICLE	DLK Door & Lock
	SECURITY	SEC Security Control System
		GW Glass & Window System
		PWC Power Window Control System
		RF Roof
		EXT Exterior
		BRM Body Repair Manual
	L DRIVER CONTROLS	MIR Mirrors
		EXL Exterior Lighting System
		INL Interior Lighting System
		WW Wiper & Washer
		DEF Defogger
		HRN Horn
All rights reserved. No part	M ELECTRICAL & POWER	PWO Power Outlet
of this Service Manual may	CONTROL	BCS Body Control System
be reproduced or stored in a		LAN LAN System
retrieval system, or transmit-		PCS Power Control System
•		CHG Charging System
ted in any form, or by any		PG Power Supply, Ground & Circuit Elements
means, electronic, mechani-	N DRIVER INFORMATION &	MWI Meter, Warning Lamp & Indicator
cal, photo-copying, record-	MULTIMEDIA	WCS Warning Chime System
ing or otherwise, without the		SN Sonar System
prior written permission of		AV Audio, Visual & Navigation System
Nissan North America, Inc.	O CRUISE CONTROL	CCS Cruise Control System
ivissaii ivoi ui Alliefica, ific.	P MAINTENANCE	MA Maintenance

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# **FOREWORD**

This manual contains maintenance and repair procedures for the 2014 NISSAN ARMADA.

In order to assure your safety and the efficient functioning of the vehicle, this manual should be read thoroughly. It is especially important that the PRECAUTIONS in the GI section be completely understood before starting any repair task.

All information in this manual is based on the latest product information at the time of publication. The right is reserved to make changes in specifications and methods at any time without notice.

# IMPORTANT SAFETY NOTICE

The proper performance of service is essential for both the safety of the technician and the efficient functioning of the vehicle.

The service methods in this Service Manual are described in such a manner that the service may be performed safely and accurately. Service varies with the procedures used, the skills of the technician and the tools and parts available. Accordingly, anyone using service procedures, tools or parts which are not specifically recommended by NISSAN must first be completely satisfied that neither personal safety nor the vehicle's safety will be jeopardized by the service method selected.





#### PLEASE HELP MAKE THIS SERVICE MANUAL BETTER!

Your comments are important to NISSAN and will help us to improve our Service Manuals. Use this form to report any issues or comments you may have regarding our Service Manuals. Please print this form and type or write your comments below. Mail or fax to:

Nissan North America, Inc. Technical Service Information 39001 Sunrise Drive, P.O. Box 9200 Farmington Hills, MI USA 48331 FAX: (248) 488-3880

SERVICE MANUAL: Model: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Year: \_\_\_\_\_ PUBLICATION NO. (Refer to Quick Reference Index): \_\_\_\_\_ Please describe any Service Manual issues or problems in detail: Page number(s) \_\_\_\_\_\_ Note: Please include a copy of each page, marked with your comments. Are the trouble diagnosis procedures logical and easy to use? (circle your answer) NO If no, what page number(s)?\_\_\_\_\_Note: Please include a copy of each page, marked with your comments. Please describe the issue or problem in detail: Is the organization of the manual clear and easy to follow? (circle your answer) YES NO Please comment: What information should be included in NISSAN Service Manuals to better support you in servicing or repairing customer vehicles? DATE: \_\_\_\_\_ YOUR NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ POSITION: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ STATE/PROV./COUNTRY: \_\_\_\_\_ ZIP/POSTAL CODE: \_\_\_\_

DEALER: \_\_\_\_\_ DEALER NO.: \_\_\_\_ ADDRESS: \_\_\_

# QUICK REFERENCE CHART: ARMADA

# Engine Tune-up Data

#### INFOID:0000000010176952

# **GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Cylinder arrangement			V	<b>'-8</b>
Displacement cm <sup>3</sup> (in <sup>3</sup> )			5,552 (	338.80)
Bore and stroke mm (in)			98 x 92 (3	.86 x 3.62)
Valve arrangement			DC	HC
Firing order			1-8-7-3	-6-5-4-2
Number of piston rings	Compression			2
rumber of pistorrings	Oil			1
Number of main bearings				5
Compression ratio			9.	8:1
0	Standard		1,520 (15.	5, 220)/200
Compression pressure kPa (kg/cm², psi)/rpm	Minimum		1,324 (13.	5, 192)/200
Ki a (Ng/Siii , psi//ipiii	Differential limit betw	veen cylinders	98 (1.0,	14)/200
		Front	SEM957C	
Valve timing		POTATION OF THE CHON OF THE PRESSION OF THE PR	STANS STANS	
		E	BDC PBIC0187E	Unit: degr
a b	С	d	е	f

#### **DRIVE BELTS**

244°

232°

-8°

60°

10°

54°

Unit: mm (in)

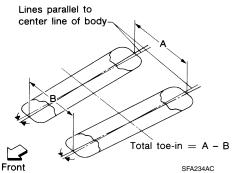
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Make	NGK	
Model	Standard model	FFV model
Standard type*	DILFR5A-11	DILFR5A-11D
Gap (Nominal)	1.1 (0.043)	1.1 (0.043)

<sup>\*:</sup> Always check with the Parts Department for the latest parts information.

# Front Wheel Alignment (Unladen\*1)

INFOID:0000000010176942

Drive type		2WD		4WD	
Suspension		Standard	With air leveling	Standard	With air leveling
	Minimum	-0° 51′ (-0.85°)		-0° 33′ (-0.55°)	
Camber	Nominal	-0° 6′	(-0.10°)	0° 12′ (0.20°)	
Degree minute (decimal degree)	Maximum	0° 39′ (0.65°)		0° 57′ (0.95°)	
	Cross camber	0° 45′ (0.75°) or less		0° 45′ (0.75°) or less	
Caster Degree minute (decimal degree)	Minimum	2° 39′ (2.65°)	3° 15′ (3.25°)	2° 15′ (2.25°)	2°45′ (2.75°)
	Nominal	3° 24′ (3.40°)	4° 0′ (4.00°)	3° 0′ (3.00°)	3° 30′ (3.50°)
	Maximum	4° 09′ (4.15°)	4° 45′ (4.75°)	3° 45′ (3.75°)	4° 15′ (4.25°)
	Cross caster	0° 45′ (0.75°) or less		0° 45′ (0.75°) or less	
Kingpin inclination Degree minute (decimal degree)		13° 32′ (13.53°)		13°13′	(13.22°)



		Minimum	In 0.5 mm	(In 0.02 in)	
Total toe-in Distance (A – B)	Nominal	In 2.5 mm (In 0.10 in)			
Tooin	Biotanoo (71 B)	Maximum	In 4.5 mm (In 0.17 in)		
roe-m	Toe-in  Total toe-in  Angle  Degree minute (decimal degree)	Minimum	In 0° 0′ 36″ (In 0.01°)		
		Nominal	In 0° 10′ 12″ (In 0.17°)		
		Maximum	In 0° 19′ 48″ (In 0.33°)		
Wheel turning	angle		34° 31′ – 38° 31′ *2 (34.52° – 38.52°)	34° 44′ – 38° 44′ *4 (34.73° – 38.73°)	
(full turn)			30° 59′ – 34° 59′ *3 (30.98° – 34.98°)	30° 29′ – 34° 29′ *5 (30.48° – 34.48°)	

<sup>\*1:</sup> Fuel, radiator coolant and engine oil full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats in designated positions.

<sup>\*2:</sup> Target value 37° 31′ (37.52°)

<sup>\*3:</sup> Target value 33° 59′ (33.98°)

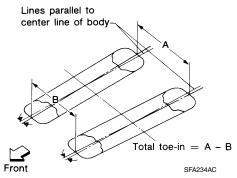
<sup>\*4:</sup> Target value 37° 44′ (37.73°)

<sup>\*5:</sup> Target value 33° 29′ (33.48°)

# Rear Wheel Alignment (Unladen\*1)

INFOID:0000000010176941

Suspension		Standard	With air leveling
Camber Degree minute (decimal degree)	Minimum	- 0° 25′ (- 0.4°)	- 1° 0′ (- 1°)
	Nominal	0° 5′ (0.1°)	- 0° 30′ (- 0.5°)
	Maximum	0° 35′ (0.6°)	0° 0′ (0°)
	Cross camber	0° 45' (0.75°) or less	



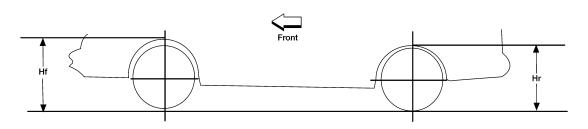
	Total toe-in Distance (A-B)	Minimum	Out 2.4 mm (Out 0.094 in)	0 mm (0 in)
		Nominal	In 0.9 mm (In 0.035 in)	In 3.3 mm (In 0.130 in)
		Maximum	In 4.2 mm (In 0.165 in)	In 6.6 mm (In 0.260 in)
Toe-in		Cross toe	2 mm (0.07	9 in) or less
106-111	Total toe-in Angle Degree minute (Decimal degree)	Minimum	Out 0° 8' 24" (Out 0.14°)	In 0° 1' 12" (In 0.02°)
		Nominal	In 0° 3' 36" (In 0.06°)	In 0° 13' 12" (In 0.22°)
		Maximum	In 0° 15' 36" (In 0.26°)	In 0° 25' 12" (In 0.42°)
	(Decimal degree)	Cross toe	0° 8' (0.1	4°) or less

<sup>\*1:</sup> Fuel tank, engine coolant and engine oil full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats in designated positions.

# Wheelarch Height (Unladen\*1)

INFOID:0000000010176940

Unit: mm (in)



LEIA0085E

Suspension type	With air leveling* <sup>2</sup>				Without a	air leveling		
Applied model	2\	VD	4\	ND	2\	ND	4\	WD
Tire size	P265/	P275/	P265/	P275/	P265/	P275/	P265/	P275/
	70R18	60R20	70R18	60R20	70R18	60R20	70R18	60R20
Front wheelarch height (Hf)	914	920	931	937	914	920	931	937
	(35.98)	(36.22)	(36.65)	(36.89)	(35.98)	(36.22)	(36.65)	(36.89)
Rear wheelarch height (Hr)	911	917	931	937	931	937	951	957
	(35.87)	(36.10)	(36.65)	(36.89)	(36.65)	(36.89)	(37.44)	(37.68)

<sup>\*1:</sup> Fuel, radiator coolant and engine oil full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats in designated positions.

\*2: Verify the vehicle height. If vehicle height is not within  $\pm$  10 mm (0.39 in) of the specification, perform the control unit initialization procedure. Refer to XX-XX, "\*\*\*\*\*".

# **Brake Specification**

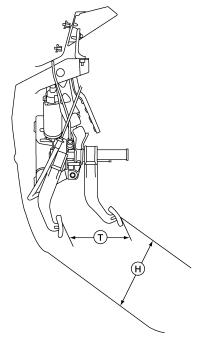
INFOID:0000000010176936

Unit: mm (in)

Front brake	Rotor outer diameter × thickness	350 x 30 (13.78 x 1.18)
	Pad Length × width × thickness	152 x 56.5 x 12.0 (5.98 x 2.22 x 0.47)
	Cylinder bore diameter	2 X 50.8 (2.00)
Rear brake	Rotor outer diameter × thickness	320 x 14 (12.60 x 0.55)
	Pad Length × width × thickness	114 x 36.5 x 12.0 (4.49 x 1.44 x 0.47)
	Cylinder bore diameter	48 (1.89)
Control valve	Valve model	Electric brake force distribution
Brake booster	Booster model	9/10 inch active booster

Brake Pedal

Unit: mm (in)



ALFIA0149ZZ

Pedal free height (H) with pedal in forward most position	182.3 +10.0/-0 (7.18 +0.39/-0)
Pedal travel (T)	153.3 (6.04)
Stop lamp switch and ASCD cancel switch threaded end to brake pedal bracket gap	0.74 - 1.96 (0.03 - 0.08)

#### **CAUTION:**

When equipped with adjustable pedal, the pedal must be in the forward most position (closest to the floor) for pedal height adjustment.

Front Disc Brake

Unit: mm (in)

Brake pad	Standard thickness (new)	12.0 (0.47)	
	Minimum thickness	1.0 (0.04)	

Disc rotor	Standard thickness (new)	30 (1.18)
	Minimum thickness	28.5 (1.12)
	Maximum uneven wear (measured at 8 positions)	0.015 (0.001)
	Runout limit (with it attached to the vehicle)	0.03 (0.001)

Rear Disc Brake

Unit: mm (in)

Brake pad	Standard thickness (new)	12.0 (0.47)
	Minimum thickness	1.0 (0.04)
Disc rotor	Standard thickness (new)	14.0 (0.55)
	Minimum thickness	12.0 (0.47)
	Maximum uneven wear (measured at 8 positions)	0.015 (0.001)
	Runout limit (with it attached to the vehicle)	0.05 (0.002)

# FOR USA AND CANADA: Fluids and Lubricants

INFOID:0000000010176937

Description -		Capacity (Approximate)			
		Metric	US measure	Imp measure	
Fuel		105.8 ℓ	28 gal	23-1/4 gal	
Engine oil	With oil filter change	6.5 ℓ	6-7/8 qt	5-3/4 qt	
Drain and refill	Without oil filter change	6.2 ℓ	6-1/2 qt	5-1/2 qt	
Dry engine (engine ove	erhaul)	7.6 ℓ	8 qt	6-3/4 qt	
Cooling system With reservoir at MAX level		14.4 ℓ	15-1/4 qt	12-5/8 qt	
Automatic transmission	n fluid (ATF)	10.6 ℓ	11-1/4 qt	9-3/8 qt	
Rear differential gear of	il	1.75 ℓ	3-3/4 pt	3-1/8 pt	
Transfer fluid		3.0 ℓ	3-1/8 qt	2-5/8 qt	
Front differential gear oil		1.6 ℓ	3-3/8 pt	2-7/8 pt	
Power steering fluid (P	SF)	1.0 ℓ	1-1/8 qt	7/8 qt	
Brake fluid		_	_	_	
Multi-purpose grease		_	_	_	
Windshield washer fluid		4.5 ℓ	4-3/4 qt	4 qt	
Air conditioning system refrigerant		1.08 ± 0.05 kg	2.38 ± 0.11 lb	2.38 ± 0.11 lb	
Air conditioning system oil		290 m ℓ	9.8 fl oz	10.2 fl oz	

# FOR MEXICO: Fluids and Lubricants

INFOID:0000000010176920

Description		Capacity (Approximate)		
		Metric	US measure	Imp measure
Fuel		105.8 ℓ	28 gal	23-1/4 gal
Engine oil	With oil filter change	6.5 ℓ	6-7/8 qt	5-3/4 qt
Drain and refill	Without oil filter change	6.2 ℓ	6-1/2 qt	5-1/2 qt

Description  Dry engine (engine overhaul)		Capacity (Approximate)				
		Metric	US measure	Imp measure		
		7.6 ℓ	8 qt	6-3/4 qt		
Cooling system	With reservoir at MAX level	14.4 ℓ	15-1/4 qt	12-5/8 qt		
Automatic transmission	n fluid (ATF)	10.6 ℓ	11-1/4 qt	9-3/8 qt		
Rear differential gear oil		1.75 ℓ	3-3/4 pt	3-1/8 pt		
Transfer fluid		3.0 ℓ	3-1/8 qt	2-5/8 qt		
Front differential gear oil		1.6 ℓ	3-3/8 pt	2-7/8 pt		
Power steering fluid (PSF)		1.0 ℓ	1-1/8 qt	7/8 qt		
Brake fluid		_	_	_		
Multi-purpose grease		_	_	_		
Windshield washer fluid		4.5 ℓ	4-3/4 qt	4 qt		
Air conditioning system refrigerant		1.08 ± 0.05 kg	$2.38 \pm 0.11 \; lb$	2.38 ± 0.11 lb		
Air conditioning system oil		290 m ℓ	9.8 fl oz	10.2 fl oz		

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#### **HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL**

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

# HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

### HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

Description INFOID:0000000009825516

This volume explains "Removal, Disassembly, Installation, Inspection and Adjustment" and "Trouble Diagnoses".

Terms INFOID:0000000009825517

 The captions WARNING and CAUTION warn you of steps that must be followed to prevent personal injury and/or damage to some part of the vehicle.

**WARNING** indicates the possibility of personal injury if instructions are not followed.

**CAUTION** indicates the possibility of component damage if instructions are not followed.

**BOLD TYPED STATEMENTS** except **WARNING** and **CAUTION** give you helpful information.

Standard value: Tolerance at inspection and adjustment.

Limit value: The maximum or minimum limit value that should not be exceeded at inspection and adjustment.

