# 544K 4WD Loader Repair

(PIN: 1DW544KZ\_ \_E642665— )

REPAIR TECHNICAL MANUAL 544K 4WD Loader (PIN: 1DW544KZ\_ \_E642665— )

TM12099 20JUN18 (ENGLISH)

Worldwide Construction And Forestry Division PRINTED IN U.S.A

# Introduction

#### **Foreword**

This manual is written for an experienced technician. Essential tools required in performing certain service work are identified in this manual and are recommended for use.

Live with safety: Read the safety messages in the introduction of this manual and the cautions presented throughout the text of the manual.

This is the safety-alert symbol. When this symbol is seen on the machine or in this manual, be alert for the potential of personal injury.

Technical manuals are divided in two parts: repair and operation and tests. Repair sections tell how to repair the components. Operation and test sections help to quickly identify the majority of routine failures quickly.

Information is organized in groups for the various components requiring service instruction. At the beginning of each group are summary listings of all applicable essential tools, service equipment and tools, other materials needed to do the job, service parts kits, specifications, wear tolerances, and torque values.

Technical manuals are concise guides for specific machines. They are on-the-job guides containing only the vital information needed for diagnosis, analysis, testing, and repair.

Fundamental service information is available from other sources covering basic theory of operation, fundamentals of troubleshooting, general maintenance, and basic type of failures and their causes.

MM16284,00026ED -19-05JUN18-1/1

TM12099 (20JUN18) 544K 4WD Loader

#### Manual Identification—READ THIS FIRST!

IMPORTANT: Use only supporting manuals designated for your specific machine. If incorrect manual is chosen, improper service may occur. Verify product identification number (PIN) and engine model number when choosing the correct manual.

#### **Choosing the Correct Supporting Manuals**

John Deere four wheel drive (4WD) loaders are available in different machine configurations based on the various markets into which they are sold. Different supporting manuals exist for different machine configurations.

When necessary, product serial numbers and engine model numbers are listed on the front covers of 4WD loader manuals. These numbers are used to identify the correct supporting manual for your machine.



The product identification number (PIN) plate (1) is located on left side of machine frame under the cab door. Each machine has a 17-character PIN (3) shown on PIN plate. The last 6 characters of the PIN represent the machine's product serial number.

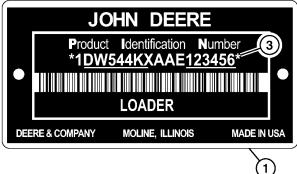
The PIN identifies the producing factory, machine model number, machine option, year of manufacture, engine emission level, and machine serial number.

17-Character PIN Example																
	(3)		(4)			(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)			(9	9)			
1	D	W	5	4	4	K	Z	_	D	Е	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х

- (3)—World Code—Identifies location where machine is manufactured.
- (4)—Machine Model Identifier—Identifies model number.
- (5)—Machine Option Code—Identifies which major machine option is equipped. This character will change from one machine to another.
- (6)—Check Letter—This is a random character assigned by the factory. This is not used in machine identification.
- (7)—Manufacturing Year Code—Identifies year of machine manufacture.



PIN Plate Location



PIN Plate (17-character)

1-PIN Plate

3-17-Character PIN

- **(8)—Engine Emission Code**—Represents engine emission certification.
- (9)—Machine Serial Number—Identifies machine serial number. This character will change from one machine to another.

The following is an example for a 544K machine that meets Interim Tier 4 and Stage III B emission levels:

-UN-15APR13

TX1103999

CW08338,0001012 -19-18OCT13-1/2

Continued on next page

TM12099 (20JUN18) 544K 4WD Loader

# Introduction

1DW544KZ _ DEXX	XXXXX
_	World Code (manufacturing location)
1DW	Davenport Works
1T8	Thibodaux Works
1T0	Dubuque Works
544K	Machine Model Identifier
z	Machine Option Code (variable)
Z	Z Bar Linkage
Н	High Lift Linkage
P	Powerllel™ Linkage
	Check Letter (variable)
D	Manufacturing Year Code (variable)
C	2012
D	2013
E	2014
F	2015
G	2016
E	Engine Emission Code
C	Tier 2 and Stage II
D	Tier 3 and Stage III A
E	Interim Tier 4 and Stage III B
F	Tier 4
XXXXXX	Machine Serial Number
Powerllel is a traden	nark of Deere & Company  CW08338,0001012 -19-180CT13-2/2

544K 4WD Loader PN=4 TM12099 (20JUN18)

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Group 9900—Dealer Fabricated Tools

Original Instructions. All information, illustrations and specifications in this manual are based on the latest information available at the time of publication. The right is reserved to make changes at any time without notice.

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Torque Value

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### **Recognize Safety Information**

This is the safety alert symbol. When you see this symbol on your machine or in this manual, be alert for the potential of personal injury.

Follow the precautions and safe operating practices highlighted by this symbol.

A signal word — DANGER, WARNING, or CAUTION — is used with the safety alert symbol. DANGER identifies the most serious hazards.

On your machine, DANGER signs are red in color, WARNING signs are orange, and CAUTION signs are yellow. DANGER and WARNING signs are located near specific hazards. General precautions are on CAUTION labels.



**A** DANGER

**▲** WARNING

**A** CAUTION

TX,RECOGNIZE -19-28JUN10-1/1

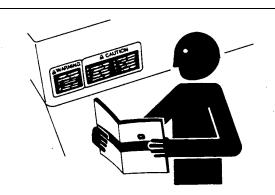
# **Follow Safety Instructions**

Carefully read all safety messages in this manual and on your machine safety signs. Keep safety signs in good condition. Replace missing or damaged safety signs. Use this operator's manual for correct safety sign placement. Be sure that new equipment components and repair parts include the current safety signs. Replacement safety signs are available from your John Deere dealer.

