# **SERVICE MANUAL**

# Speedrower<sup>®</sup> 200 / Speedrower<sup>®</sup> 240 Tier 3

Self-Propelled Windrower

PIN YEG675001 and above

**Part number 47904536** I<sup>st</sup> edition English July 2015



# Link Product / Engine

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Speedrower® 240 [YEG675001 - ]	North America	F4HE9687

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### Foreword - Important notice regarding equipment servicing

Speedrower® 200	NA Draper ready - Factory-fitted to accept draper
Speedrower® 240	NA Draper ready - Factory-fitted to accept draper

All repair and maintenance work listed in this manual must be carried out only by qualified dealership personnel, strictly complying with the instructions given, and using, whenever possible, the special tools.

Anyone who performs repair and maintenance operations without complying with the procedures provided herein shall be responsible for any subsequent damages.

The manufacturer and all the organizations of its distribution chain, including - without limitation - national, regional, or local dealers, reject any responsibility for damages caused by parts and/or components not approved by the manufacturer, including those used for the servicing or repair of the product manufactured or marketed by the manufacturer. In any case, no warranty is given or attributed on the product manufactured or marketed by the manufacturer in case of damages caused by parts and/or components not approved by the manufacturer.

The manufacturer reserves the right to make improvements in design and changes in specifications at any time without notice and without incurring any obligation to install them on units previously sold. Specifications, descriptions, and illustrative material herein are as accurate as known at time of publication but are subject to change without notice.

In case of questions, refer to your NEW HOLLAND Sales and Service Networks.

### Foreword - Note to the dealer

### Company policy

Company policy, which is one of continuous improvement, reserves the right to make changes in design and specifications at any time without notice and without obligation to modify units previously built.

All data given in this book is subject to production variations. Dimensions and weights are approximate only and the illustrations do not necessarily show windrowers in standard condition.

#### Parts and accessories

Genuine NEW HOLLAND parts and accessories have been specifically designed for NEW HOLLAND MACHINES.

We would like to point out those "NON-GENUINE" parts and accessories have not been examined and released by NEW HOLLAND. The installation and or use of such products could have negative effects upon the design characteristics of your machine and thereby affect its safety. NEW HOLLAND is not liable for any damage caused by the use of "NON-GENUINE" NEW HOLLAND parts and accessories.

#### Lubrication

Adequate lubrication and maintenance on a regular schedule is vital to maintaining your equipment. To ensure long service and efficient operation, follow the lubrication and maintenance schedules outlined in this manual. The use of proper fuels, oils, grease and filters, as well as keeping the systems clean, will also extend machine and component life.

**NOTICE:** Always use genuine NEW HOLLAND replacement parts, oils and filters to ensure proper operation, filtration of engine and hydraulic systems. See your NEW HOLLAND dealer for additional oil quantities.

### Safety rules

### Personal safety



This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible death or injury.

Throughout this manual you will find the signal words DANGER, WARNING, and CAUTION followed by special instructions. These precautions are intended for the personal safety of you and those working with you.

Read and understand all the safety messages in this manual before you operate or service the machine.

A DANGER indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

A WARNING indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

A CAUTION indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

# FAILURE TO FOLLOW DANGER, WARNING, AND CAUTION MESSAGES COULD RESULT IN DEATH OR SERIOUS INJURY.

#### Machine safety

NOTICE: Notice indicates a situation that, if not avoided, could result in machine or property damage.

Throughout this manual you will find the signal word Notice followed by special instructions to prevent machine or property damage. The word Notice is used to address practices not related to personal safety.

#### Information

NOTE: Note indicates additional information that clarifies steps, procedures, or other information in this manual.

Throughout this manual you will find the word Note followed by additional information about a step, procedure, or other information in the manual. The word Note is not intended to address personal safety or property damage.

### Safety rules

Speedrower® 200 Speedrower® 240

NA NA

### A General safety rules A

Use caution when operating the machine on slopes. Raised equipment, full tanks and other loads will change the center of gravity of the machine. The machine can tip or roll over when near ditches and embankments or uneven surfaces.

- Only skilled operators who are familiar with all the controls and harvesting techniques should use the equipment. It is recommended to operate on cultivated land with slopes no greater than **26** % (**15** °) uphill and downhill.
- If necessary, when driving downhill change into a lower gear before starting the descent. Machine must be stopped to downshift into a lower gear.

Never permit anyone other than the operator to ride on the machine.

Never operate the machine under the influence of alcohol, drugs, or while otherwise impaired.

Pay attention to overhead power lines and hanging obstacles. High voltage lines may require significant clearance for safety.

Hydraulic oil or diesel fuel leaking under pressure can penetrate the skin, causing serious injury or infection.