Units INFOID:0000000009825518

• The UNITS given in this manual are primarily expressed as the SI UNIT (International System of Unit), and alternatively expressed in the metric system and in the yard/pound system.

Also with regard to tightening torque of bolts and nuts, there are descriptions both about range and about the standard tightening torque.

"Example"

Range

Outer Socket Lock Nut : 59 - 78 N·m (6.0 - 8.0 kg-m, 43 - 58 ft-lb)

Standard

Drive Shaft Installation Bolt : 44.3 N·m (4.5 kg-m, 33 ft-lb)

Contents INFOID:0000000009825519

• A QUICK REFERENCE INDEX, a black tab (e.g. Ex) ) is provided on the first page. You can quickly find the first page of each section by matching it to the section's black tab.

- THE CONTENTS are listed on the first page of each section.
- THE TITLE is indicated on the upper portion of each page and shows the part or system.
- THE PAGE NUMBER of each section consists of two or three letters which designate the particular section and a number (e.g. "BR-5").
- THE SMALL ILLUSTRATIONS show the important steps such as inspection, use of special tools, knacks of work and hidden or tricky steps which are not shown in the previous large illustrations. Assembly, inspection and adjustment procedures for the complicated units such as the automatic transaxle or transmission, etc. are presented in a step-by-step format where necessary.

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GI-3 Revision: August 2013 2014 Armada NAM GΙ

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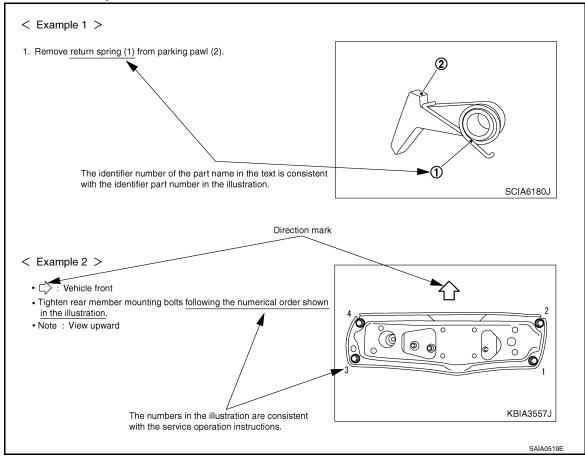
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# Relation between Illustrations and Descriptions

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The following sample explains the relationship between the part description in an illustration, the part name in the text and the service procedures.



Components

THE LARGE ILLUSTRATIONS are exploded views (see the following) and contain tightening torques, lubrication points, section number of the PARTS CATALOG (e.g. SEC. 440) and other information necessary to perform repairs.

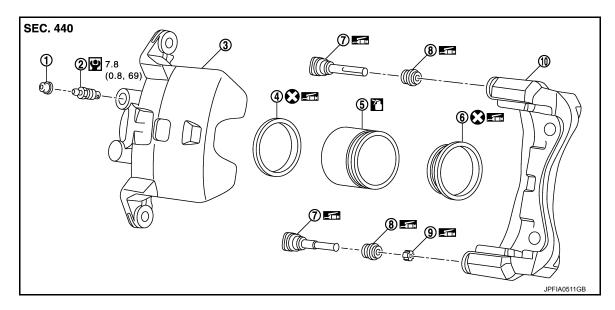
The illustrations should be used in reference to service matters only. When ordering parts, refer to the appropriate **PARTS CATALOG**.

Always check with the **PARTS DEPARTMENT** for the latest parts information.

Components shown in an illustration may be identified by a circled number. When this style of illustration is used, the text description of the components will follow the illustration.

# **HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL**

#### < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >



- 1. Cap
- 4. Piston seal
- 7. Sliding pin
- 10. Torque member
- : Apply rubber grease.
- : Apply brake fluid.
- : N·m (kg-m, in-lb)
- : Always replace after every disassembly

- 2. Bleeder valve
- 5. Piston
- 8. Sliding pin boot

- 3. Cylinder body
- 6. Piston boot
- 9. Bushing

#### **SYMBOLS**

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION		SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
<b>6</b>	Tightening torque The tightening torque specifications of bolts and nuts may be presented	: N•m (kg-m, ft-lb)	€	Always replace after every disassembly.
<b>9</b>	1 1	<b>♀</b> : N•m (kg-m, in-lb)	₽	Apply petroleum jelly.
4	Should be lubricated with grease. Unless otherwise indicated, use recommended multi-purpose grease.		<b>44</b> (M)	Apply molybdenum added petroleum jelly.
7	Should be lubricated with oil.		ATF	Apply ATF.
	Sealing point		*	Select with proper thickness.
	Sealing point with locking sealant.		☆	Adjustment is required.
<b></b>	Checking point			

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#### **HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES**

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

# HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

Description INFOID:000000009825522

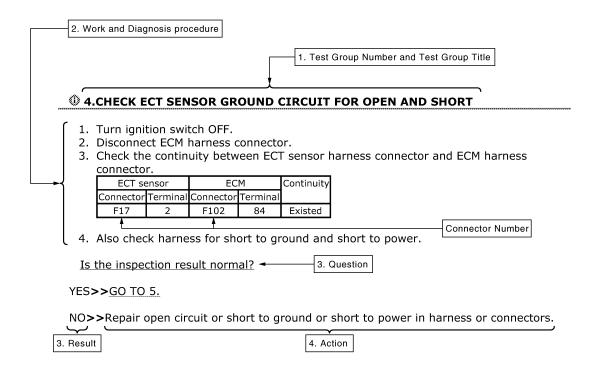
#### NOTICE:

Trouble diagnoses indicate work procedures required to diagnose problems effectively. Observe the following instructions before diagnosing.

- Before performing trouble diagnoses, read the "Work Flow" in each section.
- After repairs, re-check that the problem has been completely eliminated.
- Refer to Component Parts and Harness Connector Location for the Systems described in each section for identification/location of components and harness connectors.
- · When checking circuit continuity, ignition switch should be OFF.
- Refer to the Circuit Diagram for quick pinpoint check.
  - If you need to check circuit continuity between harness connectors in more detail, such as when a sub-harness is used, refer to Wiring Diagram in each individual section and Harness Layout in PG section for identification of harness connectors.
- Before checking voltage at connectors, check battery voltage.
- After accomplishing the Diagnosis Procedures and Electrical Components Inspection, make sure that all harness connectors are reconnected as they were.

# How to Follow Test Groups in Trouble Diagnosis

INFOID:0000000009825523



JPAIA0021GB

- 1. Test group number and test group title
  - Test group number and test group title are shown in the upper portion of each test group.
- 2. Work and diagnosis procedure
  - Start to diagnose a problem using procedures indicated in enclosed test groups.
- Questions and results
  - Questions and required results are indicated in test group.
- 4. Action
  - Next action for each test group is indicated based on result of each guestion.

# **HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES**

# < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
<b>€</b> ₽	Check after disconnecting the connector to be measured.	<b>(a)</b>	Procedure with Generic Scan Tool. (GST, OBD-II scan tool)
€	Check after connecting the connector to be measured.	(NO TOOLS)	Procedure without CONSULT or GST
	Insert key into ignition switch.	A/C OFF	A/C switch is "OFF".
	Remove key from ignition switch.	AC ON	A/C switch is "ON".
	Insert and remove key repeatedly.		REC switch is "ON".
	Turn ignition switch to "OFF" position.		REC switch is "OFF".
	Turn ignition switch to "ACC" position.		Fan switch is "ON". (At any position except for "OFF" position)
	Turn ignition switch to "ON" position.		Fan switch is "OFF".
	Turn ignition switch to "START" position.	FUSE	Apply fuse.
COFF ACC	Turn ignition switch from "OFF" to "ACC" position.	(FUSE)	
CO ON	Turn ignition switch from "ACC" to "ON" position.	BAT	Apply positive voltage from battery with fuse directly to components.
(ACC) OFF	Turn ignition switch from "ACC" to "OFF" position.	j.	

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# **HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES**

# < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
<b>OFF</b> ON	Turn ignition switch from "OFF" to "ON" position.	- 3	Drive vehicle.
CON OFF	Turn ignition switch from "ON" to "OFF" position.		Dive vende.
	Do not start engine, or check with engine stopped.	BAT	Disconnect battery negative cable.
	Start engine, or check with engine running.		Depress brake pedal.
	Apply parking brake.		Release brake pedal.
	Release parking brake.		Depress accelerator pedal.
с	Check after engine is warmed up sufficiently.		Release accelerator pedal.
<b>V</b> ⊕ ⊖	Voltage should be measured with a voltmeter.	HS.	Pin terminal check for SMJ type ECM or TCM connectors. For details regarding the terminal
Ω • • Ω ⊕ ⊖	Circuit resistance should be measured with an ohmmeter.	8	arrangement, refer to the "ELECTRICAL UNITS" electrical reference page at the end of the manual.
A ⊕ ⊖	Current should be measured with an ammeter.		
<b>→</b> ⊕ ⊖	Pulse signal should be checked with an oscilloscope.	높	
	Procedure with CONSULT		
	Procedure without CONSULT		
	Place selector lever in "P" position.		
	Place selector lever in "N" position.		
F	Jack up front portion.		
	Jack up rear portion.		
	Inspect under engine room.		
	Inspect under floor.		
€ T	Inspect rear under floor.		

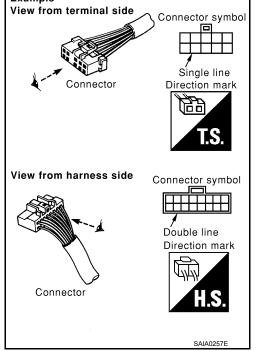
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# Connector symbols

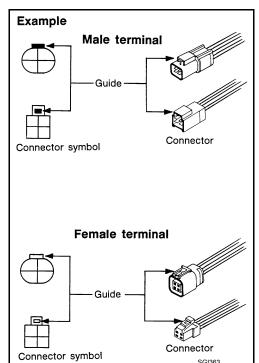
Most of connector symbols in wiring diagrams are shown from the terminal side.

- Connector symbols shown from the terminal side are enclosed by a single line and followed by the direction mark.

  Example
  View from
- Connector symbols shown from the harness side are enclosed by a double line and followed by the direction mark.
- Certain systems and components, especially those related to OBD, may use a new style slide-locking type harness connector.
   For description and how to disconnect, refer to PG section, "Description", "HARNESS CONNECTOR".



Male and female terminals
 Connector guides for male terminals are shown in black and female terminals in white in wiring diagrams.



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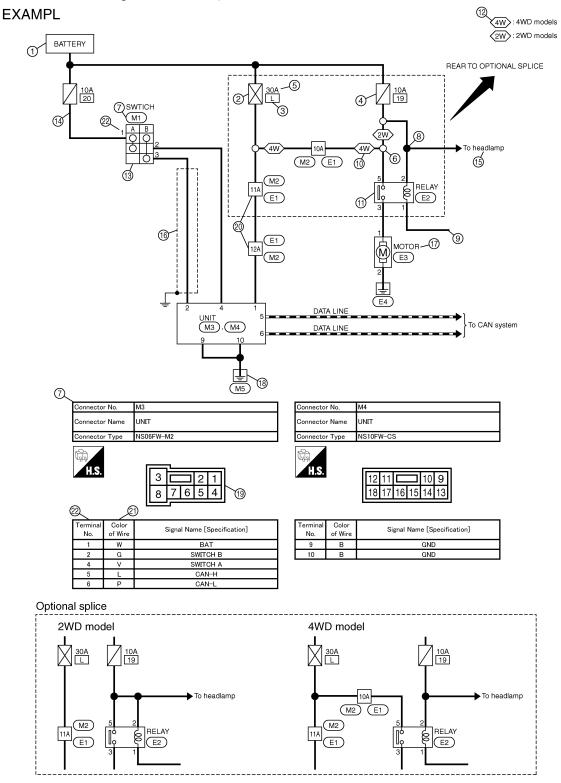
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#### < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

# Sample/wiring diagram -example-

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• For detail, refer to following GI-11, "Description".



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# < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

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Number	Item	Description		
1	Power supply	This means the power supply of fusible link or fuse.		
2	Fusible link	"X" means the fusible link.		
3	Number of fusible link/ fuse	This means the number of fusible link or fuse location.		
4	Fuse	"/" means the fuse.		
5	Current rating of fus- ible link/fuse	This means the current rating of the fusible link or fuse.		
6	Optional splice	The open circle shows that the splice is optional depending on vehicle application.		
7	Connector number	<ul> <li>The letter shows which harness the connector is located in.</li> <li>Example "M": main harness. For detail and to locate the connector, refer to <u>PG-65</u>. "<u>Electrical Units Location</u>", <u>PG-43</u>. "<u>Harness Layout</u>".</li> </ul>		
8	Splice	The shaded circle "     means the splice.		
9	Page crossing	This circuit continues to an adjacent page.		
10	Option abbreviation	This means the vehicle specifications which layouts the circuit between "O".		
11	Relay	This shows an internal representation of the relay.		
12	Option description	This shows a description of the option abbreviation used on the page.		
13	Switch	<ul> <li>This shows that continuity exists between terminals 1 and 2 when the switch is in the A position. Continuity exists between terminals 1 and 3 when the switch is in the B position.</li> </ul>		
14	Circuit (Wiring)	This means the wiring.		
15	System branch	This shows that the circuit is branched to other systems.		
16	Shielded line	The line enclosed by broken line circle shows shield wire.		
17	Component name	This shows the name of a component.		
18	Ground (GND)	This shows the ground connection.		
19	Connector	<ul><li>This means the connector information.</li><li>This unit-side is described by the connector symbols.</li></ul>		
20	Connectors	This means that a transmission line bypasses two connectors or more.		
		This shows a code for the color of the wire.		
21	Wire color	B = Black W = White OR or O = Orange R = Red P = Pink G = Green PU or V (Violet) = Purple L = Blue GY or GR = Gray Y = Yellow SB = Sky Blue LG = Light Green BG = Beige OG = Dark Green  • When the wire color is striped, the base color is given first, followed by the stripe color as shown below: Example: L/W = Blue with White Stripe		
22	Terminal number	This means the terminal number of a connector.		

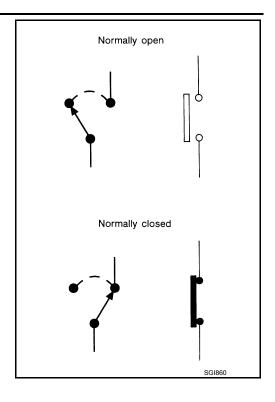
#### **SWITCH POSITIONS**

Switches are shown in wiring diagrams as if the vehicle is in the "normal" condition. A vehicle is in the "normal" condition when:

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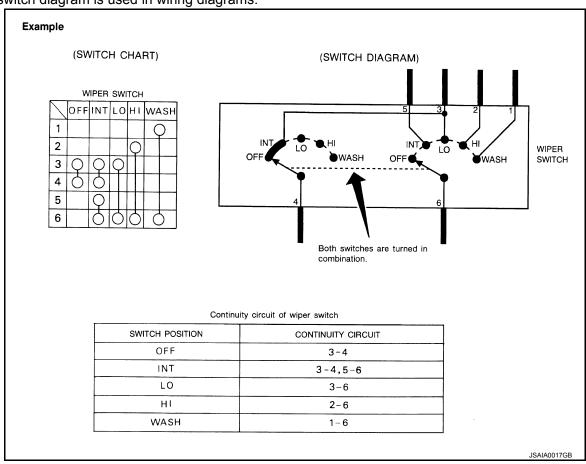
- · ignition switch is "OFF",
- · doors, hood and trunk lid/back door are closed,
- · pedals are not depressed, and
- · parking brake is released.



#### **MULTIPLE SWITCH**

The continuity of multiple switch is described in two ways as shown below.

- The switch chart is used in schematic diagrams.
- The switch diagram is used in wiring diagrams.