There can be additional safety information contained on parts and components sourced from suppliers that is not reproduced in this operator's manual.

Learn how to operate the machine and how to use controls properly. Do not let anyone operate without instruction.

Keep your machine in proper working condition. Unauthorized modifications to the machine could impair the function or safety and affect machine life.



If you do not understand any part of this manual and need assistance, contact your John Deere dealer.

TX.FOLLOW -19-20JAN11-1/1

# **Operate Only If Qualified**

Do not operate this machine unless the operator's manual has been read carefully, and you have been qualified by supervised training and instruction.

Operator should be familiar with the job site and surroundings before operating. Try all controls and

machine functions with the machine in an open area before starting to work.

Know and observe all safety rules that may apply to every work situation and work site.

TX,QUALIFIED -19-18JAN11-1/1

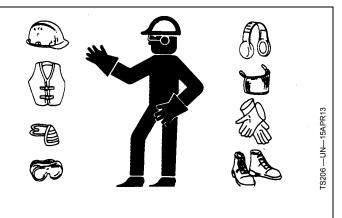
### **Wear Protective Equipment**

Guard against injury from flying pieces or metal or debris; wear goggles or safety glasses.

Wear close fitting clothing and safety equipment appropriate to the job.

Operating equipment safely requires the full attention of the operator. Do not wear radio or music headphones while operating machine.

Prolonged exposure to loud noise can cause impairment or loss of hearing. Wear suitable hearing protection such as earmuffs or earplugs to protect against objectionable or uncomfortable loud noises. Radio or music headphones are not suitable to use for hearing protection.



TX,WEAR,PE -19-22SEP10-1/1

#### **Avoid Unauthorized Machine Modifications**

John Deere recommends using only genuine John Deere replacement parts to ensure machine performance. Never substitute genuine John Deere parts with alternate parts not intended for the application as these can create hazardous situations or hazardous performance. Non-John Deere Parts, or any damage or failures resulting from their use, are not covered by any John Deere warranty.

Modifications of this machine, or addition of unapproved products or attachments, may affect machine stability or

reliability, and may create a hazard for the operator or others near the machine. The installer of any modification which may affect the electronic controls of this machine is responsible for establishing that the modification does not adversely affect the machine or its performance.

Always contact an authorized John Deere dealer before making machine modifications that change the intended use, weight, or balance of the machine, or that alter machine controls, performance, or reliability.

AM40430.00000A9 -19-02JUN15-1/1

### Add Cab Guarding for Special Uses

Special work situations or machine attachments could create an environment with falling or flying objects. Working near an overhead bank, demolition work, using a hydraulic hammer or winch, working in a forestry application or wooded area, or working in a waste management application, for example, could require added guarding to protect the operator.

Additional level II FOPS (falling object protective structure), forestry protection packages, and special

screens or guarding should be installed when falling or flying objects could enter or damage the machine. A rear screen should always be used with a winch to protect against a snapping cable. Before operating in any special work environments, follow the operator protection recommendations of the manufacturer of any specialized attachment or equipment. Contact your authorized John Deere dealer for information on protective guarding.

TX,CABGUARD -19-12FEB13-1/1

#### **Inspect Machine**

Inspect machine carefully each day by walking around it before starting.

Keep all guards and shields in good condition and properly installed. Fix damage and replace worn or broken parts immediately. Pay special attention to hydraulic hoses and electrical wiring.



TX,INSPECT -19-08SEP10-1/1

### **Stay Clear of Moving Parts**

Entanglements in moving parts can cause serious injury.

Stop engine before examining, adjusting, or maintaining any part of machine with moving parts.

Keep guards and shields in place. Replace any guard or shield that has been removed for access as soon as service or repair is complete.



TX,MOVING,PARTS -19-20JAN11-1/1

# **Avoid High-Pressure Fluids**

Inspect hydraulic hoses periodically – at least once per year – for leakage, kinking, cuts, cracks, abrasion, blisters, corrosion, exposed wire braid or any other signs of wear or damage.

Replace worn or damaged hose assemblies immediately with John Deere approved replacement parts.

Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury.

Avoid the hazard by relieving pressure before disconnecting hydraulic or other lines. Tighten all connections before applying pressure.

Search for leaks with a piece of cardboard. Protect hands and body from high-pressure fluids.

If an accident occurs, see a doctor immediately. Any fluid injected into the skin must be surgically removed within a few hours or gangrene may result. Doctors unfamiliar



with this type of injury should reference a knowledgeable medical source. Such information is available in English from Deere & Company Medical Department in Moline, Illinois, U.S.A., by calling 1-800-822-8262 or +1 309-748-5636.

DX,FLUID -19-12OCT11-1/1

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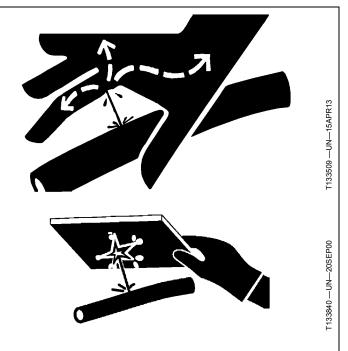
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# **Avoid High-Pressure Oils**

This machine uses a high-pressure hydraulic system. Escaping oil under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury.

**Never search for leaks with your hands.** Protect hands. Use a piece of cardboard to find location of escaping oil. Stop engine and relieve pressure before disconnecting lines or working on hydraulic system.