- DO NOT use your hand to check for leaks. Use a piece of cardboard or paper.
- Stop engine, remove key and relieve the pressure before connecting or disconnecting fluid lines.
- Make sure all components are in good condition and tighten all connections before starting the engine or pressurizing the system.
- If hydraulic fluid or diesel fuel penetrates the skin, seek medical attention immediately.
- Continuous long term contact with hydraulic fluid may cause skin cancer. Avoid long term contact and wash the skin promptly with soap and water.

Keep clear of moving parts. Loose clothing, jewelry, watches, long hair, and other loose or hanging items can become entangled in moving parts.

Wear protective equipment when appropriate.

DO NOT attempt to remove material from any part of the machine while it is being operated or components are in motion.

Make sure all guards and shields are in good condition and properly installed before operating the machine. Never operate the machine with shields removed. Always close access doors or panels before operating the machine.

Dirty or slippery steps, ladders, walkways, and platforms can cause falls. Make sure these surfaces remain clean and clear of debris.

A person or pet within the operating area of a machine can be struck or crushed by the machine or its equipment. DO NOT allow anyone to enter the work area.

Raised equipment and/or loads can fall unexpectedly and crush persons underneath. Never allow anyone to enter the area underneath raised equipment during operation.

Never operate engine in enclosed spaces as harmful exhaust gases may build up.

Before starting the machine, be sure that all controls are in neutral or park lock position.

Start the engine only from the operator's seat. If the safety start switch is bypassed, the engine can start with the transmission in gear. Do not connect or short across terminals on the starter solenoid. Attach jumper cables as described in the manual. Starting in gear may cause death or serious injury.

Always keep windows, mirrors, all lighting, and Slow Moving Vehicle (SMV) emblem clean to provide the best possible visibility while operating the machine.

Operate controls only when seated in the operator's seat, except for those controls expressly intended for use from other locations.

Before leaving the machine:

- 1. Park machine on a firm level surface.
- 2. Put all controls in neutral or park lock position.
- 3. Engage park brake, use wheel chocks if required.
- 4. Lower all hydraulic equipment Implements, header, etc.
- 5. Turn off engine and remove key.

When, due to exceptional circumstances, you would decide to keep the engine running after leaving the operator's station, then the following precautions must be followed:

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- 1. Bring the engine to low idle speed.
- 2. Disengage all drive systems.

#### 3. **A WARNING**

Some components may continue to run down after disengaging drive systems. Make sure all drive systems are fully disengaged. Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury.

Shift the transmission into neutral.

4. Apply the parking brake.

### A General maintenance safety

Keep area used for servicing the machine clean and dry. Clean up spilled fluids.

Service machine on a firm level surface.

Install guards and shields after servicing the machine.

Close all access doors and install all panels after servicing the machine.

Do not attempt to clean, lubricate, clear obstructions or make adjustments to the machine while it is in motion or while the engine is running.

Always make sure working area is clear of tools, parts, other persons and pets before you start operating the machine.

Unsupported hydraulic cylinders can lose pressure and drop the equipment causing a crushing hazard. Do not leave equipment in a raised position while parked or during service, unless securely supported.

Jack or lift the machine only at jack or lift points indicated in this manual.

Incorrect towing procedures can cause accidents. When towing a disabled machine follow the procedure in this manual. Use only rigid tow bars.

Stop the engine, remove key and relieve pressure before disconnecting or connecting fluid lines.

Stop the engine and remove key before disconnecting or connecting electrical connections.

Scalding can result from incorrect removal of coolant caps. Cooling system operates under pressure. Hot coolant can spray out if a cap is removed while the system is hot. Allow system to cool before removing cap. When removing a cap turn it slowly to allow pressure to escape before completely removing the cap.

Replace damaged or worn tubes, hoses, electrical wiring, etc.

Engine, transmission, exhaust components, and hydraulic lines may become hot during operation. Take care when servicing such components. Allow surfaces to cool before handling or disconnecting hot components. Wear protective equipment when appropriate.

When welding, follow this instructions in the manual. Always disconnect the battery before welding on the machine. Always wash your hands after handling battery components.

### A Wheels and tires A

Make sure tires are correctly inflated. Do not exceed recommended load or pressure. Follow instructions in the manual for proper tire inflation.

Tires are heavy. Handling tires without proper equipment could cause death or serious injury.

Always have a qualified tire technician service the tires and wheels. If a tire has lost all pressure, take the tire and wheel to a tire shop or your dealer for service. Explosive separation of the tire can cause serious injury.

DO NOT weld to a wheel or rim until the tire is completely removed. Inflated tires can generate a gas mixture with the air than can be ignited by high temperatures from welding procedures performed on the wheel or rim. Removing the air or loosening the tire on the rim (breaking the bead) will NOT eliminate the hazard. This condition can exist whether tires are inflated or deflated. The tire MUST be completely removed from the wheel or rim prior to welding the wheel or rim.