# **ABBREVIATIONS**

**Abbreviation List** INFOID:0000000009825528

The following **ABBREVIATIONS** are used:

<u>Α</u> ΔΕ	BBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
AL	A/C	Air conditioner
	A/C	Air conditioning
	A/F sensor	Air fuel ratio sensor
	A/T	Automatic transaxle/transmission
	ABS	Anti-lock braking system
	ACCS	Advance climate control system
	ACL	Air cleaner
	AP	Accelerator pedal
	APP	Accelerator pedal position
	AV	Audio visual
	AVM	Around view monitor
	AWD	All wheel drive
В		
AE	BBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
	BARO	Barometric pressure
	BCI	Backup collision intervention
	BCM	Body control module
	BLSD	Brake limited slip differential
	BPP	Brake pedal position
	BSI	Blind spot intervention
	BSW	Blind spot warning
С		
AE	BBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
	CKP	Crankshaft position
	CL	Closed loop
	CMP	Camshaft position
	CPP	Clutch pedal position
	CTP	Closed throttle position
	CVT	Continuously variable transaxle/transmission
D		
AE	BBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
	D1	Drive range first gear
	D2	Drive range second gear
	D3	Drive range third gear
	D4	Drive range fourth gear
	DCA	Distance control assist
	DDS	Downhill drive support
	DFI	Direct fuel injection system
	DLC	Data link connector
	DTC	Diagnostic trouble code

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# < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

<u> </u>	HOW TO USE TH	IIO WANDAL >
<u>-</u>	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
	E/T	Exhaust temperature
	EBD	Electric brake force distribution
	EC	Engine control
	ECL	Engine coolant level
	ECM	Engine control module
	ECT	Engine coolant temperature
	ECV	Electrical control valve
-	EEPROM	Electrically erasable programmable read only memory
	EFT	Engine fuel temperature
	EGR	Exhaust gas recirculation
-	EGRT	Exhaust gas recirculation temperature
	EGT	Exhaust gas temperature
-	EOP	Engine oil pressure
-	EP	Exhaust pressure
-	EPR	Exhaust pressure regulator
	EPS	Electronically controlled power steering
	ESP	Electronic stability program system
	EVAP canister	Evaporative emission canister
	EVSE	Electric vehicle supply equipment
	EXC	Exhaust control
F		
_	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
	FC	Fan control
	FCW	Forward collision warning
	FIC	Fuel injector control
	FP	Fuel pump
	FR	Front
	FRP	Fuel rail pressure
	FRT	Fuel rail temperature
	FTP	Fuel tank pressure
	FTT	Fuel tank temperature
G		
	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
	GND	Ground
	GPS	Global positioning system
	GST	Generic scan tool
Н		
	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
	HBMC	Hydraulic body-motion control system
	HDD	Hard disk drive
	HO2S	Heated oxygen sensor
	HOC	Heated oxidation catalyst
	HPCM	Hybrid power train control module

# < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	GI
I/M	Inspection and maintenance	
IA	Intake air	
IAC	Idle air control	В
IAT	Intake air temperature	
IBA	Intelligent brake assist	
IC	Ignition control	
ICC	Intelligent cruise control	
ICM	Ignition control module	D
IPDM E/R	Intelligent power distribution module engine room	
ISC	Idle speed control	
ISS	Input shaft speed	
ITS	Information technology suite	
		F
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	
KS	Knock sensor	
		G
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	
LBC	Li-ion battery controller	
LCD	Liquid crystal display	
LCU	Local control unit	
LDP	Lane departure prevention	
LDW	Lane departure warning	
LED	Light emitting diode	
LH	Left-hand	
LIN	Local interconnect network	
		K
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	
M/T	Manual transaxle/transmission	
MAF	Mass airflow	
MAP	Manifold absolute pressure	
MDU	Multi display unit	N
MI	Malfunction indicator	
MIL	Malfunction indicator lamp	
MOD	Moving object detection	
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	
NOX	Nitrogen oxides	
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	P
O2	Oxygen	
O2S	Oxygen sensor	
OBD	On board diagnostic	
OC	Oxidation catalytic converter	
OD	Overdrive	_

# < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

=	ABBREVIATION	DESCR	RIPTION
	OL	Open loop	
	OSS	Output shaft speed	
P			
-	ABBREVIATION	DESCR	RIPTION
	P/S	Power steering	
	PBR	Potentio balance resistor	
	PCV	Positive crankcase ventilation	
	PNP	Park/Neutral position	
	PSP	Power steering pressure	
	PTC	Positive temperature coefficient	
	PTO	Power takeoff	
	PWM	Pulse width modulation	
R			
	ABBREVIATION	DESCR	RIPTION
	RAM	Random access memory	
	RAS	Rear active steer	
	RH	Right-hand	
	ROM	Read only memory	
	RPM	Engine speed	
_	RR	Rear	
S			
	ABBREVIATION		RIPTION
	SAE	Society of Automotive Engineers, Inc.	
	SCK	Serial clock	
	SDS	Service Data and Specifications	
	SRT	System readiness test	
	SST	Special Service Tools	
T		7700	
	ABBREVIATION		RIPTION
	TC	Turbocharger	
	TCM	Transmission control module	
	TCS	Traction control system	
	TCU	Telematics communication unit	
	TP TPMS	Throttle position	
		Tire pressure monitoring system	
	TSS	Turbine shaft speed	
_	TWC	Three way catalytic converter	
U	ABBREVIATION	DESCE	RIPTION
	USS	Uphill start support	
V		Sp.iiii start support	
V	ABBREVIATION	DESCF	RIPTION
	VCM	Vehicle control module	
	VDC	Vehicle dynamics control system	
	VDC	Vehicle dynamics control system	

# < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

	ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
	VIN	Vehicle identification number		GI
	VSS	Vehicle speed sensor		
W				В
	ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
	WOT	Wide open throttle		
1				C
	ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
	11	1st range first gear		
	12	1st range second gear		D
	1GR	First gear		
2				Е
	ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
	21	2nd range first gear		
	22	2nd range second gear		
	2GR	Second gear		
	2WD	2-wheel drive		G
3				
	ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
	3GR	Third gear		Н
4				
	ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
	4GR	Fourth gear		
	4WAS	Four wheel active steer		
	4WD	Four wheel drive		J
5				
	ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
	5GR	Fifth gear		K
6				
	ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
	6GR	Sixth gear		
7				
	ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	N
	7GR	Seventh gear		<del></del>

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#### TIGHTENING TORQUE OF STANDARD BOLTS

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

# TIGHTENING TORQUE OF STANDARD BOLTS

Description INFOID:000000009825525

This vehicle has both new standard based on ISO\* and previous standard bolts/nuts. There are some differences between these two types of bolts/ nuts; shape of the head, grade of strength, hexagonal width across flats and the standard tightening torque.

- For guidance in discriminating, refer to GI-18, "Tightening Torque Table (New Standard Included)".
- If the tightening torque is not described in the description or figure, refer to <u>GI-18</u>, "<u>Tightening Torque Table</u> (New Standard Included)".
- \*ISO: International Organization for Standardization

# Tightening Torque Table (New Standard Included)

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#### **CAUTION:**

- The special parts are excluded.
- The bolts/nuts in these tables have a strength (discrimination) number/symbol assigned to the head or the like. As to the relation between the strength grade in these tables and the strength (discrimination) number/symbol, refer to "DISCRIMINATION OF BOLTS AND NUTS".

#### PREVIOUS STANDARD

Grade		Bolt di-	Hexagonal				Tighteni	ing torque	(Without	ubricant)		
(Strength	Bolt size	ameter	width across flats	Pitch mm		Hexagon	head bolt			Hexagon	flange bol	t
grade)	0.20	mm	mm		N·m	kg-m	ft-lb	in-lb	N·m	kg-m	ft-lb	in-lb
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	5.5	0.56	4	49	7	0.71	5	62
	M8	8.0	12	1.25	13.5	1.4	10	_	17	1.7	13	_
	IVIO	0.0	12	1.0	13.5	1.4	10	_	17	1.7	13	_
4T	T M10	10.0	14	1.5	28	2.9	21	_	35	3.6	26	_
41	IVITO	10.0	14	1.25	28	2.9	21		35	3.6	26	_
	M12	12.0	17	1.75	45	4.6	33		55	5.6	41	_
	IVIIZ	12.0	17	1.25	45	4.6	33		65	6.6	48	_
	M14	14.0	19	1.5	80	8.2	59	_	100	10	74	_
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	9	0.92	7	80	11	1.1	8	97
	M8	8.0	12	1.25	22	2.2	16	_	28	2.9	21	_
	IVIO		12	1.0	22	2.2	16	_	28	2.9	21	_
7T	M10	M10 10.0	14	1.5	45	4.6	33		55	5.6	41	_
7 1	IVITO	10.0	14	1.25	45	4.6	33		55	5.6	41	_
	M12	M12 12.0	17	1.75	80	8.2	59	_	100	10	74	_
	IVIIZ	12.0	17	1.25	80	8.2	59	_	100	10	74	_
	M14	14.0	19	1.5	130	13	96	_	170	17	125	_
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	11	1.1	8	_	13.5	1.4	10	_
	M8	8.0	12	1.25	28	2.9	21	_	35	3.6	26	_
	IVIO	0.0	12	1.0	28	2.9	21	_	35	3.6	26	_
9T	M10	10.0	14	1.5	55	5.6	41		80	8.2	59	
91	IVITO	10.0	14	1.25	55	5.6	41	_	80	8.2	59	_
	M12	12.0	17	1.75	100	10	74	_	130	13	96	_
	IVI I Z	12.0	17	1.25	100	10	74	_	130	13	96	_
	M14	14.0	19	1.5	170	17	125	_	210	21	155	_

#### **CAUTION:**

The parts with aluminum or the cast iron washer surface/thread surface are excluded.

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#### TIGHTENING TORQUE OF STANDARD BOLTS

# < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

#### NEW STANDARD BASED ON ISO

Grade		Bolt di-	Hexagonal	Pitch				Tighteni	ng torque				
(Strength	Bolt size	ameter	meter width			Hexagon	head bol	t		Hexagon	flange bo	lt	
grade)	0.20	mm	mm	mm	N·m	kg-m	ft-lb	in-lb	N·m	kg-m	ft-lb	in-lb	
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	5.5	0.56	4	49	7	0.71	5	62	
1	MO	8.0	13	1.25	13.5	1.4	10	_	17	1.7	13	_	
	M8	0.0	13	1.0	13.5	1.4	10	_	17	1.7	13	_	
4.8 (Without	M10	10.0	16	1.5	28	2.9	21		35	3.6	26	_	
lubricant)	IVI I O	10.0	10	1.25	28	2.9	21	_	35	3.6	26	_	
	M12 12.0	12.0	18	1.75	45	4.6	33	_	55	5.6	41	_	
	IVIIZ	12.0	10	1.25	45	4.6	33	_	65	6.6	48	_	
	M14	14.0	21	1.5	80	8.2	59	_	100	10	74	_	
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	4	0.41	3	35	5.5	0.56	4	49	
	M8	M8 8.0	13	1.25	11	1.1	8	_	13.5	1.4	10	_	
	IVIO	0.0	13	1.0	11	1.1	8	_	13.5	1.4	10	_	
4.8 (With lu-	M10	10.0	16	1.5	22	2.2	16	_	28	2.9	21	_	
bricant)				1.25	22	2.2	16	_	28	2.9	21	_	
	M12	12.0	18	1.75	35	3.6	26	_	45	4.6	33	_	
				1.25	35	3.6	26	_	45	4.6	33	_	
	M14	14.0	21	1.5	65	6.6	48	_	80	8.2	59	_	
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	8	0.82	6	71	10	1.0	7	89	
	M8 8.0	8.0	13	1.25	21	2.1	15	_	25	2.6	18	_	
	IVIO	0.0	13	1.0	21	2.1	15	_	25	2.6	18	_	
8.8 (With lu-	M10 10.0	n lu- M10 10.	10.0	16	1.5	40	4.1	30	_	50	5.1	37	_
bricant)	IVI I U	10.0	10	1.25	40	4.1	30		50	5.1	37	_	
	M12 12		12 12.0	18	1.75	70	7.1	52		85	8.7	63	_
	IVITZ	12.0	10	1.25	70	7.1	52	_	85	8.7	63	_	
	M14	14.0	21	1.5	120	12	89	_	140	14	103	_	
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	10	1.0	7	89	12	1.2	9	106	
	M8	8.0	13	1.25	27	2.8	20	_	32	3.3	24	_	
	IVIO	0.0	10	1.0	27	2.8	20		32	3.3	24		
10.9 (With lu-	M10	10.0	16	1.5	55	5.6	41	_	65	6.6	48		
bricant)	IVIIO	10.0	16	1.25	55	5.6	41	_	65	6.6	48	_	
	M12	12.0	18	1.75	95	9.7	70	_	110	11	81		
	IVI 1 Z	2 12.0	18	1.25	95	9.7	70	_	110	11	81		
Ī	M14	14.0	21	1.5	160	16	118	_	180	18	133	_	

#### **CAUTION:**

- 1. Use tightening torque with lubricant for the new standard bolts/nuts in principle. Friction coefficient stabilizer is applied to the new standard bolts/nuts.
- 2. However, use tightening torque without lubricant for the following cases. Friction coefficient stabilizer is not applied to the following bolts/nuts.
- Grade 4.8, M6 size bolt, Conical spring washer installed
- Paint removing nut (Size M6 and M8) for fixing with weld bolt

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# **TIGHTENING TORQUE OF STANDARD BOLTS**

#### < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

#### DISCRIMINATION OF BOLTS AND NUTS

#### **BOLTS**

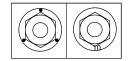
	Grade (Strength)	Discrim	nination
	4T (392N/mm²)	4	(No number/ symbol)
Previous standard	7T (686N/mm²)	7	
	9T (883N/mm²)	9	
	4.8 (420N/mm²)	4.8	(No number/symbol)
New Standard	8.8 (800N/mm²)	8.8	
	10.9 (1040N/mm²)	10.9	

#### **NUTS**

	Grade (Proof load stress)	С	Discriminatio	on
Previous	7N (686N/mm²)	(No number/ symbol)		
standard	9N (883N/mm²)			
New	8 (800N/mm²)			(No number/symbol)
Standard	10 (1040N/mm²)	(TO)		

#### NOTICE:

- A number is assigned on the side of the nuts in some cases.
- A number or symbol is assigned on the upper surface of the flange for the nut with flange.



#### **MACHINE SCREWS AND TAPPING SCREWS**

Shape of the head :

Cross recess for the previous standard Torx recess for the new standard

Screw size	Screw diameter	Torx size
M4	4.0	T20
M5	5.0	T20
M6	6.0	T30

#### NOTICE:

Use torx size T20 (united with M4 screw) for M5 screw although ISO standard specifies T25.

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# RECOMMENDED CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND SEALANTS

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# RECOMMENDED CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND SEALANTS

# **Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants**

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Refer to the following chart for help in selecting the appropriate chemical product or sealant.

	Product Description	Purpose	Nissan North America Part No. (USA)	Nissan Canada Part No. (Canada)	Aftermarket Cross- reference Part Nos.
1	Rear View Mirror Adhesive	Used to permanently remount rear view mirrors to windows.	999MP-AM000P	99998-50505	Permatex 81844
2	Anaerobic Liquid Gas- ket	For metal-to-metal flange sealing. Can fill a 0.38 mm (0.015 inch) gap and provide instant sealing for most powertrain applications.	999MP-AM001P	99998-50503	Permatex 51813 and 51817
3	High Performance Thread Sealant	Provides instant sealing on any threaded straight or parallel threaded fitting. (Thread sealant only, no locking ability.)  • Do not use on plastic.	999MP-AM002P	999MP-AM002P	Permatex 56521
4	Silicone RTV	Gasket Maker	999MP-AM003P (Ultra Grey)	99998-50506 (Ultra Grey)	Permatex Ultra Grey 82194; Three Bond 1207,1215, 1216, 1217F, 1217G and 1217H Nissan RTV Part No. 999MP-A7007
5	High Temperature, High Strength Thread Locking Sealant (Red)		999MP-AM004P	999MP-AM004P	Permatex 27200; Three Bond 1360, 1360N, 1305 N&P, 1307N, 1335, 1335B, 1363B, 1377C, 1386B, D&E and 1388 Loctite 648
6	Medium Strength Thread Locking Seal- ant (Blue)	Threadlocker (service tool removable)	999MP-AM005P	999MP-AM005P	Permatex 24200, 24206, 24240, 24283 and 09178; Three Bond 1322, 1322N, 1324 D&N, 1333D, 1361C, 1364D, 1370C and 1374

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< VEHICLE INFORMATION >

# VEHICLE INFORMATION

# **IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION**

Model Variation

2WD Model

Body	Engine	Transmission	Destination	Grade	Model
				SV	TPKALTN-EUA
				SV	TPKALTN-MUA*
			11.0 A	SL	TPKALVN-EUA
Wagon	VK56DE	RE5R05A (5A/T)	U.S.A.	SL	TPKALVN-MUA*
				Platinum	TPKALWN-EUA
				Platifium	TPKALWN-MUA*
			Mexico	SV	TPKALTN-EJA
VD Model					
Body	Engine	Transmission	Destination	Grade	Model
			U.S.A.	SV	TPKWLTN-EUA
				SV	TPKWLTN-MUA*
				SL	TPKWLVN-EUA
	= - = =				
Magan	VIVEGDE	DEEDOEA (EA/T)	0.5.A.	JL	TPKWLVN-MUA*
Wagon	VK56DE	RE5R05A (5A/T)	0.0.7.		TPKWLVN-MUA* TPKWLWN-EUA
Wagon	VK56DE	RE5R05A (5A/T)	0.0.A.	Platinum –	
Wagon	VK56DE	RE5R05A (5A/T)	Canada		TPKWLWN-EUA