If hydraulic oil penetrates your skin, see a doctor immediately. Injected oil must be removed surgically within hours or gangrene could result. Contact a knowledgeable medical source or the Deere & Company Medical Department in Moline, Illinois, U.S.A.

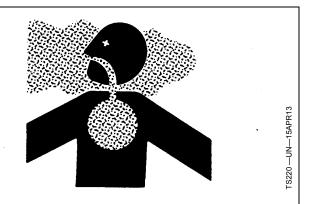


TX,HPOILS -19-20JAN11-1/1

#### Work In Ventilated Area

Engine exhaust fumes can cause sickness or death. If it is necessary to run an engine in an enclosed area, remove the exhaust fumes from the area with an exhaust pipe extension.

If you do not have an exhaust pipe extension, open the doors and get outside air into the area.



#### **Prevent Fires**

**Handle Fluids Safely:** All fuels, most lubricants, and some coolant mixtures are flammable. Store flammable fluids away from fire hazards. Never refuel machine while smoking or when near sparks or flame.

Clean Machine Regularly: Keep flammable debris (trash, leaves, twigs, straw, and so forth), grease and oil from accumulating in engine compartment, around fuel lines, hydraulic lines, exhaust components, and electrical wiring. Never store oily rags or flammable materials inside a machine compartment.

**Maintain Hoses, Tubes, and Wiring:** Replace hoses and tubes immediately if they begin to leak, and clean up any oil spills. Examine electrical wiring and connectors frequently for damage.

**Keep A Fire Extinguisher Available:** Always keep a multipurpose fire extinguisher on or near the machine. Know how to use an extinguisher properly.

**Be Aware of the Operating Environment:** Airborne debris may contain sparks or embers. Do not operate near any flame.



T133553 —UN—07SEP00



T133554 —UN—07SEP00



TX,PREVENT,FIRE -19-09JUN16-1/1

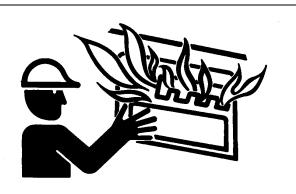
#### **Clean Debris from Machine**

Keep engine compartment, radiator, batteries, hydraulic lines, exhaust components, fuel tank, and operator's station clean and free of debris.

Clean any oil spills or fuel spills on machine surfaces.

Temperature in engine compartment could go up immediately after engine is stopped. BE ON GUARD FOR FIRES DURING THIS PERIOD.

Open access door(s) to cool the engine faster, and clean engine compartment.



TX,DEBRIS -19-20JAN11-1/1

# **Prevent Battery Explosions**

Keep sparks, lighted matches, and open flame away from the top of battery. Battery gas can explode.

Never check battery charge by placing a metal object across the posts. Use a volt-meter or hydrometer.

Do not charge a frozen battery; it may explode. Warm battery to 16°C (60°F).



DX,SPARKS -19-03MAR93-1/1

### **Handle Chemical Products Safely**

Direct exposure to hazardous chemicals can cause serious injury. Potentially hazardous chemicals used with John Deere equipment include such items as lubricants, coolants, paints, and adhesives.

A Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) provides specific details on chemical products: physical and health hazards, safety procedures, and emergency response techniques.

Check the MSDS before you start any job using a hazardous chemical. That way you will know exactly what the risks are and how to do the job safely. Then follow procedures and recommended equipment.

(See your John Deere dealer for MSDS's on chemical products used with John Deere equipment.)



TS1132 -- UN-15APR13

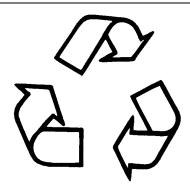
TS204 -- UN-15APR13

DX,MSDS,NA -19-03MAR93-1/1

# Decommissioning — Proper Recycling and Disposal of Fluids and Components

Safety and environmental stewardship measures must be taken into account when decommissioning a machine and/or component. These measures include the following:

- Use appropriate tools and personal protective equipment such as clothing, gloves, face shields or glasses, during the removal or handling of objects and materials
- Follow instructions for specialized components.
- Release stored energy by lowering suspended machine elements, relaxing springs, disconnecting the battery or other electrical power, and releasing pressure in hydraulic components, accumulators, and other similar systems.
- Minimize exposure to components which may have residue from agricultural chemicals, such as fertilizers and pesticides. Handle and dispose of these components appropriately.
- Carefully drain engines, fuel tanks, radiators, hydraulic cylinders, reservoirs, and lines before recycling components. Use leak-proof containers when draining fluids. Do not use food or beverage containers.
- Do not pour waste fluids onto the ground, down a drain, or into any water source.
- Observe all national, state, and local laws, regulations, or ordinances governing the handling or disposal of waste fluids (example: oil, fuel, coolant, brake fluid);



FS1133 —UN—15AF

filters; batteries; and, other substances or parts. Burning of flammable fluids or components in other than specially designed incinerators may be prohibited by law and could result in exposure to harmful fumes or ashes.

- Service and dispose of air conditioning systems appropriately. Government regulations may require a certified service center to recover and recycle air conditioning refrigerants which could damage the atmosphere if allowed to escape.
- Evaluate recycling options for tires, metal, plastic, glass, rubber, and electronic components which may be recyclable, in part or completely.
- Contact your local environmental or recycling center, or your John Deere dealer for information on the proper way to recycle or dispose of waste.

DX,DRAIN -19-01JUN15-1/1

### **Exhaust Filter Ash Handling and Disposal**



CAUTION: Under federal, state, and local laws or regulations, exhaust filter ash can be classified as a hazardous waste. Hazardous waste must be disposed of in accordance with all applicable federal, state, and local laws or regulations

governing hazardous waste disposal. Only a qualified service provider should remove ash from the exhaust filter. Personal protective equipment and clothing, maintained in a sanitary and reliable condition, should be used when handling and cleaning exhaust filter. See your authorized dealer for exhaust filter ash handling and disposal.