#### A Driving on public roads and general transportation safety A

Comply with local laws and regulations.

Use appropriate lighting to meet local regulations.

Make sure SMV emblem is visible.

Lift implements and attachments high enough above ground to prevent accidental contact with road.

When transporting equipment or machine on a transport trailer, make sure it is properly secured. Be sure the SMV emblem on the equipment or machine is covered while being transported on a trailer.

Be aware of overhead structures or power lines and make sure the machine and/or attachments can pass safely under.

Travel speed should be such that complete control and machine stability is maintained at all times.

Slow down and signal before turning.

Pull over to allow faster traffic to pass.

Follow correct towing procedure for equipment with or without brakes.

### **A** Fire and explosion prevention **A**

Fuel or oil leaked or spills on hot surfaces or electrical components can cause a fire.

Crop materials, trash, debris, bird nests, or flammable material can ignite on hot surfaces.

Always have a fire extinguisher on or near the machine.

At least once each day and at the end of the day remove all trash and debris from the machine especially around hot components such as engine, transmission, exhaust, battery, etc. More frequent cleaning of your machine may be necessary depending on the operating environment and conditions.

At least once each day, remove debris accumulation around moving components such as bearings, pulleys, belts, gears, cleaning fan, etc. More frequent cleaning of your machine may be necessary depending on the operating environment and conditions.

Inspect the electrical system for loose connections or frayed insulation. Repair or replace loose or damaged parts.

Do not store oily rags or other flammable material on the machine.

Do not weld or flame cut any items that contain flammable material. Clean items thoroughly with non-flammable solvents before welding or flame-cutting.

Do not expose the machine to flames, burning brush, or explosives.

Promptly investigate any unusual smells or odors that may occur during operation of the machine.

### A General battery safety

Always wear eye protection when working with batteries.

Do not create sparks or have open flame near battery.

Ventilate when charging or using in an enclosed area.

Disconnect negative (-) first and reconnect negative (-) last.

When welding on the machine, disconnect both terminals of the battery.

Do not weld, grind, or smoke near a battery.

When using auxiliary batteries or connecting jumper cables to start the engine, use the procedure shown in the operator's manual. Do not short across terminals.

Follow manufacturer's instructions when storing and handling batteries.

Battery post, terminals, and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds. Wash hands after handling. This is a California Proposition 65 warning.

Battery acid causes burns. Batteries contain sulfuric acid. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Antidote (external): Flush with water. Antidote (eyes): flush with water for 15 minutes and seek medical attention immediately. Antidote (internal): Drink large quantities of water or milk. Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical attention immediately.

Keep out of reach of children and other unauthorized persons.

### A Instructional seat safety

Passengers are not permitted to ride on the machine.

The instructional seat is to be used only when training a new operator or when a service technician is diagnosing a problem.

When required for the purposes of training or diagnostics, only one person may accompany the operator and that person must be seated in the instructional seat.

When the instructional seat is occupied, the following precautions must be followed:

- Machine should be driven only at slow speeds and over level ground.
- Avoid driving on highways or public roads.
- Avoid quick starts or stops.
- Avoid sharp turns.
- Always wear correctly adjusted seat belts.
- Keep door closed at all times.

### A Operator presence system A

Your machine is equipped with an operator presence system to prevent the use of some features while the operator is not in the operator's seat.

The operator presence system should never be disconnected or bypassed.

If the system is inoperable, the system must be repaired.

### A Power Take-Off (PTO)

PTO-driven machinery can cause death or serious injury. Before working on or near the PTO shaft or servicing or clearing the driven machine, put the PTO switch in the disengage position, stop the engine, and remove the key.

Whenever a PTO is in operation, all guards must be in place to prevent death or injury to the operator or bystanders.

### A Reflectors and warning lights A

Reflectors are located on the handrails in the areas as shown in Figure 1.

Flashing amber warning lights must be used when operating on public roads.



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### A Seat belts A

Seat belts must be worn at all times.

Seat belt inspection and maintenance:

- Keep seat belts in good condition.
- Keep sharp edges and items than can cause damage away from the belts.
- Periodically check belts, buckles, retractors, tethers, slack take-up system, and mounting bolts for damage and wear.
- Replace all parts that have damage or wear.
- Replace belts that have cuts that can make the belt weak.
- · Check that bolts are tight on the seat bracket or mounting.
- If belt is attached to seat, make sure seat or seat brackets are mounted securely.
- · Keep seat belts clean and dry.
- Clean belts only with soap solution and warm water.
- Do not use bleach or dye on the belts because this can make the belts weak.

To fasten the belt, pull it from the reel and push the tongue end (3) into the buckle end (2) until a "click" indicates it is fully engaged.