<sup>\*:</sup> FFV models

Prefix and suffix designations

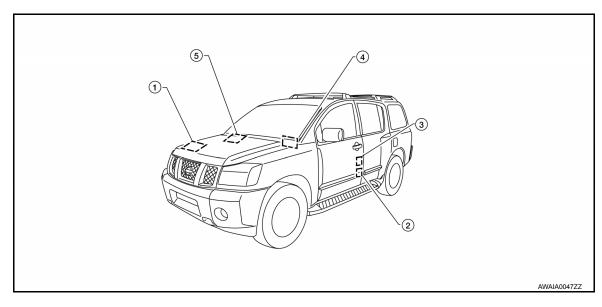
Position	Character	Qualifier	Definition		
1	Т	Body type	T: Wagon		
2	PK	Engine	DIX. VIVEGDE		
3	PN	Engine	PK: VK56DE		
4	А	Axle	A: 2WD		
4			W: 4WD		
5	L	Drive	L: LH		
	Т	Grade	T: SV		
6			V: SL		
			W: Platinum		
7	N	Transmission	N: RE5R05A (5A/T)		
8					
9	A60	Model	A60: Armada		
10	-				
11	E	Intake	E: EGI		
11			M: FFV		
	U	Zone	U: Federal		
12			N: Canada		
			J: Mexico		

#### < VEHICLE INFORMATION >

Position	Character	Qualifier	Definition	
13	Α	Equipment	A: Standard	
14				
15				
16	XXXXX	Option Codes	Option Codes	
17				
18				

# **Identification Number**

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- 1. Emission control information label
- 2. F.M.V.S.S. / C.M.V.S.S. certification label 3. Tire and loading information label
- 4. Vehicle identification number (VIN) plate 5. Air conditioner specification label

#### VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER ARRANGEMENT

Position	Character	Qualifier	Definition
1		Manufacturer	5N1: USA produced multi-purpose vehicle
2	5N1		
3			
4	Α	Engine type	A: VK56DE
4			B: VK56DE FFV
5	A0	Model code	A0: A60 (Armada)
6			
7	N	Body type	N: 4 Dr. Wagon

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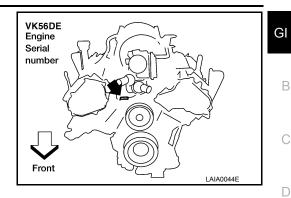
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# < VEHICLE INFORMATION >

Position	Character	Qualifier	Definition	
8	D	Gross vehicle weight rating	C: 4WD, 4-wheel ABS, Class F  8 seating capacity  (Driver and Passenger): 3-Point Manual Belts, Frontal Air Bags, Side Air Bags and Curtain Side Air Bags  (2nd Row Outboard): 3-Point Manual Belts and Curtain Side Air Bags  (2nd Row Center): 3-Point Manual Belts and Curtain Side Air Bags  (3rd Row Outboard): 3-Point Manual Belts and Curtain Side Air Bags  (3rd Row Center): 3-Point Manual Belts and Curtain Side Air Bags  (3rd Row Center): 3-Point Manual Belts, Frontal Air Bags, Side Air Bags and Curtain Side Air Bags  (2nd Row Outboard): 3-Point Manual Belts and Curtain Side Air Bags  (2nd Row Outboard): 3-Point Manual Belts and Curtain Side Air Bags  (3rd Row Center): 3-Point Manual Belt and Curtain Side Air Bags  (3rd Row Center): 3-Point Manual Belt  E: 4WD, 4-wheel ABS, Class F  7 seating capacity  (Driver and Passenger): 3-Point Manual Belts, Frontal Air Bags, Side Air Bags and Curtain Side Air Bags  (2nd Row Outboard): 3-Point Manual Belts and Curtain Side Air Bags  (3rd Row Outboard): 3-Point Manual Belts and Curtain Side Air Bags  (3rd Row Outboard): 3-Point Manual Belts and Curtain Side Air Bags  (3rd Row Center): 3-Point Manual Belts and Curtain Side Air Bags  (3rd Row Center): 3-Point Manual Belts  F: 2WD, 4-wheel ABS, Class F  7 seating capacity  (Driver and Passenger): 3-Point Manual Belts and Curtain Side Air Bags  and Curtain Side Air Bags  (2rd Row Outboard): 3-Point Manual Belts and Curtain Side Air Bags  (3rd Row Center): 3-Point Manual Belts and Curtain Side Air Bags  (3rd Row Center): 3-Point Manual Belts and Curtain Side Air Bags  (3rd Row Outboard): 3-Point Manual Belts and Curtain Side Air Bags  (3rd Row Outboard): 3-Point Manual Belts and Curtain Side Air Bags  and Curtain Side Air Bags  (2nd Row Outboard): 3-Point Manual Belts and Curtain Side Air Bags  (2nd Row Outboard): 3-Point Manual Belts and Curtain Side Air Bags  (2nd Row Outboard): 3-Point Manual Belts and Curtain Side Air Bags  (2nd Row Outboard): 3-Point Manual Belts and Curtain Side Air Bags	
9	*	Check digit	- (3rd Row Center): 3-Point Manual Belt  *: Determined by plant	
10	E	Model year	E: 2014	
11	N	Manufacturing plant	N: Canton, Mississippi	
12				
13				
14		Vehicle serial number	Chassis number	
15	XXXXXX			
16				
17				

# < VEHICLE INFORMATION >

#### **ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER**



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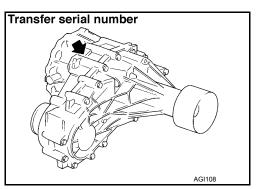
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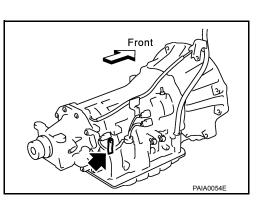
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TRANSFER SERIAL NUMBER



**AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION NUMBER** 



**Dimensions** 

Unit: mm (in)

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Drive type		2WD	4WD
Overall length		5275 (207.7)	5275 (207.7)
Overall width	2016 (79.3)	2016 (79.3)	
Overall height *1		1962 (77.2)	1982 (78.0)
Front tread width	18 inch tire	1715 (67.5)	1715 (67.5)
	20 inch tire	1715 (67.5)	1715 (67.5)
Rear tread width	18 inch tire	1715 (67.5)	1715 (67.5)
	20 inch tire	1715 (67.5)	1715 (67.5)
Wheelbase		3130 (123.2)	3130 (123.2)
Minimum Running Ground Clearance (at front suspension)	With standard undercover	248 (9.8)	265 (10.4)

<sup>\*1:</sup> Including roof rack

# < VEHICLE INFORMATION >

Wheels & Tires

Grade	Road wheel / Offset mm (in)	Tire	Spare tire size*
SV	18x8JJ Aluminum Alloy / 25 (1.0)	P265/70R18	P265/70R18
SL	20x8JJ Aluminum Alloy / 23 (0.9)	- P275/60R20	P275/60R20
Platinum	20x8JJ Aluminum Alloy Chrome Clad / 23 (0.9)		F 21 3/00R20

<sup>\*:</sup>With steel wheel

#### **PRECAUTIONS**

#### < PRECAUTION >

# **PRECAUTION**

#### **PRECAUTIONS**

Description

Observe the following precautions to ensure safe and proper servicing. These precautions are not described in each individual section.

Precaution for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the SR and SB section of this Service Manual.

#### **WARNING:**

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the SR section.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

PRECAUTIONS WHEN USING POWER TOOLS (AIR OR ELECTRIC) AND HAMMERS

#### **WARNING:**

- When working near the Airbag Diagnosis Sensor Unit or other Airbag System sensors with the Ignition ON or engine running, DO NOT use air or electric power tools or strike near the sensor(s) with a hammer. Heavy vibration could activate the sensor(s) and deploy the air bag(s), possibly causing serious injury.
- When using air or electric power tools or hammers, always switch the Ignition OFF, disconnect the battery, and wait at least 3 minutes before performing any service.

Precaution Necessary for Steering Wheel Rotation After Battery Disconnect

#### NOTE:

- This Procedure is applied only to models with Intelligent Key system and NATS (NISSAN ANTI-THEFT SYS-TEM).
- Remove and install all control units after disconnecting both battery cables with the ignition knob in the "LOCK" position.
- Always use CONSULT to perform self-diagnosis as a part of each function inspection after finishing work. If DTC is detected, perform trouble diagnosis according to self-diagnostic results.

For models equipped with the Intelligent Key system and NATS, an electrically controlled steering lock mechanism is adopted on the key cylinder.

For this reason, if the battery is disconnected or if the battery is discharged, the steering wheel will lock and steering wheel rotation will become impossible.

If steering wheel rotation is required when battery power is interrupted, follow the procedure below before starting the repair operation.

#### OPERATION PROCEDURE

Connect both battery cables.

#### NOTE:

Supply power using jumper cables if battery is discharged.

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#### < PRECAUTION >

- 2. Use the Intelligent Key or mechanical key to turn the ignition switch to the "ACC" position. At this time, the steering lock will be released.
- 3. Disconnect both battery cables. The steering lock will remain released and the steering wheel can be rotated.
- 4. Perform the necessary repair operation.
- 5. When the repair work is completed, return the ignition switch to the "LOCK" position before connecting the battery cables. (At this time, the steering lock mechanism will engage.)
- 6. Perform a self-diagnosis check of all control units using CONSULT.

Precaution for Work

- When removing or disassembling each component, be careful not to damage or deform it. If a component may be subject to interference, be sure to protect it with a shop cloth.
- When removing (disengaging) components with a screwdriver or similar tool, be sure to wrap the component with a shop cloth or vinyl tape to protect it.
- Protect the removed parts with a shop cloth and prevent them from being dropped.
- Replace a deformed or damaged clip.
- If a part is specified as a non-reusable part, always replace it with new one.
- Be sure to tighten bolts and nuts securely to the specified torque.
- After installation is complete, be sure to check that each part works properly.
- Follow the steps below to clean components.
- Water soluble dirt: Dip a soft cloth into lukewarm water, and wring the water out of the cloth to wipe the dirty area.

Then rub with a soft and dry cloth.

- Oily dirt: Dip a soft cloth into lukewarm water with mild detergent (concentration: within 2 to 3%), and wipe the dirty area.
  - Then dip a cloth into fresh water, and wring the water out of the cloth to wipe the detergent off. Then rub with a soft and dry cloth.
- Do not use organic solvent such as thinner, benzene, alcohol, or gasoline.
- For genuine leather seats, use a genuine leather seat cleaner.

# Procedures without Cowl Top Cover

When performing the procedure after removing cowl top cover, cover the lower end of windshield with urethane, etc.

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# Cautions in Removing Battery Terminal and AV Control Unit

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# **CAUTION:**

Remove battery terminal and AV control unit after a lapse of 30 seconds or more after turning the ignition switch OFF.

#### NOTE:

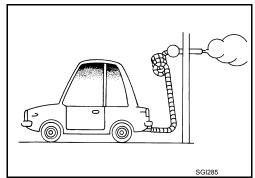
After the ignition switch is turned OFF, the AV control unit continues operating for approximately 30 seconds. Therefore, data corruption may occur if battery voltage is cut off within 30 seconds.

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# **General Precautions**

• Do not operate the engine for an extended period of time without proper exhaust ventilation.

Keep the work area well ventilated and free of any inflammable materials. Special care should be taken when handling any inflammable or poisonous materials, such as gasoline, refrigerant gas, etc. When working in a pit or other enclosed area, be sure to properly ventilate the area before working with hazardous materials. Do not smoke while working on the vehicle.



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• Before jacking up the vehicle, apply wheel chocks or other tire blocks to the wheels to prevent the vehicle from moving. After jacking up the vehicle, support the vehicle weight with safety stands at the points designated for proper lifting before working on the vehicle.

These operations should be done on a level surface.

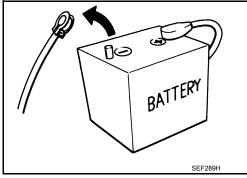
 When removing a heavy component such as the engine or transaxle/transmission, be careful not to lose your balance and drop them. Also, do not allow them to strike adjacent parts, especially the brake tubes and master cylinder.



 Before starting repairs which do not require battery power: Turn off ignition switch.

Disconnect the negative battery terminal.

· If the battery terminals are disconnected, recorded memory of radio and each control unit is erased.



To prevent serious burns:

Avoid contact with hot metal parts.

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot.

- Dispose of drained oil or the solvent used for cleaning parts in an appropriate manner.
- Do not attempt to top off the fuel tank after the fuel pump nozzle shuts off automatically.
  - Continued refueling may cause fuel overflow, resulting in fuel spray and possibly a fire.
- Clean all disassembled parts in the designated liquid or solvent prior to inspection or assembly.
- Replace oil seals, gaskets, packings, O-rings, locking washers, cotter pins, self-locking nuts, etc. with new ones.
- Replace inner and outer races of tapered roller bearings and needle bearings as a set.
- Arrange the disassembled parts in accordance with their assembled locations and sequence.
- Do not touch the terminals of electrical components which use microcomputers (such as ECM). Static electricity may damage internal electronic components.
- After disconnecting vacuum or air hoses, attach a tag to indicate the proper connection.
- Use only the fluids and lubricants specified in this manual.
- Use approved bonding agent, sealants or their equivalents when required.

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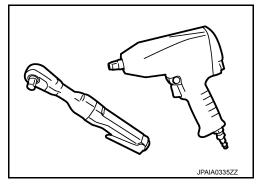
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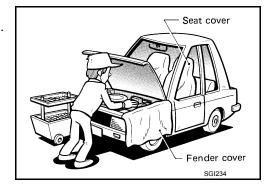
#### < PRECAUTION >

- Use hand tools, power tools (disassembly only) and recommended special tools where specified for safe and efficient service repairs.
- When repairing the fuel, oil, water, vacuum or exhaust systems, check all affected lines for leaks.



Before servicing the vehicle:
 Protect fenders, upholstery and carpeting with appropriate covers.

 Take caution that keys, buckles or buttons do not scratch paint.



#### **WARNING:**

To prevent ECM from storing the diagnostic trouble codes, do not carelessly disconnect the harness connectors which are related to the engine control system and TCM (transmission control module) system. The connectors should be disconnected only when working according to the WORK FLOW of TROUBLE DIAGNOSES in EC and TM sections.

# Three Way Catalyst

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If a large amount of unburned fuel flows into the catalyst, the catalyst temperature will be excessively high. To prevent this, follow the instructions.

- Use unleaded gasoline only. Leaded gasoline will seriously damage the three way catalyst.
- When checking for ignition spark or measuring engine compression, make tests quickly and only when necessary.
- Do not run engine when the fuel tank level is low, otherwise the engine may misfire, causing damage to the catalyst.

Do not place the vehicle on flammable material. Keep flammable material off the exhaust pipe and the three way catalyst.

# Fuel (Regular Unleaded Gasoline Recommended)

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Use unleaded regular gasoline with an octane rating of at least 87 AKI (Anti-Knock Index) number (Research octane number 91). E-85 fuel (85% fuel ethanol, 15% unleaded gasoline) may only be used in vehicles specifically designed for E-85 fuel (i.e. Flexible Fuel Vehicle - FFV models).

### **CAUTION:**

Do not use leaded gasoline. Using leaded gasoline will damage the three way catalyst. Do not use E-85 fuel (85% fuel ethanol, 15% unleaded gasoline) unless the vehicle is specifically designed for E-85 fuel (i.e. Flexible Fuel Vehicle - FFV models). Using a fuel other than that specified could adversely affect the emission control devices and systems, and could also affect the warranty coverage validity.

#### < PRECAUTION >

# Multiport Fuel Injection System or Engine Control System

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 Before connecting or disconnecting any harness connector for the multiport fuel injection system or ECM:

Turn ignition switch to "OFF" position.

Disconnect negative battery terminal.

Otherwise, there may be damage to ECM.

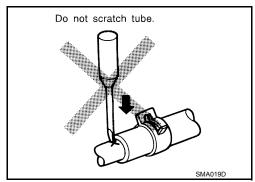
- Before disconnecting pressurized fuel line from fuel pump to injectors, be sure to release fuel pressure.
- Be careful not to jar components such as ECM and mass air flow sensor.



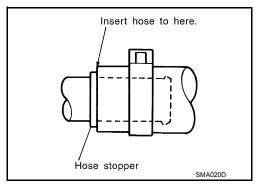
Hoses

#### HOSE REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

 To prevent damage to rubber hose, do not pry off rubber hose with tapered tool or screwdriver.