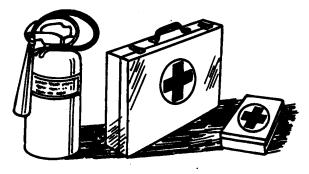
TX,ASH,DISP -19-20JAN11-1/1

#### **Prepare for Emergencies**

Be prepared if a fire starts.

Keep a first aid kit and fire extinguisher handy.

Keep emergency numbers for doctors, ambulance service, hospital, and fire department near your telephone.



TS291 —UN—15

DX,FIRE2 -19-03MAR93-1/1

### **Use Steps and Handholds Correctly**

Prevent falls by facing the machine when you get on and off. Maintain 3-point contact with steps and handrails. Never use machine controls as handholds.

Use extra care when mud, snow, or moisture present slippery conditions. Keep steps clean and free of grease or oil. Never jump when exiting machine. Never mount or dismount a moving machine.



T133468 —UN—15APR13

TX,STEPS -19-09FEB11-1/1

# **Start Only From Operator's Seat**

Avoid unexpected machine movement. Start engine only while sitting in operator's seat. Ensure that all controls and working tools are in proper position for a parked machine.

Never attempt to start engine from the ground. Do not attempt to start engine by shorting across the starter solenoid terminals.



T133715 -- UN-- 15APR13

TX.SOFOS -19-20JAN11-1/1

#### **Use and Maintain Seat Belt**

**Use seat belt when operating machine**. Remember to fasten seat belt when loading and unloading from trucks and during other uses.

Examine seat belt frequently. Be sure that webbing is not cut or torn. Replace seat belt immediately if any part is damaged or does not function properly.

The complete seat belt assembly should be replaced every three years, regardless of appearance.



USE SEAT BELT

3716 —19—17APR13

TX,SEAT,BELT -19-20JAN11-1/1

#### **Prevent Unintended Machine Movement**

Lower all equipment to the ground during work interruptions. Place transmission control in neutral, press park brake switch (1) to engage park brake, press pilot enable/boom down switch (2) to disable the hydraulics, and stop engine before allowing anyone to approach the machine.

Follow these same precautions before standing up, leaving the operator's seat, or exiting the machine.

1-Park Brake Switch

2— Pilot Enable/Boom Down Switch



TX1041772A —UN—02MAY08

DP99999,00000A3 -19-28JUN12-1/1

#### **Avoid Work Site Hazards**

Avoid contact with gas lines, buried cables, and water lines. Call utility line location services to identify all underground utilities before starting work.

**Prepare work site properly.** Avoid operating near structures or objects that could fall onto the machine. Clear away debris that could move unexpectedly if run over.

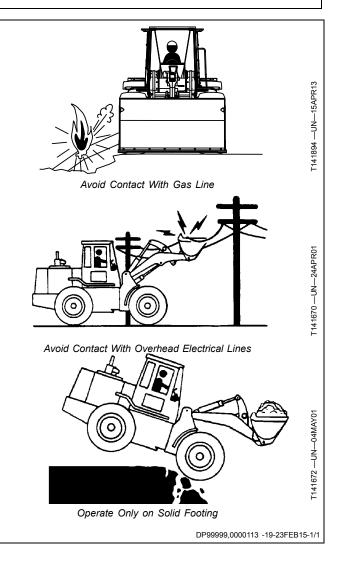
Avoid boom or attachment contact with overhead obstacles or overhead electrical lines. Never move machine closer than 3 m (10 ft.) plus twice the line insulator length to overhead wires.

Keep bystanders clear at all times. Keep bystanders away from raised booms, attachments, and unsupported loads. Avoid swinging or raising booms, attachments, or loads over or near personnel. Use barricades or a signal person to keep vehicles and pedestrians away. Use a signal person if moving machine in congested areas or where visibility is restricted. Always keep signal person in view. Coordinate hand signals before starting machine.

**Operate only on solid footing** with strength sufficient to support machine. Be especially alert working near embankments or excavations.

Avoid working under overhanging embankments or stockpiles that could collapse under or on machine.

Reduce machine speed when operating with tool on or near ground when obstacles may be hidden (e.g., during snow removal or clearing mud, dirt, etc.). At high speeds hitting obstacles (rocks, uneven concrete, or manholes) can cause a sudden stop. Always wear your seat belt.



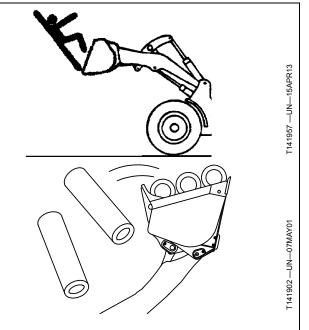
#### **Use Special Care When Operating Loader**

Never use the loader to lift people. Do not allow anyone to ride in the bucket or use the bucket as a work platform.

**Operate carefully with raised loads.** Raising the load reduces machine stability, especially on side slopes or an unstable surface. Drive and turn slowly with a raised load.

Ensure that objects in the bucket are secure. Do not attempt to lift or carry objects that are too big or too long to fit inside the bucket unless secured with an adequate chain or other device. Keep bystanders away from raised loads.

**Be careful when lifting objects.** Never attempt to lift objects too heavy for your machine. Assure machine stability and hydraulic capability with a test lift before attempting other maneuvers. Use an adequate chain or sling and proper rigging techniques to attach and stabilize loads. Never lift an object above or near another person.



TX03768,0000B70 -19-24FEB15-1/1

### **Keep Riders Off Machine**

Only allow operator on machine.

Riders are subject to injury. They may fall from machine, be caught between machine parts, or be struck by foreign objects.

Riders may obstruct operator's view or impair his ability to operate machine safely.



TX03679,000179B -19-23FEB15-1/1

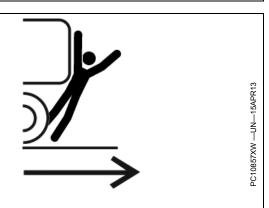
#### **Avoid Backover Accidents**

Before moving machine, be sure that all persons are clear of machine path. Turn around and look directly for best visibility. Use mirrors to assist in checking all around machine. Keep windows and mirrors clean, adjusted, and in good repair.

Be certain reverse warning alarm is working properly.

Use a signal person when backing if view is obstructed or when in close quarters. Keep signal person in view at all times. Use prearranged hand signals to communicate.

Do not rely on the rear camera and radar object detection systems, if equipped, to determine if personnel are behind the machine. The system has limitations due to maintenance practices, environmental conditions, and operating range.



TX,AVOID,BACKOVER -19-04MAR16-1/1

#### **Avoid Machine Tip Over**

Use seat belt at all times.

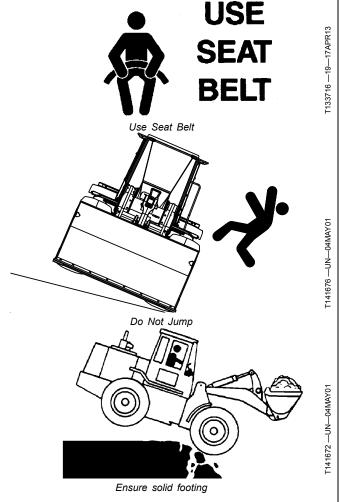
**Do not jump if the machine tips.** You will be unlikely to jump clear and the machine may crush you.

**Load and unload from trucks or trailers carefully.** Be sure truck is wide enough and on a firm level surface. Use loading ramps and attach them properly to truck bed.

**Be careful on slopes.** Avoid sharp turns. Balance loads so weight is evenly distributed and load is stable. Carry tools and loads close to the ground to aid visibility and lower center of gravity. Use extra care on soft, rocky, or frozen ground.

**Know the capacity of the machine.** Do not overload. Be careful with heavy loads. Using oversize buckets or lifting heavy objects reduces machine stability.

**Ensure solid footing.** Use extra care in soft ground conditions that may not uniformly support the wheels, especially when raising the boom. Do not operate close to banks or open excavations that may cave in and cause machine to tip or fall.



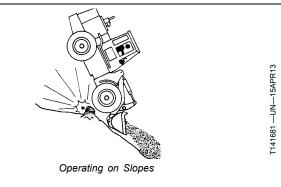
TX03679,000179D -19-24FEB15-1/1

### **Operating on Slopes**

Avoid side slope travel whenever possible. Drive up steep slope in forward and down in reverse.

Select low gear speed before starting down slope. The grade of the slope will be limited by ground condition and load being handled.

Use service brakes to control speed. Sudden brake application with a loaded bucket on downhill side could cause machine to tip forward.

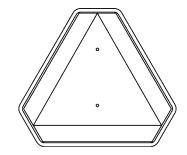


TX03679,000179E -19-24FEB15-1/1

# **Operating or Traveling On Public Roads**

Machines that work near vehicle traffic or travel slower than normal highway speeds must have proper lighting and markings to assure they are visible to other drivers.

Install additional lights, beacon lights, slow moving vehicle (SMV) emblems, or other devices and use as required to make the machine visible and identify it as a work machine. Check state and local regulations to assure compliance. Keep these devices clean and in working condition.





141891 —UN-

TX,ROADS -19-20JAN11-1/1

### **Inspect and Maintain ROPS**

A damaged rollover protective structure (ROPS) should be replaced, not reused.

The protection offered by ROPS could be impaired if ROPS is subjected to structural damage, is involved in an overturn incident, or is in any way altered by welding, bending, drilling, or cutting.

If ROPS was loosened or removed for any reason, inspect it carefully before operating the machine again.

#### To maintain the ROPS:

- Replace missing hardware using correct grade hardware.
- Check hardware torque.
- Check isolation mounts for damage, looseness, or wear; replace them if necessary.
- Check ROPS for cracks or physical damage.

TX,ROPS -19-20JAN11-1/1

### Add and Operate Attachments Safely

Always verify compatibility of attachments by contacting your authorized dealer. Adding unapproved attachments could affect machine stability or reliability and could create a hazard for others near the machine.

Ensure that a qualified person is involved in attachment installation. Add guards to machine if operator protection

is required or recommended. Verify that all connections are secure and attachment responds properly to controls.

Carefully read attachment manual and follow all instructions and warnings. In an area free of bystanders and obstructions, carefully operate attachment to learn its characteristics and range of motion.

TX,ATTACH -19-20JAN11-1/1

#### Park and Prepare for Service Safely

**Warn others of service work.** Always park and prepare your machine for service or repair properly.

- Park machine on a level surface and lower equipment to the ground.
- Engage park brake.
- Stop engine.
- Install frame locking bar.
- Attach a DO NOT OPERATE tag in an obvious place in the operator's station.

Securely support machine or attachment before working under it.

- Do not support machine with boom, bucket, or other hydraulically actuated equipment.
- Do not support machine with cinder blocks or wooden pieces that can crumble or crush.
- Do not support machine with a single jack or other devices that could slip out of place.

Understand service procedures before beginning repairs. Keep service area clean and dry. Use two people whenever the engine must be running for service work.