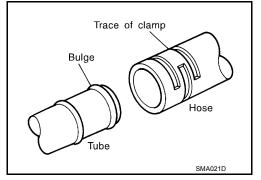


 To reinstall the rubber hose securely, make sure that hose insertion length and orientation is correct. (If tube is equipped with hose stopper, insert rubber hose into tube until it butts up against hose stopper.)



#### HOSE CLAMPING

- If old rubber hose is re-used, install hose clamp in its original position (at the indentation where the old clamp was). If there is a trace of tube bulging left on the old rubber hose, align rubber hose at that position.
- Discard old clamps; replace with new ones.



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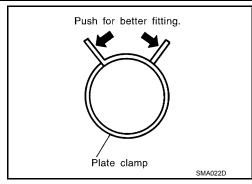
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#### < PRECAUTION >

 After installing plate clamps, apply force to them in the direction of the arrow, tightening rubber hose equally all around.



Engine Oils

Prolonged and repeated contact with used engine oil may cause skin cancer. Try to avoid direct skin contact with used oil.

If skin contact is made, wash thoroughly with soap or hand cleaner as soon as possible.

#### HEALTH PROTECTION PRECAUTIONS

- Avoid prolonged and repeated contact with oils, particularly used engine oils.
- Wear protective clothing, including impervious gloves where practicable.
- · Do not put oily rags in pockets.
- Avoid contaminating clothes, particularly underpants, with oil.
- Heavily soiled clothing and oil-impregnated footwear should not be worn. Overalls must be cleaned regularly.
- First aid treatment should be obtained immediately for open cuts and wounds.
- Use barrier creams, applying them before each work period, to help the removal of oil from the skin.
- Wash with soap and water to ensure all oil is removed (skin cleansers and nail brushes will help). Preparations containing lanolin replace the natural skin oils which have been removed.
- Do not use gasoline, kerosene, diesel fuel, gas oil, thinners or solvents for cleaning skin.
- If skin disorders develop, obtain medical advice without delay.
- · Where practical, degrease components prior to handling.
- Where there is a risk of eye contact, eye protection should be worn, for example, chemical goggles or face shields; in addition an eye wash facility should be provided.

# **ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION PRECAUTIONS**

Dispose of used oil and used oil filters through authorized waste disposal contractors to licensed waste disposal sites, or to the waste oil reclamation trade. If in doubt, contact the local authority for advice on disposal facilities.

It is illegal to pour used oil on to the ground, down sewers or drains, or into water sources.

The regulations concerning pollution vary between regions.

Air Conditioning

Use an approved refrigerant recovery unit any time the air conditioning system must be discharged. Refer to <u>HA-20, "HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure"</u>.

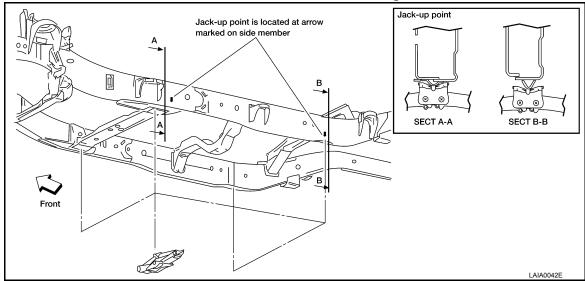
# LIFTING POINT

Pantograph Jack

#### INFOID:0000000009825549

#### **WARNING:**

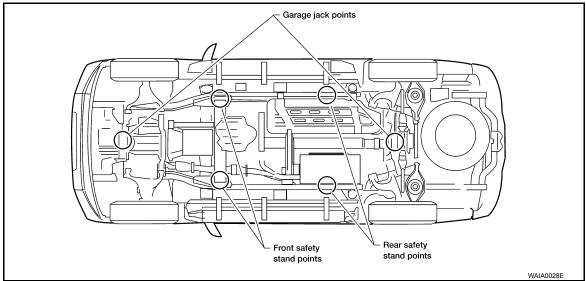
- · Never get under the vehicle while it is supported only by the jack. Always use safety stands to support the frame when you have to get under the vehicle.
- Place wheel chocks at both front and back of the wheels on the ground.



# Garage Jack and Safety Stand

#### INFOID:0000000009825550

Place a wooden or rubber block between safety stand and vehicle body when the supporting body is flat.



# 2-Pole Lift

**WARNING:** 

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 When lifting the vehicle, open the lift arms as wide as possible and ensure that the front and rear of the vehicle are well balanced.

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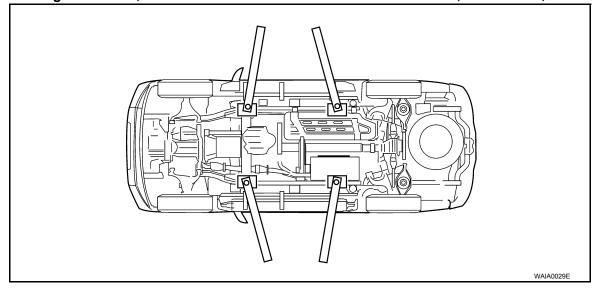
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# **LIFTING POINT**

# < PRECAUTION >

• When setting the lift arm, do not allow the arm to contact the brake tubes, brake cable, or fuel lines.



# TOW TRUCK TOWING

Tow Truck Towing

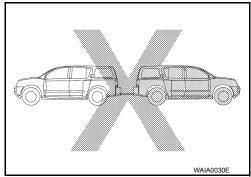
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#### **WARNING:**

- Never get under the vehicle while it is supported only by the jack. Always use safety stands to support the frame when you have to get under the vehicle.
- Place wheel chocks at both front and back of the wheels on the ground.

#### CAUTION:

- All applicable State or Provincial (in Canada) laws and local laws regarding the towing operation must be obeyed.
- It is necessary to use proper towing equipment to avoid possible damage during towing operation. Towing is in accordance with Towing Procedure Manual at dealer.
- · Always attach safety chains before towing.
- When towing, make sure that the transmission, steering system and powertrain are in good order. If any unit is damaged, dollies must be used.
- · Never tow an automatic transmission model from the rear (i.e., backward) with four wheels on the ground as this may cause serious and expensive damage to the transmission.

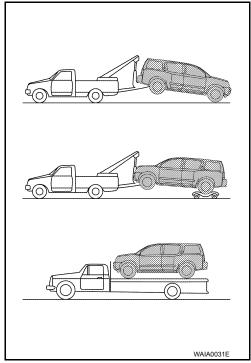


#### **2WD MODEL**

NISSAN does not recommend towing automatic transmission equipped vehicles with the drive wheels on the ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

- · When towing with the front wheels on the ground: Turn the ignition key to the OFF position and move the transmission selector lever to N (neutral) position, turn the ignition key to OFF position and secure the steering wheel in a straight ahead position with a rope or similar device. Never place the ignition key in the LOCK position. This will result in damage to the steering lock mechanism.
- When the battery of the vehicle equipped with Intelligent Key system is discharged, the vehicle should be towed with the front wheels on towing dollies or place the vehicle on a flat bed truck.



**4WD MODEL** 

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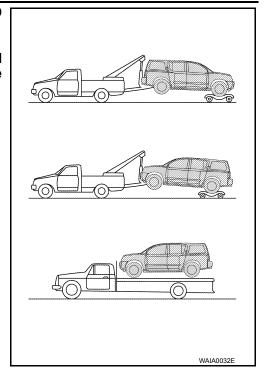
#### **TOW TRUCK TOWING**

# < PRECAUTION >

NISSAN recommends that towing dollies be used when towing 4WD equipped vehicles or place the vehicle on a flat bed truck.

#### **CAUTION:**

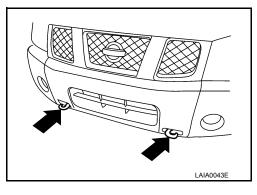
 Never tow 4WD models with any of the wheels on the ground as this may cause serious and expensive damage to the transfer case and transmission.



#### **Towing Point**

#### **CAUTION:**

Never tow the vehicle using only the towing points. To avoid damaging the vehicle body, use proper towing equipment when towing.



# Vehicle Recovery (Freeing a stuck vehicle)

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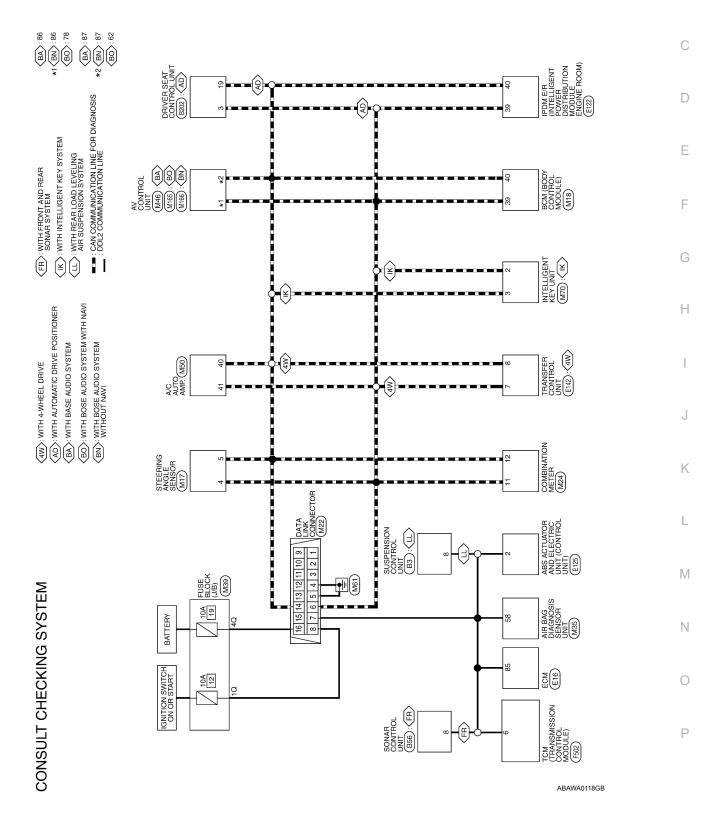
- Tow chains or cables must be attached only to the main structural members of the vehicle.
- Pulling devices should be routed so they do not touch any part of the suspension, steering, brake or cooling systems
- Always pull the cable straight out from the front or rear of the vehicle. Never pull the vehicle at a sideways angle.
- Pulling devices such as ropes or canvas straps are not recommended for use for vehicle towing or recovery.

# WIRING DIAGRAM

# CONSULT CHECKING SYSTEM

Wiring Diagram

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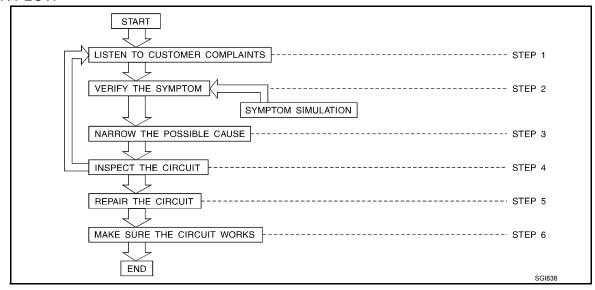


# **BASIC INSPECTION**

# SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

Work Flow

#### **WORK FLOW**



STEP		DESCRIPTION						
	Get detailed information about the conditions and the environment when the incident occurred. The following are key pieces of information required to make a good analysis:							
	WHAT	Vehicle Model, Engine, Transmission/Transaxle and the System (i.e. Radio).						
STEP 1	WHEN	Date, Time of Day, Weather Conditions, Frequency.						
	WHERE	Road Conditions, Altitude and Traffic Situation.						
	HOW	System Symptoms, Operating Conditions (Other Components Interaction). Service History and if any After Market Accessories have been installed.						
STEP 2	Operate the system, road test if necessary.  Verify the parameter of the incident.  If the problem cannot be duplicated, refer to "Incident Simulation Tests".							
STEP 3	Get the proper diagnosis materials together including:     Power Supply Routing     System Operation Descriptions     Applicable Service Manual Sections     Check for any Service Bulletins Identify where to begin diagnosis based upon your knowledge of the system operation and the customer comments.							
STEP 4	Inspect the system for mechanical binding, loose connectors or wiring damage.  Determine which circuits and components are involved and diagnose using the Power Supply Routing and Harness Lay outs.							
STEP 5	Repair or repla	nce the incident circuit or component.						
STEP 6	, ,	stem in all modes. Verify the system works properly under all conditions. Make sure you have not inaded a new incident during your diagnosis or repair steps.						

# Control Units and Electrical Parts

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# **PRECAUTIONS**

- Never reverse polarity of battery terminals.
- · Install only parts specified for a vehicle.
- · Before replacing the control unit, check the input and output and functions of the component parts.
- Do not apply excessive force when disconnecting a connector.

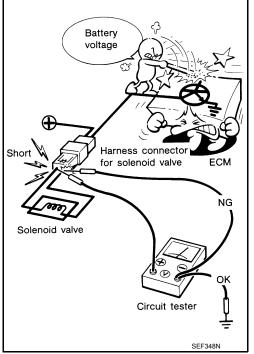
# < BASIC INSPECTION >

- Do not apply excessive shock to the control unit by dropping or hitting it.
- Be careful to prevent condensation in the control unit due to rapid temperature changes and do not let water or rain get on it. If water is found in the control unit, dry it fully and then install it in the vehicle
- Be careful not to let oil to get on the control unit connector.
- Avoid cleaning the control unit with volatile oil.
- Do not disassemble the control unit, and do not remove the upper and lower covers.



 When using a DMM, be careful not to let test probes get close to each other to prevent the power transistor in the control unit from damaging battery voltage because of short circuiting.

 When checking input and output signals of the control unit, use the specified check adapter.



# How to Check Terminal

#### CONNECTOR AND TERMINAL PIN KIT

- Use the connector and terminal pin kits listed below when replacing connectors or terminals.
- The connector and terminal pin kits contain some of the most commonly used NISSAN/INFINITI connectors and terminals. For detailed connector and terminal pin replacement procedures, refer to the latest NISSAN/ INFINITI CONNECTOR AND TERMINAL PIN SERVICE MANUAL.

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Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name		Desc	ription	
- (J38751-95NI) Connector and terminal pin kit (NISSAN)	J38751-95NI	J38751-95INF	J42992-98KIT	J42992-2000UPD
(J38751-95INF) Connector and terminal pin kit (INFINITI) - (J42992-98KIT) OBD and terminal repair kit				
(J42992-2000UPD) OBD-II Connector Kit Update		WAIA0004E		WAIA0005E

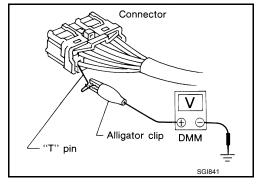
#### HOW TO PROBE CONNECTORS

- Connector damage and an intermittent connection can result from improperly probing of the connector during circuit checks.
- The probe of a digital multimeter (DMM) may not correctly fit the connector cavity. To correctly probe the connector, follow the procedures below using a "T" pin. For the best contact grasp the "T" pin using an alligator clip.

## Probing from Harness Side

Standard type (not waterproof type) connector should be probed from harness side with "T" pin.

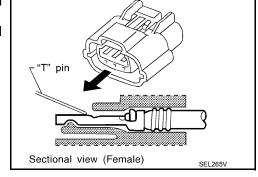
- If the connector has a rear cover such as a ECM connector, remove the rear cover before probing the terminal.
- Do not probe waterproof connector from harness side. Damage to the seal between wire and connector may result.



#### Probing from Terminal Side

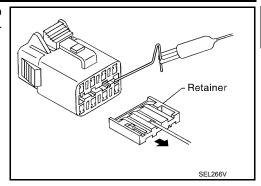
#### **FEMALE TERMINAL**

 There is a small notch above each female terminal. Probe each terminal with the "T" pin through the notch.
 Do not insert any object other than the same type male terminal into female terminal.



# < BASIC INSPECTION >

 Some connectors do not have a notch above each terminal. To probe each terminal, remove the connector retainer to make contact space for probing.



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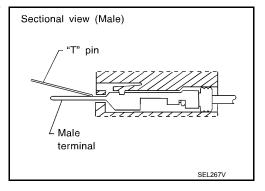
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MALE TERMINAL

 Carefully probe the contact surface of each terminal using a "T" pin.

#### **CAUTION:**

Dot not bend terminal.

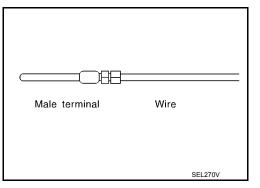


How to Check Enlarged Contact Spring of Terminal

- · An enlarged contact spring of a terminal may create intermittent signals in the circuit.
- If the intermittent open circuit occurs, follow the procedure below to inspect for open wires and enlarged contact spring of female terminal.
- 1. Assemble a male terminal and approx. 10 cm (3.9 in) of wire. **NOTE:**

Use a male terminal which matches the female terminal.