TX,PARK,4WD -19-28JUN10-1/1

# **Clean Exhaust Filter Safely**

During exhaust filter cleaning operations, the engine may run at elevated idle and hot temperatures for an extended period of time. Exhaust gases and exhaust filter components reach temperatures hot enough to burn people, or ignite or melt common materials.

Keep machine away from people, animals or structures which may be susceptible to harm or damage from hot exhaust gases or components. Avoid potential fire or explosion hazards from flammable materials and vapors near the exhaust. Keep exhaust outlet away from people and anything that can melt, burn or explode.

Closely monitor machine and surrounding area for smoldering debris during and after exhaust filter cleaning.

Adding fuel while an engine is running can create a fire or explosion hazard. Always stop engine before refueling machine and clean up any spilled fuel.

Always make sure engine is stopped while hauling machine on a truck or trailer.

Contact with exhaust components while still hot can result in serious personal injury.

Avoid contact with these components until cooled to safe temperatures.

If service procedure requires engine to be running:

- Only engage power-driven parts required by service procedure
- Ensure that other people are clear of operator station and machine

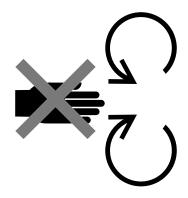
Keep hands, feet and clothing away from power-driven parts.

Always disable movement (neutral), set the parking brake or mechanism and disconnect power to attachments or tools before leaving the operator's station.

Shut off the engine before leaving the machine unattended.









KH31969,000008A -19-06SEP11-1/1

TS1693 \_\_IIN\_09DEC06

TS1695 —UN—07DEC09

# **Service Cooling System Safely**

Explosive release of fluids from pressurized cooling system can cause serious burns.

Do not service radiator through the radiator cap. Only fill through the surge tank filler cap. Shut off engine. Only remove surge tank filler cap when cool enough to touch with bare hands. Slowly loosen cap to relieve pressure before removing completely.



3281 —UN—15APR13

TX,SURGE -19-19JAN11-1/1

### **Service Tires Safely**

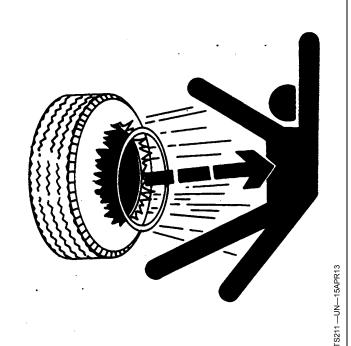
Explosive separation of a tire and rim parts can cause serious injury or death.

Do not attempt to mount a tire unless you have the proper equipment and experience to perform the job.

Always maintain the correct tire pressure. Do not inflate the tires above the recommended pressure. Never weld or heat a wheel and tire assembly. The heat can cause an increase in air pressure resulting in a tire explosion. Welding can structurally weaken or deform the wheel.

When inflating tires, use a clip-on chuck and extension hose long enough to allow you to stand to one side and NOT in front of or over the tire assembly. Use a safety cage if available.

Check wheels for low pressure, cuts, bubbles, damaged rims or missing lug bolts and nuts.



DX,RIM -19-24AUG90-1/1

# **Remove Paint Before Welding or Heating**

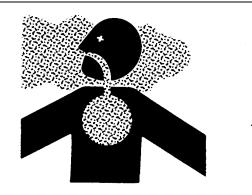
Avoid potentially toxic fumes and dust.

Hazardous fumes can be generated when paint is heated by welding, soldering, or using a torch.

Remove paint before heating:

- Remove paint a minimum of 100 mm (4 in.) from area to be affected by heating. If paint cannot be removed, wear an approved respirator before heating or welding.
- If you sand or grind paint, avoid breathing the dust. Wear an approved respirator.
- If you use solvent or paint stripper, remove stripper with soap and water before welding. Remove solvent or paint stripper containers and other flammable material from area. Allow fumes to disperse at least 15 minutes before welding or heating.

Do not use a chlorinated solvent in areas where welding will take place.



Do all work in an area that is well ventilated to carry toxic fumes and dust away.

Dispose of paint and solvent properly.

DX.PAINT -19-24JUL02-1/1

#### Make Welding Repairs Safely

IMPORTANT: Disable electrical power before welding. Turn off main battery switch and disconnect positive (+) and negative (-) battery cables.

Do not weld or apply heat on any part of a reservoir or tank that has contained oil or fuel. Heat from welding and cutting can cause oil, fuel, or cleaning solution to create gases which are explosive, flammable, or toxic.

Avoid welding or heating near pressurized fluid lines. Flammable spray may result and cause severe burns if pressurized lines malfunction as a result of heating. Do not let heat go beyond work area to nearby pressurized lines.

Remove paint properly. Do not inhale paint dust or fumes. Use a qualified welding technician for structural repairs.



Heating Near Pressurized Fluid Lines

Make sure there is good ventilation. Wear eye protection and protective equipment when welding.

MB60223,0000212 -19-02JUL15-1/1

# **Drive Metal Pins Safely**

Always wear protective goggles or safety glasses and other protective equipment before striking hardened parts. Hammering hardened metal parts such as pins and bucket teeth could dislodge chips at high velocity.

Use a soft hammer or a brass bar between hammer and object to prevent chipping.