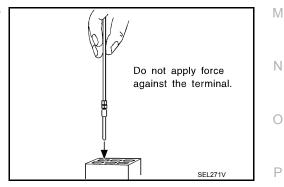
2. Disconnect the suspected faulty connector and hold it terminal side up.



3. While holding the wire of the male terminal, try to insert the male terminal into the female terminal.

#### **CAUTION:**

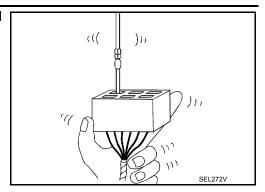
Do not force the male terminal into the female terminal with your hands.



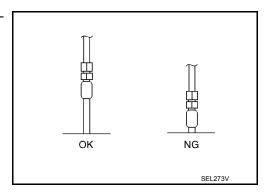
Revision: August 2013 GI-41 2014 Armada NAM

# < BASIC INSPECTION >

4. While moving the connector, check whether the male terminal can be easily inserted or not.



If the male terminal can be easily inserted into the female terminal, replace the female terminal.



## Waterproof Connector Inspection

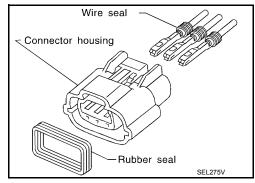
If water enters the connector, it can short interior circuits. This may lead to intermittent problems. Check the following items to maintain the original waterproof characteristics.

#### **RUBBER SEAL INSPECTION**

- Most waterproof connectors are provided with a rubber seal between the male and female connectors. If the seal is missing, the waterproof performance may not meet specifications.
- The rubber seal may come off when connectors are disconnected.
   Whenever connectors are reconnected, make sure the rubber seal is properly installed on either side of male or female connector.

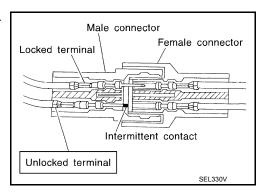
#### WIRE SEAL INSPECTION

 The wire seal must be installed on the wire insertion area of a waterproof connector. Be sure that the seal is installed properly.



#### Terminal Lock Inspection

Check for unlocked terminals by pulling wire at the end of connector. An unlocked terminal may create intermittent signals in the circuit.



#### Intermittent Incident

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## **DESCRIPTION**

Sometimes the symptom is not present when the vehicle is brought in for service. If possible, re-create the conditions present at the time of the incident. Doing so may help avoid a No Trouble Found Diagnosis. The fol-

#### < BASIC INSPECTION >

lowing section illustrates ways to simulate the conditions/environment under which the owner experiences an electrical incident.

The section is broken into the six following topics:

- Vehicle vibration
- Heat sensitive
- Freezing
- · Water intrusion
- Electrical load
- Cold or hot start up

Get a thorough description of the incident from the customer. It is important for simulating the conditions of the problem.

#### VEHICLE VIBRATION

The problem may occur or become worse while driving on a rough road or when engine is vibrating (idle with A/C on). In such a case, you will want to check for a vibration related condition. Refer to the following illustration.

#### Connector & Harness

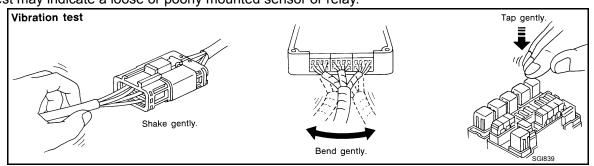
Determine which connectors and wiring harness would affect the electrical system you are inspecting. Gently shake each connector and harness while monitoring the system for the incident you are trying to duplicate. This test may indicate a loose or poor electrical connection.

#### Hint

Connectors can be exposed to moisture. It is possible to get a thin film of corrosion on the connector terminals. A visual inspection may not reveal this without disconnecting the connector. If the problem occurs intermittently, perhaps the problem is caused by corrosion. It is a good idea to disconnect, inspect and clean the terminals on related connectors in the system.

#### Sensor & Relay

Gently apply a slight vibration to sensors and relays in the system you are inspecting. This test may indicate a loose or poorly mounted sensor or relay.



#### **Engine Compartment**

There are several reasons a vehicle or engine vibration could cause an electrical complaint. Some of the things to check for are:

- Connectors not fully seated.
- · Wiring harness not long enough and is being stressed due to engine vibrations or rocking.
- Wires laying across brackets or moving components.
- Loose, dirty or corroded ground wires.
- Wires routed too close to hot components.

To inspect components under the hood, start by verifying the integrity of ground connections. (Refer to Ground Inspection described later.) First check that the system is properly grounded. Then check for loose connection by gently shaking the wiring or components as previously explained. Using the wiring diagrams inspect the wiring for continuity.

#### Behind the Instrument Panel

An improperly routed or improperly clamped harness can become pinched during accessory installation. Vehicle vibration can aggravate a harness which is routed along a bracket or near a screw.

**Under Seating Areas** 

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#### < BASIC INSPECTION >

An unclamped or loose harness can cause wiring to be pinched by seat components (such as slide guides) during vehicle vibration. If the wiring runs under seating areas, inspect wire routing for possible damage or pinching.

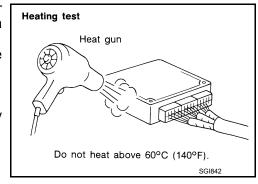
#### **HEAT SENSITIVE**

- The customer's concern may occur during hot weather or after car has sat for a short time. In such cases you will want to check for a heat sensitive condition.
- To determine if an electrical component is heat sensitive, heat the component with a heat gun or equivalent.

#### **CAUTION:**

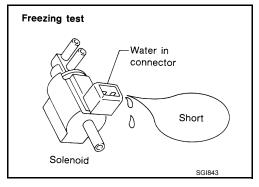
#### Do not heat components above 60°C (140°).

 If incident occurs while heating the unit, either replace or properly insulate the component.



#### **FREEZING**

- The customer may indicate the incident goes away after the car warms up (winter time). The cause could be related to water freezing somewhere in the wiring/electrical system.
- There are two methods to check for this. The first is to arrange for the owner to leave his car overnight. Make sure it will get cold enough to demonstrate his complaint. Leave the car parked outside overnight. In the morning, do a quick and thorough diagnosis of those electrical components which could be affected.
- The second method is to put the suspect component into a freezer long enough for any water to freeze. Reinstall the part into the car and check for the reoccurrence of the incident. If it occurs, repair or replace the component.

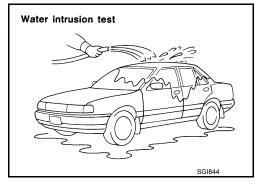


#### WATER INTRUSION

The incident may occur only during high humidity or in rainy/snowy weather. In such cases the incident could be caused by water intrusion on an electrical part. This can be simulated by soaking the car or running it through a car wash.

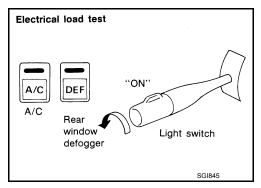
#### **CAUTION:**

Do not spray water directly on any electrical components.



# **ELECTRICAL LOAD**

The incident may be electrical load sensitive. Perform diagnosis with all accessories (including A/C, rear window defogger, radio, fog lamps) turned on.



#### COLD OR HOT START UP

On some occasions an electrical incident may occur only when the car is started cold, or it may occur when the car is restarted hot shortly after being turned off. In these cases you may have to keep the car overnight to make a proper diagnosis.

#### < BASIC INSPECTION >

Circuit Inspection

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## DESCRIPTION

- In general, testing electrical circuits is an easy task if it is approached in a logical and organized method. Before beginning it is important to have all available information on the system to be tested. Also, get a thorough understanding of system operation. Then you will be able to use the appropriate equipment and follow the correct test procedure.
- You may have to simulate vehicle vibrations while testing electrical components. Gently shake the wiring harness or electrical component to do this.

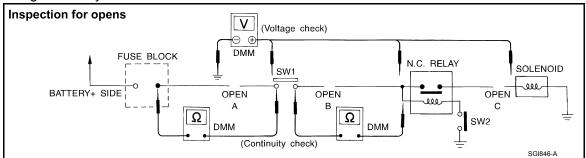
OPEN	A circuit is open when there is no continuity through a section of the circuit.					
	There are two types of shorts.					
SHORT	SHORT CIRCUIT	When a circuit contacts another circuit and causes the normal resistance to change.				
	SHORT TO GROUND	When a circuit contacts a ground source and grounds the circuit.				

#### NOTE:

Refer to GI-39, "How to Check Terminal" to probe or check terminal.

#### TESTING FOR "OPENS" IN THE CIRCUIT

Before you begin to diagnose and test the system, you should rough sketch a schematic of the system. This will help you to logically walk through the diagnosis process. Drawing the sketch will also reinforce your working knowledge of the system.



#### Continuity Check Method

The continuity check is used to find an open in the circuit. The digital multimeter (DMM) set on the resistance function will indicate an open circuit as over limit (no beep tone or no ohms symbol). Make sure to always start with the DMM at the highest resistance level.

To help in understanding the diagnosis of open circuits, please refer to the previous schematic.

- Disconnect the battery negative cable.
- Start at one end of the circuit and work your way to the other end. (At the fuse block in this example)
- Connect one probe of the DMM to the fuse block terminal on the load side.
- · Connect the other probe to the fuse block (power) side of SW1. Little or no resistance will indicate that portion of the circuit has good continuity. If there were an open in the circuit, the DMM would indicate an over limit or infinite resistance condition. (point A)
- Connect the probes between SW1 and the relay. Little or no resistance will indicate that portion of the circuit has good continuity. If there were an open in the circuit, the DMM would indicate an over limit or infinite resistance condition. (point B)
- Connect the probes between the relay and the solenoid. Little or no resistance will indicate that portion of the circuit has good continuity. If there were an open in the circuit, the DMM would indicate an over limit or infinite resistance condition. (point C)

Any circuit can be diagnosed using the approach in the previous example.

#### Voltage Check Method

Revision: August 2013

To help in understanding the diagnosis of open circuits please refer to the previous schematic.

In any powered circuit, an open can be found by methodically checking the system for the presence of voltage. This is done by switching the DMM to the voltage function.

**GI-45** 

- With SW1 open, probe at SW1 to check for voltage. voltage; open is further down the circuit than SW1.

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- Begin probing at one end of the circuit and work your way to the other end.

#### < BASIC INSPECTION >

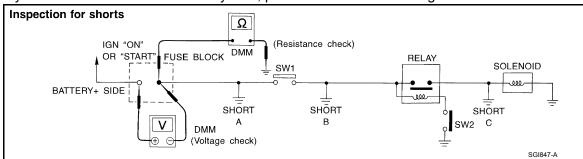
no voltage; open is between fuse block and SW1 (point A).

- Close SW1 and probe at relay.
- voltage; open is further down the circuit than the relay.
- no voltage; open is between SW1 and relay (point B).
- Close the relay and probe at the solenoid.
  - voltage; open is further down the circuit than the solenoid.
  - no voltage; open is between relay and solenoid (point C).

Any powered circuit can be diagnosed using the approach in the previous example.

#### TESTING FOR "SHORTS" IN THE CIRCUIT

To simplify the discussion of shorts in the system, please refer to the following schematic.



#### Resistance Check Method

- · Disconnect the battery negative cable and remove the blown fuse.
- Disconnect all loads (SW1 open, relay disconnected and solenoid disconnected) powered through the fuse.
- Connect one probe of the DMM to the load side of the fuse terminal. Connect the other probe to a known good ground.
- With SW1 open, check for continuity.
  - continuity; short is between fuse terminal and SW1 (point A).
  - no continuity; short is further down the circuit than SW1.
- Close SW1 and disconnect the relay. Put probes at the load side of fuse terminal and a known good ground.
   Then, check for continuity.
- continuity; short is between SW1 and the relay (point B).
- no continuity; short is further down the circuit than the relay.
- Close SW1 and jump the relay contacts with jumper wire. Put probes at the load side of fuse terminal and a known good ground. Then, check for continuity.
  - continuity: short is between relay and solenoid (point C).
  - no continuity; check solenoid, retrace steps.

#### Voltage Check Method

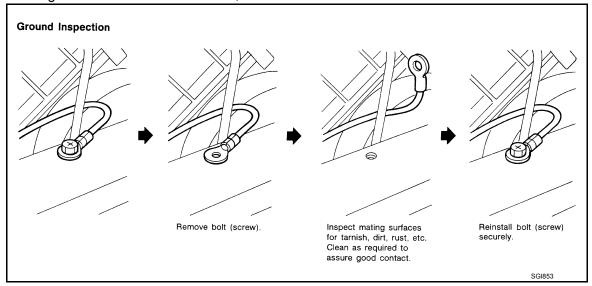
- Remove the blown fuse and disconnect all loads (i.e. SW1 open, relay disconnected and solenoid disconnected) powered through the fuse.
- Turn the ignition key to the ON or START position. Verify battery voltage at the battery + side of the fuse terminal (one lead on the battery + terminal side of the fuse block and one lead on a known good ground).
- With SW1 open and the DMM leads across both fuse terminals, check for voltage.
  - voltage; short is between fuse block and SW1 (point A).
  - no voltage; short is further down the circuit than SW1.
- With SW1 closed, relay and solenoid disconnected and the DMM leads across both fuse terminals, check for voltage.
- voltage; short is between SW1 and the relay (point B).
- no voltage; short is further down the circuit than the relay.
- With SW1 closed, relay contacts jumped with fused jumper wire check for voltage.
   voltage; short is down the circuit of the relay or between the relay and the disconnected solenoid (point C).
   no voltage; retrace steps and check power to fuse block.

#### **GROUND INSPECTION**

- Ground connections are very important to the proper operation of electrical and electronic circuits. Ground connections are often exposed to moisture, dirt and other corrosive elements. The corrosion (rust) can become an unwanted resistance. This unwanted resistance can change the way a circuit works.
- Electronically controlled circuits are very sensitive to proper grounding. A loose or corroded ground can drastically affect an electronically controlled circuit. A poor or corroded ground can easily affect the circuit. Even when the ground connection looks clean, there can be a thin film of rust on the surface.

#### < BASIC INSPECTION >

- When inspecting a ground connection follow these rules:
- Remove the ground bolt or screw.
- Inspect all mating surfaces for tarnish, dirt, rust, etc.
- Clean as required to assure good contact.
- Reinstall bolt or screw securely.
- Inspect for "add-on" accessories which may be interfering with the ground circuit.
- If several wires are crimped into one ground eyelet terminal, check for proper crimps. Make sure all of the wires are clean, securely fastened and providing a good ground path. If multiple wires are cased in one eyelet make sure no ground wires have excess wire insulation.
- For detailed ground distribution information, refer to "Ground Distribution" in PG section.



#### **VOLTAGE DROP TESTS**

- Voltage drop tests are often used to find components or circuits which have excessive resistance. A voltage drop in a circuit is caused by a resistance when the circuit is in operation.
- Check the wire in the illustration. When measuring resistance with DMM, contact by a single strand of wire will give reading of 0 ohms. This would indicate a good circuit. When the circuit operates, this single strand of wire is not able to carry the current. The single strand will have a high resistance to the current. This will be picked up as a slight voltage drop.
- Unwanted resistance can be caused by many situations as follows:
- Undersized wiring (single strand example)
- Corrosion on switch contacts
- Loose wire connections or splices.
- If repairs are needed always use wire that is of the same or larger gauge.

#### Measuring Voltage Drop — Accumulated Method

- Connect the DMM across the connector or part of the circuit you want to check. The positive lead of the DMM should be closer to power and the negative lead closer to ground.
- Operate the circuit.
- The DMM will indicate how many volts are being used to "push" current through that part of the circuit.

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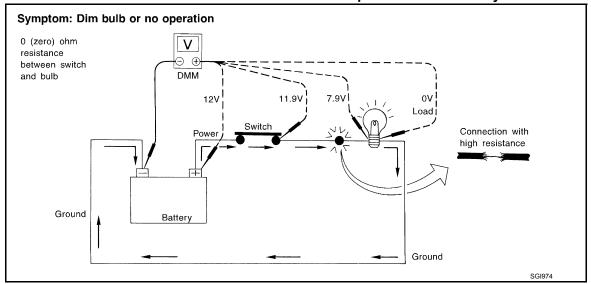
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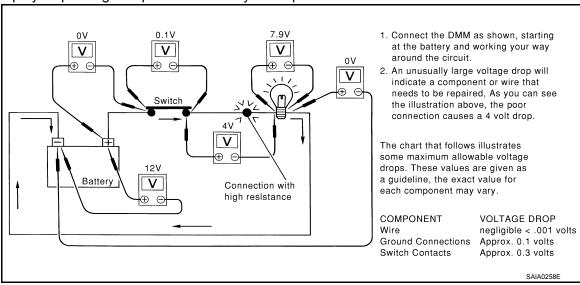
# < BASIC INSPECTION >

#### Note in the illustration that there is an excessive 4.1 volt drop between the battery and the bulb.



Measuring Voltage Drop — Step-by-Step

- The step-by-step method is most useful for isolating excessive drops in low voltage systems (such as those in "Computer Controlled Systems").
- Circuits in the "Computer Controlled System" operate on very low amperage.
- The (Computer Controlled) system operations can be adversely affected by any variation in resistance in the system. Such resistance variation may be caused by poor connection, improper installation, improper wire gauge or corrosion.
- The step by step voltage drop test can identify a component or wire with too much resistance.

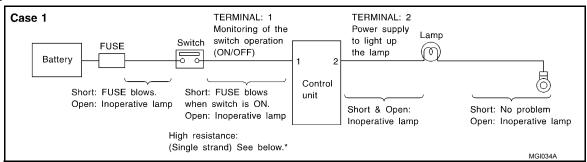


## CONTROL UNIT CIRCUIT TEST

System Description

· When the switch is ON, the control unit lights up the lamp.

#### CASE 1

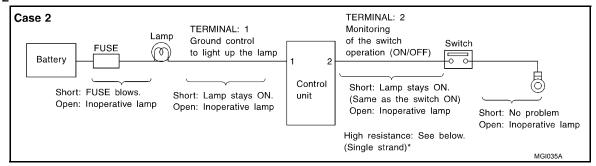


# < BASIC INSPECTION >

INPUT-0	DUTPUT VO	LTAGE CHART				
Ter	minal No.	Description				In case of high resistance such as single
+	_	Signal name	Input/ Output	Condition	Value (Approx.)	strand (V) *
1	Body	Switch	Input	Switch ON	Battery voltage	Lower than battery voltage Approx. 8 (Example)
	ground			Switch OFF	0 V	Approx. 0
2	Body	Lamp	Output	Switch ON	Battery voltage	Approx. 0 (Inoperative lamp)
2	ground	Lamp	Output	Switch OFF	0 V	Approx. 0

- · The voltage value is based on the body ground.
- \*: If high resistance exists in the switch side circuit (caused by a single strand), terminal 1 does not detect battery voltage. Control unit does not detect the switch is ON even if the switch does not turn ON. Therefore, the control unit does not supply power to light up the lamp.

#### CASE 2



#### INPUT-OUTPUT VOLTAGE CHART

Terr	minal No.	Descrip	tion			In case of high resistance such as single
+	_	Signal name	Input/ Output	Condition	Value (Approx.)	strand (V) *
1	Body	Lamp	Output	Switch ON	0V	Battery voltage (Inoperative lamp)
ļ	ground	Lamp	Output	Switch OFF	Battery voltage	Battery voltage
	Body	Switch	Innut	Switch ON	0 V	Higher than 0 Approx. 4 (Example)
	ground	SWILCIT	Input	Switch OFF	5 V	Approx. 5

- · The voltage value is based on the body ground.
- \*: If high resistance exists in the switch side circuit (caused by a single strand), terminal 2 does not detect approx. 0V. Control unit does not detect the switch is ON even if the switch does not turn ON. Therefore, the control unit does not control ground to light up the lamp.

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# CONSULT CHECKING SYSTEM

Description INFOID:000000009825560

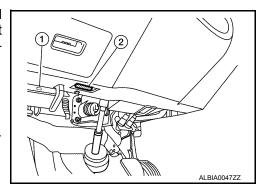
#### NOTE:

This vehicle is diagnosed using CONSULT-III plus.

 When CONSULT is connected with a data link connector equipped on the vehicle side, it will communicate with the control unit equipped in the vehicle and then enable various kinds of diagnostic tests.

1 : Hood release handle2 : Data link connector

• Refer to CONSULT-III plus Operation Manual for more information.



# Function and System Application

INFOID:0000000009825561

Direct Diagnostic Mode	Description	ENGINE	TRANSMISSION	ABS	AIR BAG	IPDM E/R	BCM	METER/M&A	INTELLIGENT KEY*1	AUTO DRIVE POS.*2	EVELI;	MULTI AV	ALL MODE AWD/4WD*4	HVAC	SONAR*5
ECU Identification	ECM/ECU part number can be read.	х	Х	Х	х	-	х	-	Х	Х	х	х	Х	Х	х
Self Diagnostic Result	Retrieve DTC from ECU and display diagnostic items.	х	Х	Х	х	х	х	х	Х	Х	х	х	х	Х	х
Data Monitor	Monitor the input/output signal of the control unit in real time.	х	х	x	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х
CAN diagnosis	This mode displays a network diagnosis result about CAN by a diagram.	х	х	x	х	х	х	х	х	х	-	х	х	х	
CAN diagnosis support monitor	Monitors the status of CAN communication.	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	-	х	х	х	- -
Active Test	Sends a drive signal from the CONSULT to the actuator. The operation check can be performed.	х	-	x	-	х	х	-	х	х	х	-	-	-	х
Work support	This mode enables a technician to adjust some devices faster and more accurately.	х	-	х	-	-	х	-	х	х	х	х	х	-	-
DTC Work Support	The status of system monitoring tests and the self-diagnosis status/result can be confirmed.	х	х	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Configuration	Function to READ/WRITE vehicle configuration.	-	х	-	-	-	х	-	-	-	-	х	-	-	-
TROUBLE DIAG RECORD	Other results or histories, etc. that are recorded in ECU are displayed.	-	-	ı	х	-	-	-	-	ı	-	-	-	-	- L

x: Applicable

# CONSULT Data Link Connector (DLC) Circuit

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# INSPECTION PROCEDURE

Revision: August 2013 GI-50 2014 Armada NAM

<sup>\*1:</sup> With Intelligent Key

<sup>\*2:</sup> With automatic drive positioner

<sup>\*3:</sup> With rear load leveling air suspension system

<sup>\*4:</sup> With 4-wheel drive

<sup>\*5:</sup> With front and rear sonar system

# **CONSULT CHECKING SYSTEM**

# < BASIC INSPECTION >

If the CONSULT cannot diagnose the system properly, check the following items.

Symptom	Check item
CONSULT cannot access any system.	CONSULT DLC power supply circuit (Terminal 8 and 16) and ground circuit (Terminal 4 and 5)
CONSULT cannot access individual system. (Other systems can be accessed.)	<ul> <li>Power supply and ground circuit for the control unit of the system (For detailed circuit, refer to wiring diagram for each system.)</li> <li>Open or short circuit between the system and CONSULT DLC (For detailed circuit, refer to wiring diagram for each system.)</li> <li>Open or short circuit CAN communication line. Refer to <a href="LAN-14">LAN-14</a>, "Trouble Diagnosis Flow Chart".</li> </ul>

# NOTE:

The CAN and DDL2 circuits from DLC pins 6, 7 and 14 may be connected to more than one system. A short in any circuit connected to a control unit in one system may affect CONSULT access to other systems.

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#### < PRECAUTION >

# **PRECAUTION**

# **PRECAUTIONS**

Precaution for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRF-TFNSIONER"

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the SR and SB section of this Service Man-

#### **WARNING:**

ual.

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the SR section.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

PRECAUTIONS WHEN USING POWER TOOLS (AIR OR ELECTRIC) AND HAMMERS

#### **WARNING:**

- When working near the Airbag Diagnosis Sensor Unit or other Airbag System sensors with the Ignition ON or engine running, DO NOT use air or electric power tools or strike near the sensor(s) with a hammer. Heavy vibration could activate the sensor(s) and deploy the air bag(s), possibly causing serious injury.
- When using air or electric power tools or hammers, always switch the Ignition OFF, disconnect the battery, and wait at least 3 minutes before performing any service.

Precaution Necessary for Steering Wheel Rotation After Battery Disconnect

#### NOTE:

- This Procedure is applied only to models with Intelligent Key system and NATS (NISSAN ANTI-THEFT SYS-
- · Remove and install all control units after disconnecting both battery cables with the ignition knob in the "LOCK" position.
- Always use CONSULT to perform self-diagnosis as a part of each function inspection after finishing work. If DTC is detected, perform trouble diagnosis according to self-diagnostic results.

For models equipped with the Intelligent Key system and NATS, an electrically controlled steering lock mechanism is adopted on the key cylinder.

For this reason, if the battery is disconnected or if the battery is discharged, the steering wheel will lock and steering wheel rotation will become impossible.

If steering wheel rotation is required when battery power is interrupted, follow the procedure below before starting the repair operation.

#### OPERATION PROCEDURE

Connect both battery cables.

#### NOTE:

Supply power using jumper cables if battery is discharged.

- Use the Intelligent Key or mechanical key to turn the ignition switch to the "ACC" position. At this time, the steering lock will be released.
- 3. Disconnect both battery cables. The steering lock will remain released and the steering wheel can be rotated.
- 4. Perform the necessary repair operation.

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#### < PRECAUTION >

- 5. When the repair work is completed, return the ignition switch to the "LOCK" position before connecting the battery cables. (At this time, the steering lock mechanism will engage.)
- Perform a self-diagnosis check of all control units using CONSULT.

# Precaution for Drain Engine Coolant

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Drain engine coolant when engine is cooled.

# Precaution for Disconnecting Fuel Piping

INFOID:0000000009824903

- Before starting work, make sure no fire or spark producing items are in the work area.
- · Release fuel pressure before disconnecting and disassembly.
- After disconnecting pipes, plug openings to stop fuel leakage.

# Precaution for Removal and Disassembly

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- When instructed to use special service tools, use the specified tools. Always be careful to work safely, avoid forceful or uninstructed operations.
- · Exercise maximum care to avoid damage to mating or sliding surfaces.
- Cover openings of engine system with tape or the equivalent, if necessary, to seal out foreign materials.
- Mark and arrange disassembly parts in an organized way for easy troubleshooting and assembly.
- When loosening nuts and bolts, as a basic rule, start with the one furthest outside, then the one diagonally opposite, and so on. If the order of loosening is specified, do exactly as specified. Power tools may be used where noted in the step.

# Precaution for Inspection, Repair and Replacement

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Before repairing or replacing, thoroughly inspect parts. Inspect new replacement parts in the same way, and replace if necessary.

# Precaution for Assembly and Installation

INFOID:0000000009824906

- Use torque wrench to tighten bolts or nuts to specification.
- When tightening nuts and bolts, as a basic rule, equally tighten in several different steps starting with the
  ones in center, then ones on inside and outside diagonally in this order. If the order of tightening is specified,
  do exactly as specified.
- Replace with new gasket, packing, oil seal or O-ring.
- Thoroughly wash, clean, and air-blow each part. Carefully check engine oil or engine coolant passages for any restriction and blockage.
- Avoid damaging sliding or mating surfaces. Completely remove foreign materials such as cloth lint or dust.
   Before assembly, oil sliding surfaces well.
- Release air within route when refilling after draining engine coolant.
- Before starting engine, apply fuel pressure to fuel lines with turning ignition switch ON (with engine stopped).
   Then make sure that there are no leaks at fuel line connections.
- After repairing, start engine and increase engine speed to check engine coolant, fuel, oil, and exhaust systems for leakage.

# Parts Requiring Angular Tightening

INFOID:0000000009824907

For final tightening of the following engine parts use Tool:

# Tool number : KV10112100 (BT-8653-A)

- Cylinder head bolts
- Main bearing cap bolts
- Connecting rod cap bolts
- Crankshaft pulley bolt (No angle wrench is required as the bolt flange is provided with notches for angle tightening)
- Do not use a torque value for final tightening.
- The torque value for these parts are for a preliminary step.
- · Ensure thread and seat surfaces are clean and lightly coated with engine oil.

# Precaution for Liquid Gasket

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#### REMOVAL OF LIQUID GASKET

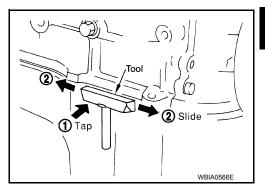
 After removing the bolts and nuts, separate the mating surface and remove the old liquid gasket using Tool.

Tool number : KV10111100 (J-37228)

#### **CAUTION:**

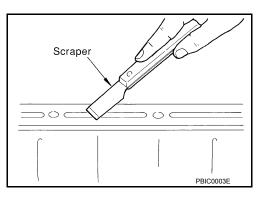
#### Do not damage the mating surfaces.

- Tap the seal cutter to insert it (1).
- In areas where the Tool is difficult to use, lightly tap to slide it (2).



#### LIQUID GASKET APPLICATION PROCEDURE

- 1. Remove the old liquid gasket adhering to the gasket application surface and the mating surface using suitable tool.
  - Remove the liquid gasket completely from the groove of the liquid gasket application surface, bolts, and bolt holes.
- 2. Thoroughly clean the mating surfaces and remove adhering moisture, grease and foreign material.

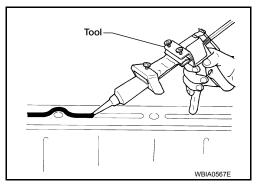


3. Attach the liquid gasket tube to the Tool.

# Tool number : WS39930000 ( — )

Use Genuine RTV Silicone Sealant or equivalent. Refer to GI-21, "Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants".

4. Apply the liquid gasket without breaks to the specified location with the specified dimensions.



- If there is a groove for the liquid gasket application, apply the liquid gasket to the groove.
- Normally apply the liquid gasket on the inside edge of the bolt holes. Also apply to the outside edge of the bolt holes when specified in the procedure.
- Within five minutes of liquid gasket application, install the mating component.
- If the liquid gasket protrudes, wipe it off immediately.
- Do not retighten after the installation.
- Wait 30 minutes or more after installation before refilling the engine with oil or coolant.

# Groove Bolt hole Inner side Groove SEM159F

#### **CAUTION:**

Carefully follow all of the warnings, cautions, notes, and procedures contained in this manual.

# **PREPARATION**

# Special Service Tool

INFOID:0000000009824909

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name		Description
KV10111100 (J-37228) Seal cutter		Removing steel oil pan and rear timing chair case
KV991J0050	S-NT046	Loosening or tightening air fuel ratio A/F sen
(J-44626) Air fuel sensor Socket	LBIA0444E	sor a: 22 mm (0.87 in)
EG15050500 (J-45402) Compression gauge adapter		Inspecting compression pressure
	ZZA1225D	
KV10116200 (J-26336-B) Valve spring compressor 1. KV10115900 (J-26336-20) Attachment 2. KV10109220 ( — ) Adapter	1 PBIC1650E	Disassembling valve mechanism Part (1) is a component of KV10116200 ( 26336-B), but part (2) is not.
KV10112100 (BT-8653-A) Angle wrench		Tightening bolts for cylinder head, main bearing cap and connecting rod cap
KV10107902 (J-38959) Valve oil seal puller	AWBIA1043ZZ	Removing valve oil seal

# < PREPARATION >

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name		Description
KV10115600 (J-38958) Valve oil seal drift	a b Side A Side B	Installing valve oil seal Use side A. a: 20 (0.79) dia. b: 13 (0.51) dia. c: 10.3 (0.406) dia.  d: 8 (0.31) dia. e: 10.7 (0.421) dia. f: 5 (0.20) dia. Unit: mm (in)
EM03470000 (J-8037) Piston ring compressor	S-NT603	Installing piston assembly into cylinder bore
ST16610001 (J-23907) Pilot bushing puller	S-NT044	Removing crankshaft pilot bushing
WS39930000 ( — ) Tube presser	S-NT045	Pressing the tube of liquid gasket
 (J-47245) Ring gear stopper	LBIA0451E	Removing and installing crankshaft pulley
16441 6N210 (J-45488) Quick connector release		Removing fuel tube quick connectors in engine room (Available in SEC. 164 of PARTS CATALOG: Part No. 16441 6N210)

# < PREPARATION >

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name		Description
 (J-45816) E20 Socket	LBIA0285E	Loosening and tightening cylinder head bolts.
 (J-46535) Drive belt tension releaser	WBIA0536E	Releasing drive belt tension

# **Commercial Service Tool**

INFOID:0000000009824910

(Kent-Moore No.) Tool name		Description
Power tool		Loosening nuts, screws, and bolts
	PIIB1407E	
Spark plug wrench		Removing and installing spark plug
	16 mm (0.63 in)	
Valve seat cutter set		Finishing valve seat dimensions
	S-NT048	
Pulley puller		Removing crankshaft pulley
	ZZA0010D	