TX.PINS -19-20JAN11-1/1

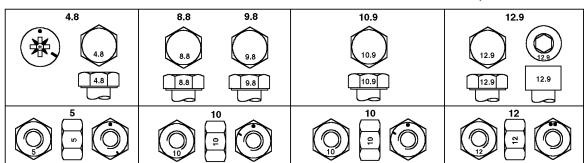
F133738 —UN—15APR13

Safety

TORQ2 -- UN-15APR13

#### **Metric Bolt and Cap Screw Torque Values**

METRIC BOLT AND CAP SCREW TORQUE VALUES—Tolerance is ±10% unless otherwise specified



Top—Property Class and Head Markings; Bottom—Property Class and Nut Markings

	Class	s 4.8	Class 8.8 or 9.8		Class	10.9	Class 12.9	
Thread Size	Lubricated <sup>a</sup> N·m (lb-ft)	Dry <sup>b</sup> N·m (lb-ft)						
M6	4.7 (3.5)	6 (4.4)	9 (6.6)	11.5 (8.5)	13 (9.5)	16.5 (12.2)	15.5 (11.5)	19.5 (14.5)
M8	11.5 (8.5)	14.5 (10.7)	22 (16)	28 (20.5)	32 (23.5)	40 (29.5)	37 (27.5)	47 (35)
M10	23 (17)	29 (21)	43 (32)	55 (40)	63 (46)	80 (59)	75 (55)	95 (70)
M12	40 (29.5)	50 (37)	75 (55)	95 (70)	110 (80)	140 (105)	130 (95)	165 (120)
M14	63 (46)	80 (59)	120 (88)	150 (110)	175 (130)	220 (165)	205 (150)	260 (190)
M16	100 (74)	125 (92)	190 (140)	240 (175)	275 (200)	350 (255)	320 (235)	400 (300)
M18	135 (100)	170 (125)	265 (195)	330 (245)	375 (275)	475 (350)	440 (325)	560 (410)
M20	190 (140)	245 (180)	375 (275)	475 (350)	530 (390)	675 (500)	625 (460)	790 (580)
M22	265 (195)	330 (245)	510 (375)	650 (480)	725 (535)	920 (680)	850 (625)	1080 (800)
M24	330 (245)	425 (315)	650 (480)	820 (600)	920 (680)	1150 (850)	1080 (800)	1350 (1000)
M27	490 (360)	625 (460)	950 (700)	1200 (885)	1350 (1000)	1700 (1250)	1580 (1160)	2000 (1475)
M30	660 (490)	850 (625)	1290 (950)	1630 (1200)	1850 (1350)	2300 (1700)	2140 (1580)	2700 (2000)
M33	900 (665)	1150 (850)	1750 (1300)	2200 (1625)	2500 (1850)	3150 (2325)	2900 (2150)	3700 (2730)
M36	1150 (850)	1450 (1075)	2250 (1650)	2850 (2100)	3200 (2350)	4050 (3000)	3750 (2770)	4750 (3500)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> "Lubricated" means coated with a lubricant such as engine oil, or fasteners with phosphate and oil coatings.

A

CAUTION: Use only metric tools on metric hardware. Other tools may not fit properly. Tool may slip and cause injury.

DO NOT use these values if a different torque value or tightening procedure is given for a specific application. Torque values listed are for general use only. Check tightness of fasteners periodically.

Shear bolts are designed to fail under predetermined loads. Always replace shear bolts with identical property class.

Fasteners should be replaced with the same or higher property class. If higher property class fasteners are used, these should only be tightened to the strength of the original.

Make sure fastener threads are clean and that you properly start thread engagement. This will prevent them from failing when tightening.

Tighten plastic insert or crimped steel-type lock nuts to approximately 50 percent of the dry torque shown in the chart, applied to the nut, not to the bolt head. Tighten toothed or serrated-type lock nuts to the full torque value.

OUT3035,TORQUE2 -19-22MAR06-1/1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> "Dry" means plain or zinc plated without any lubrication.

### **Additional Metric Cap Screw Torque Values**

**CAUTION:** Use only metric tools on metric hardware. Other tools may not fit properly. They may slip and cause injury.

Check tightness of cap screws periodically. Torque values listed are for general use only. Do not use these values if a different torque value or tightening procedure is listed for a specific application.

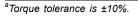
Shear bolts are designed to fail under predetermined loads. Always replace shear bolts with identical grade.

Fasteners should be replaced with the same or higher grade. If higher grade fasteners are used, these should only be tightened to the strength of the original.

Make sure fastener threads are clean and that the thread engagement is properly started. This will prevent fasteners from failing when tightening.

Tighten cap screws having lock nuts to approximately 50 percent of amount shown in chart.

METRIC CAP SCREW TORQUE VALUES <sup>a</sup>									
	T-E	Bolt	H-I	Bolt	M-Bolt				
Nomi- nal Di- ameter	N∙m	lb·ft	N⋅m	lb·ft	N·m	lb∙ft			
8	29	21	20	15	10	7			
10	63	46	45	33	20	15			
12	108	80	88	65	34	25			
14	176	130	137	101	54	40			
16	265	195	206	152	78	58			
18	392	289	294	217	118	87			
20	539	398	392	289	167	125			
22	735	542	539	398	216	159			
24	931	687	686	506	274	202			
27	1372	1012	1029	759	392	289			
30	1911	1410	1421	1049	539	398			
33	2548	1890	1911	1410	735	542			
36	3136	2314	2401	1772	931	687			





T6873AA

T-Bolt



T6873AB

H-Bolt



T6873AC

M-Bolt

T6873AA --- UN--- 15APR13

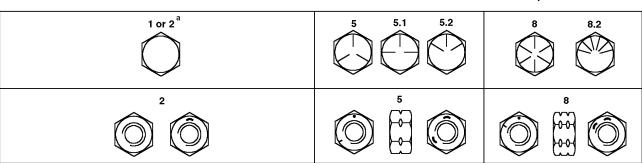
T6873AB —UN—18OCT88

T6873AC —UN—180CT88

04T,90,M170 -19-29SEP99-1/1

# Unified Inch Bolt and Cap Screw Torque Values

UNIFIED INCH BOLT AND CAP SCREW TORQUE VALUES—Tolerance is ±10% unless otherwise specified