# < PREPARATION >

(Kent-Moore No.) Tool name		Description
Piston ring expander		Removing and installing piston ring
Valve guide drift	s-NT030	Removing and installing valve guide Intake & Exhaust: a: 9.5 mm (0.374 in) dia. b: 5.5 mm (0.217 in) dia.
W. L. and M. and	\ \ S-NT015	4 Paratise at a state to the
Valve guide reamer	d <sub>1</sub> 1 2 2 S-NT016	1: Reaming valve guide hole 2: Reaming hole for oversize valve guide Intake & Exhaust: d1: 6.0 mm (0.236 in) dia. d2: 10.175 - 10.196 mm (0.4006 - 0.4014 in) dia.
Front oil seal drift	3.100	Installing front oil seal
	ZZA0012D	
Rear oil seal drift	22400120	Installing rear oil seal
	ZZA0025D	
(J-43897-18) (J-43897-12) Oxygen sensor thread cleaner	a Mating surface shave cylinder	Reconditioning the exhaust system threads before installing a new A/F sensor and heated oxygen sensor (Use with anti-seize lubricant shown below.) a: J-43897-18 (18 mm dia.) (0.71 in) for zirconia heated oxygen sensor b: J-43897-12 (12 mm dia.) (0.55 in) for titania heated oxygen sensor

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# < PREPARATION >

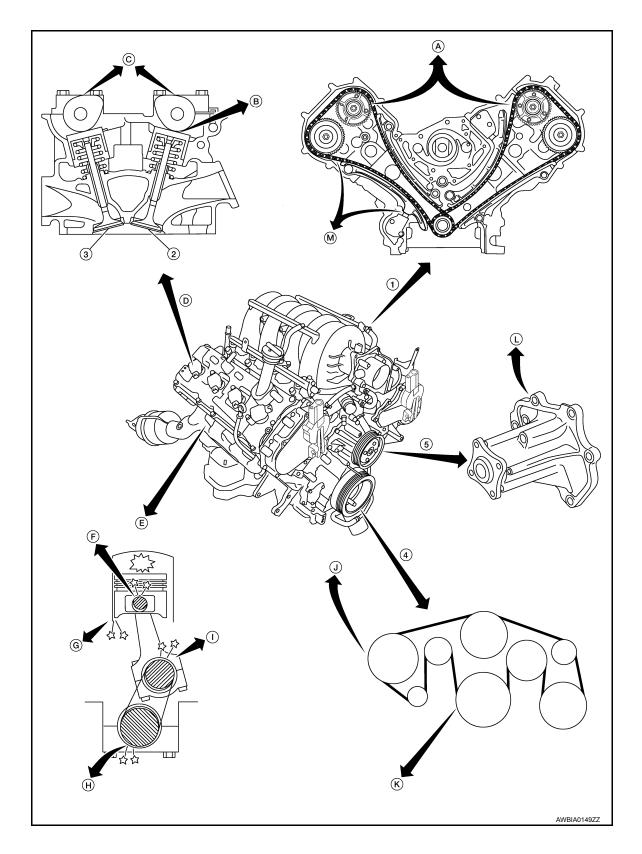
(Kent-Moore No.) Tool name		Description
Anti-seize lubricant (Permatex 133AR or equivalent meeting MIL specification MIL-A-907)	AEM489	Lubricating A/F sensors and heated oxygen sensor thread cleaning tool when reconditioning exhaust system threads
Engine stand assembly 1. Engine stand 2. Base	2 NT042	Disassembling and assembling engine

# SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

# NOISE, VIBRATION, AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING

NVH Troubleshooting - Engine Noise





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# NOISE, VIBRATION, AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING

# < SYSTEM DESCRIPTION >

1. Timing chain 2. Intake valve 3. Exhaust valve A. VTC noise Drive belt 5. 4. Water pump Tappet noise C. Camshaft bearing noise D. Valve mechanism Rotation mechanism Piston pin noise Piston slap noise Drive belt noise (slipping) H. Main bearing noise Connecting rod bearing noise Drive belt noise (stick/slipping) Water pump noise M. Timing chain and chain tensioner noise

# Use the Chart Below to Help You Find the Cause of the Symptom

INFOID:000000000982491

- 1. Locate the area where noise occurs.
- 2. Confirm the type of noise.
- 3. Specify the operating condition of engine.
- 4. Check specified noise source.

If necessary, repair or replace these parts.

-			Opera	ating con	dition of	engine		Source of noise	Check item	Refer- ence page
Location of noise	Type of noise	Be- fore warm- up	After warm- up	When start- ing	When idling	When racing	While driv- ing			
gine Rocker cov- er	Ticking or clicking	С	Α	_	Α	В	_	Tappet noise	Valve clearance	<u>EM-19</u>
	Rattle	С	А	_	Α	В	С	Camshaft bearing noise	Camshaft journal clear- ance Camshaft runout	EM-62 EM-62
	Slap or knock	_	А	_	В	В	_	Piston pin noise	Piston and piston pin clearance Connecting rod bushing clearance	EM-101 EM-101
Crankshaft pulley Cylinder block (Side of engine) Oil pan	Slap or rap	А	_	_	В	В	Α	Piston slap noise	Piston-to-bore clear- ance Piston ring side clear- ance Piston ring end gap Connecting rod bend and torsion	EM-101 EM-101 EM-101 EM-101
	Knock	А	В	С	В	В	В	Connecting rod bearing noise	Connecting rod bushing oil clearance (Small end) Connecting rod bearing clearance (Big end)	EM-101 EM-101
	Knock	А	В	_	Α	В	С	Main bearing noise	Main bearing oil clear- ance Crankshaft runout	EM-101 EM-101
Front of engine Chain case cover Front cover	Tapping or ticking	Α	Α	_	В	В	В	Timing chain and chain tensioner noise	Timing chain cracks and wear Timing chain tensioner operation	EM-57 EM-57

# NOISE, VIBRATION, AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING

< SYSTEM DESCRIPTION >

			Opera	iting con	dition of	engine			Check item	Refer- ence page
Location of noise Type of noise	Be- fore warm- up	After warm- up	When start- ing	When idling	When racing	While driv- ing	Source of noise			
Squeak- ing or fizzing	А	В		В	_	С	Drive belts (Sticking or slipping)	Drive belts deflection	EM-14	
Front of engine	Creaking	Α	В	Α	В	Α	В	Drive belts (Slipping)	Idler pulley bearing operation	
	Squall Creaking	Α	В		В	Α	В	Water pump noise	Water pump operation	<u>CO-6</u>
	Rattle	_	_	Α	_	_	_	VTC	VTC lock pin clearance	<u>EM-71</u>

A: Closely related B: Related C: Sometimes related —: Not related

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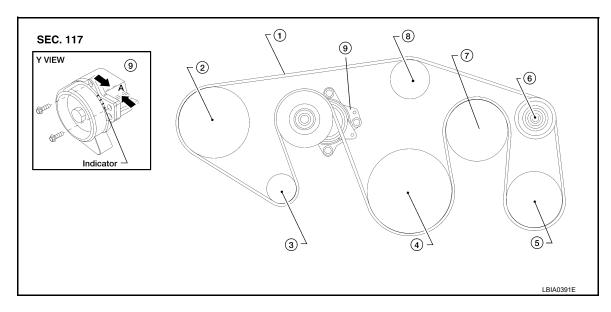
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# PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

# **DRIVE BELTS**

# **Checking Drive Belts**

INFOID:0000000009824913



- 1. Drive belt
- 4. Crankshaft pulley
- 7. Cooling fan pulley
- A. Allowable working range
- 2. Power steering pump pulley
- 5. A/C compressor
- 8. Water pump pulley
- 3. Generator pulley
- 6. Idler pulley
- 9. Drive belt auto-tensioner

## **WARNING:**

# Be sure to perform when the engine is stopped.

- 1. Remove air duct and resonator assembly when inspecting drive belt.
- 2. Make sure that indicator (single line notch) of each auto-tensioner is within the allowable working range (between three line notches).

#### NOTE:

- Check the drive belt auto-tensioner indication when the engine is cold.
- The indicator notch is located on the moving side of the drive belt auto-tensioner.
- 3. Visually check entire drive belt for wear, damage or cracks.
- 4. If the indicator is out of allowable working range or drive belt is damaged, replace the drive belt. Refer to EM-14, "Checking Drive Belts".

# DRIVE BELT TENSION

There is no manual drive belt tension adjustment. The drive belt tension is automatically adjusted by the drive belt auto-tensioner.

# Removal and Installation

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# **REMOVAL**

1. Remove the air duct and resonator assembly. Refer to EM-26, "Removal and Installation".

# **DRIVE BELTS**

#### < PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

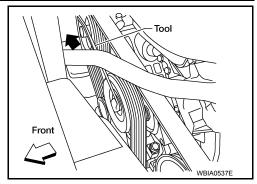
Install Tool on drive belt auto-tensioner pulley bolt, move in the direction of arrow (loosening direction of tensioner) as shown.

> Tool number (J-46535)

#### **WARNING:**

Avoid placing hand in a location where pinching may occur if the holding tool accidentally comes off.

Remove the drive belt.



#### INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

#### **CAUTION:**

#### Make sure drive belt is securely installed around all pulleys.

- Rotate the crankshaft pulley several turns clockwise to equalize drive belt tension between pulleys.
- Make sure drive belt tension is within the allowable working range, using the indicator notch on the drive belt auto-tensioner. Refer to EM-14, "Checking Drive Belts".

# Drive Belt Auto-Tensioner and Idler Pulley

INFOID:0000000009824915 SEC. 117 25 (2.6, 18) 34.8 (3.5, 26) N·m (kg-m, ft-lb) AWBIA0975ZZ

Drive belt auto-tensioner

2. Idler pulley

#### REMOVAL

- Remove the drive belt. Refer to EM-14, "Removal and Installation".
- Remove the drive belt auto-tensioner and idler pulley using power tool.

# INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

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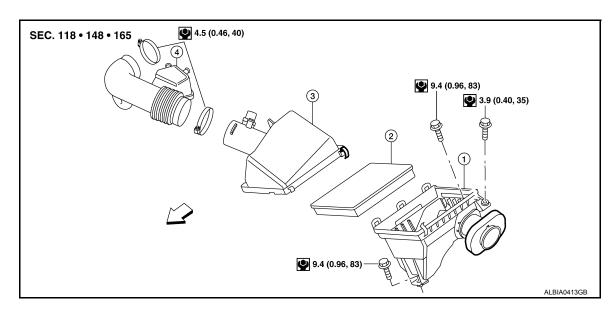
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# AIR CLEANER FILTER

# Removal and Installation (Viscous paper type)

INFOID:0000000009824916

#### **REMOVAL**



- 1. Air cleaner case (lower)
- 2. Air cleaner filter
- 3. Air cleaner case (upper)

- Air duct and resonator assembly
- <□ Front

#### NOTE:

- The viscous paper type filter does not need cleaning between replacement intervals.
- Replace the air filter as necessary for periodic maintenance. Refer to MA-10, "FOR NORTH AMERICA: Introduction of Periodic Maintenance" (United States and Canada), MA-13, "FOR MEXICO: Introduction of Periodic Maintenance" (Mexico).
- Remove the air cleaner case (upper).
- Remove the air cleaner filter from the air cleaner case (lower).

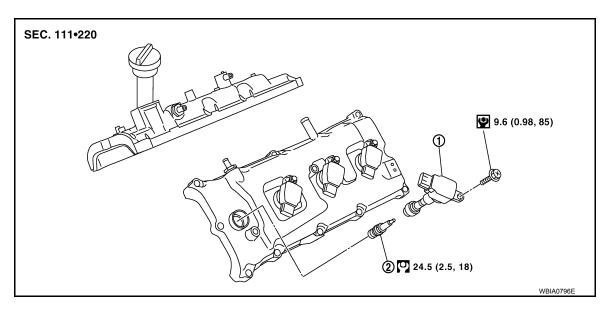
#### INSTALLATION

- 1. Install the new air cleaner filter in the air cleaner case (lower).
- 2. Install the air cleaner case (upper).

# SPARK PLUG

# Removal and Installation

INFOID:0000000009824917



1. Ignition coil

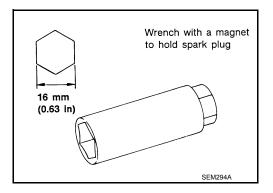
2. Spark plug

#### **REMOVAL**

 Remove ignition coil. Refer to <u>EM-40, "Removal and Installation"</u>. CAUTION:

Do not shock ignition coil.

2. Remove spark plug using suitable tool.



#### INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

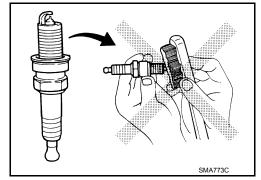
· Do not use a wire brush for cleaning.

• If plug tip is covered with carbon, spark plug cleaner may be used.

Cleaner air pressure : Less than 588 kPa (6 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>,

85 psi)

Cleaning time : Less than 20 seconds



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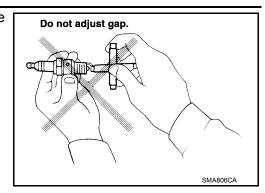
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# **SPARK PLUG**

# < PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

• Checking and adjusting plug gap is not required between change intervals.



# **INSTALLATION**

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Spark Plug Types

Make	NGK		
Model	Standard model	FFV model	
Standard type*	DILFR5A-11	DILFR5A-11D	
Gap (Nominal)	1.1 mm (0.043 in)	1.1 mm (0.043 in)	

<sup>\*:</sup> Always check with the Parts Department for the latest parts information.

#### CAUTION

Do not drop or shock spark plug.

# **CAMSHAFT VALVE CLEARANCE**

### < PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

# CAMSHAFT VALVE CLEARANCE

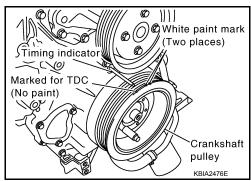
Valve Clearance

#### INSPECTION

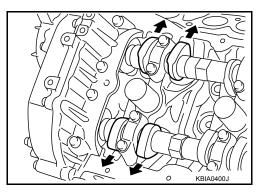
#### NOTE:

Perform the following inspection after removal, installation or replacement of camshaft or valve-related parts, or if there are unusual engine conditions due to changes in valve clearance over time (starting, idling, and/or noise).

- 1. Warm up the engine. Then stop the engine.
- Remove the air cleaner and resonator assembly. Refer to <u>EM-26, "Removal and Installation"</u>.
- 3. Remove the (RH) bank and (LH) bank rocker covers using power tool. Refer to EM-41, "Removal and Installation".
- 4. Turn the crankshaft pulley in the normal direction (clockwise when viewed from engine front) to align TDC identification notch (without paint mark) with timing indicator.



- 5. At this time, make sure both the intake and exhaust cam noses of No. 1 cylinder (top front on LH bank) face outside.
  - If they do not face outside, turn crankshaft pulley once more.



EM

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F

Α

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Н

J

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M

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# **CAMSHAFT VALVE CLEARANCE**

#### < PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

6. Measure valve clearances at the locations marked "x" as shown in the table below (locations indicated with black arrow).

: Engine front

: Measurable at No.1 cylinder compression top dead center (black)

: Measurable at No. 3 cylinder compression top dead center (white)

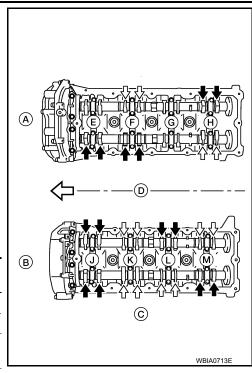
(A) : (RH)(B) : (LH)(C) : Exhaust(D) : Intake

#### NOTE:

Firing order 1-8-7-3-6-5-4-2

No. 1 cylinder compression TDC

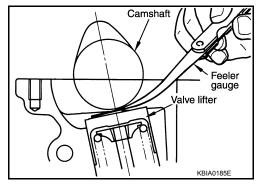
Measuring position (RI	No. 2 cyl (E)	No. 4 cyl (F)	No. 6 cyl (G)	No. 8 cyl (H)	
No. 1 cylinder at TDC	EXH				×
No. 1 Cylinder at 1DC	INT	×	×		
Measuring position (LF	No. 1 cyl (J)	No. 3 cyl (K)	No. 5 cyl (L)	No. 7 cyl (M)	
No. 1 cylinder at TDC	INT	×		×	
	EXH	×			×



 Measure valve clearance using suitable tool. Refer to <u>EM-118</u>, <u>"Standard and Limit"</u>.

#### CAUTION:

If the inspection was carried out with a cold engine, make sure the values with a fully warmed up engine are still within specifications.



7. Turn the crankshaft pulley clockwise 270° from the position of No. 1 cylinder compression TDC to obtain No. 3 cylinder compression TDC.

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