Top—SAE Grade and Head Markings; Bottom—SAE Grade and Nut Markings

	Grade 1 (No Mark)		Grade 2 <sup>a</sup>	(No Mark)	Grade 5,	5.1 or 5.2	Grade 8 or 8.2	
Thread Size	Lubricated <sup>b</sup> N·m (lb-ft)	Dry <sup>c</sup> N·m (lb-ft)						
1/4	3.8 (2.8)	4.7 (3.5)	6 (4.4)	7.5 (5.5)	9.5 (7)	12 (9)	13.5 (10)	17 (12.5)
5/16	7.7 (5.7)	9.8 (7.2)	12 (9)	15.5 (11.5)	19.5 (14.5)	25 (18.5)	28 (20.5)	35 (26)
3/8	13.5 (10)	17.5 (13)	22 (16)	27.5 (20)	35 (26)	44 (32.5)	49 (36)	63 (46)
7/16	22 (16)	28 (20.5)	35 (26)	44 (32.5)	56 (41)	70 (52)	80 (59)	100 (74)
1/2	34 (25)	42 (31)	53 (39)	67 (49)	85 (63)	110 (80)	120 (88)	155 (115)
9/16	48 (35.5)	60 (45)	76 (56)	95 (70)	125 (92)	155 (115)	175 (130)	220 (165)
5/8	67 (49)	85 (63)	105 (77)	135 (100)	170 (125)	215 (160)	240 (175)	305 (225)
3/4	120 (88)	150 (110)	190 (140)	240 (175)	300 (220)	380 (280)	425 (315)	540 (400)
7/8	190 (140)	240 (175)	190 (140)	240 (175)	490 (360)	615 (455)	690 (510)	870 (640)
1	285 (210)	360 (265)	285 (210)	360 (265)	730 (540)	920 (680)	1030 (760)	1300 (960)
1-1/8	400 (300)	510 (375)	400 (300)	510 (375)	910 (670)	1150 (850)	1450 (1075)	1850 (1350)
1-1/4	570 (420)	725 (535)	570 (420)	725 (535)	1280 (945)	1630 (1200)	2050 (1500)	2600 (1920)
1-3/8	750 (550)	950 (700)	750 (550)	950 (700)	1700 (1250)	2140 (1580)	2700 (2000)	3400 (2500)
1-1/2	990 (730)	1250 (930)	990 (730)	1250 (930)	2250 (1650)	2850 (2100)	3600 (2650)	4550 (3350)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Grade 2 applies for hex cap screws (not hex bolts) up to 6 in. (152 mm) long. Grade 1 applies for hex cap screws over 6 in. (152 mm) long, and for all other types of bolts and screws of any length.

DO NOT use these values if a different torque value or tightening procedure is given for a specific application. Torque values listed are for general use only. Check tightness of fasteners periodically.

Shear bolts are designed to fail under predetermined loads. Always replace shear bolts with identical grade.

Fasteners should be replaced with the same or higher grade. If higher grade fasteners are used, these should only be tightened to the strength of the original.

Make sure fastener threads are clean and that you properly start thread engagement. This will prevent them from failing when tightening.

Tighten plastic insert or crimped steel-type lock nuts to approximately 50 percent of the dry torque shown in the chart, applied to the nut, not to the bolt head. Tighten toothed or serrated-type lock nuts to the full torque value.

OUT3035,TORQUE1 -19-14JAN04-1/1

TORQ1A —UN—15APR13

b "Lubricated" means coated with a lubricant such as engine oil, or fasteners with phosphate and oil coatings.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> "Dry" means plain or zinc plated without any lubrication.

# Service Recommendations for 37° Flare and 30° Cone Seat Connectors

- Inspect flare and flare seat. They must be free of dirt or obvious defects.
- Defects in tube flare cannot be repaired.
   Overtightening a defective flared fitting will not stop leaks.
- 3. Align tube with fitting before attempting to start nut.
- Lubricate male threads with hydraulic fluid or petroleum jelly.
- 5. Index angle fittings and tighten by hand.
- Tighten fitting or nut to torque value shown on torque chart. Do not allow hoses to twist when tightening fittings.



Cone Seat Connector

STRAIGHT FITTING OR SPECIAL NUT TORQUE CHART								
Thread Size	N·m	lb·ft						
3/8 - 24 UNF	8	6						
7/16 - 20 UNF	12	9						
1/2 - 20 UNF	16	12						
9/16 - 18 UNF	24	18						
3/4 - 16 UNF	46	34						
7/8 - 14 UNF	62	46						
1-1/16 - 12 UN	102	75						
1-3/16 - 12 UN	122	90						
1-5/16 - 12 UN	142	105						
1-5/8 - 12	190	140						
1-7/8 - 12 UN	217	160						

NOTE: Torque tolerance is ± 10%.

T82,BHMA,EL -19-29SEP99-1/1

# Service Recommendations for O-Ring Boss Fittings

#### Straight Fitting

- 1. Inspect O-ring boss seat for dirt or defects.
- Lubricate O-ring with petroleum jelly. Place electrical tape over threads to protect O-ring. Slide O-ring over tape and into O-ring groove of fitting. Remove tape.
- 3. Tighten fitting to torque value shown on chart.



Straight Fitting

Continued on next page

04T,90,K66 -19-29SEP99-1/2

T6234AC —UN—15APR13

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