To release the belt, push the red release button (1) on the buckle and pull the tongue from the buckle.



### Air-conditioning system A

The air-conditioning system is under high pressure. Do not disconnect any lines. The release of high pressure can cause serious injury.

The air-conditioning system contains gases that are harmful to the environment when released into the atmosphere. Do not attempt to service or repair the system.

Service, repair, or recharging must be performed only by a trained service technician.



Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) such as hard hat, eye protection, heavy gloves, hearing protection, protective clothing, etc.

### A Do Not Operate tag A

Before you start servicing the machine, attach a 'Do Not Operate' warning tag to the machine in an area that will be visible.

### A Hazardous chemicals A

If you are exposed to or come in contact with hazardous chemicals you can be seriously injured. The fluids, lubricants, paints, adhesives, coolant, etc. required for the function of your machine can be hazardous. They may be attractive and harmful to domestic animals as well as humans.

Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) provide information about the chemical substances within a product, safe handling and storage procedures, first aid measures and procedures to be taken in the event of a spill or accidental release. MSDS are available from your dealer.

Before you service your machine, check the MSDS for each lubricant, fluid, etc. used in this machine. This information indicates the associated risks and will help you service the machine safely. Follow the information in the MSDS, on manufacturer containers, as well as the information in this manual when servicing the machine.

Dispose of all fluids, filters, and containers in an environmentally safe manner according to local laws and regulations. Check with local environmental and recycling centers or your dealer for correct disposal information.

Store fluids and filters in accordance with local laws and regulations. Use only appropriate containers for the storage of chemicals or petrochemical substances.

Keep out of reach or children or other unauthorized persons.

Additional precautions are required for applied chemicals. Obtain complete information from the manufacturer or distributor of the chemicals before using them.

### **A** Utility safety **A**

Make sure the machine has sufficient clearance to pass in all directions. Pay special attention to overhead power lines and hanging obstacles. High voltage lines may require significant clearance for safety. Contact local authorities or utilities to obtain safe clearance distances from high voltage power lines.

Retract raised or extended components, if necessary. Remove or lower radio antennas or other accessories. Should a contact between the machine and an electric power source occur, the following precautions must be taken:

- Stop the machine movement immediately.
- Apply the park brake, stop the engine, and remove the key.
- Check if you can safely leave the cab or your actual position without contact with electrical wires. If not, stay in your position and call for help. If you can leave your position without touching lines, jump clear of the machine to make sure you do not make contact with the ground and the machine at the same time.
- Do not permit anyone to touch the machine until power has been shut off to the power lines.

### A Working at heights A

When the normal use and maintenance of the machine requires working at heights:

- · Correctly use installed steps, ladders, and railings.
- · Never use ladders, steps, or railings while the machine is moving.
- Do not stand on surfaces which are not designated as steps or platforms.

Do not use the machine as a lift, ladder, or platform for working at heights.

### f A Lifting and overhead loads f A

Do not used raised equipment as a work platform.

Know the full area of movement of the machine and equipment and do not enter or permit anyone to enter the area of movement while the machine is in operation.

Never enter or permit anyone to enter the area underneath raised equipment. Equipment and/or loads can fall unexpectedly and crush persons underneath it.

Do not leave equipment in raised position while parked or during service, unless securely supported. Hydraulic cylinders must be mechanically locked or supported if they are left in a raised position for service or access.

Headers or other lifting and handling equipment and its load will change the center of gravity of the machine. This can cause the machine to tip on slopes or uneven ground.

Equipment and associated loads can block visibility and cause an accident. Do not operate with insufficient visibility.

### f A Mounting and dismounting f A

Mount and dismount the machine only at designated locations that have handholds, steps, or ladders.

Do not jump off the machine.

Make sure steps, ladders, and platforms remain clean and clear of debris and foreign substances. Injury may result from slippery surfaces.

Face the machine when mounting and dismounting.

Maintain a three-point contact with steps, ladders, and handholds.

Never mount or dismount from a moving machine.

Do not use the steering wheel or other controls or accessories as handholds when entering or exiting the cab or operator's platform.

### A Header lift locks

Do not work under the machine header unless it is securely blocked and/or the header safety latch is engaged.

Header will fall rapidly if hydraulic lift system should fail.

Rest header on ground or engage lift cylinder lockouts when working around raised header.

The header lift locks are engaged on the left-hand side of the machine by pushing handle rearward, as shown.



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### Personal safety - Emergency exit

Speedrower® 200 Speedrower® 240 NA NA

### **A**WARNING

Flying objects!

Some of the glass could shatter inward. Cover your head, particularly your eyes, while using the hammer. Use a shirt or a jacket, or your arm, for protection.

Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury.

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If it becomes impossible to open the cab door, while in the cab, you can use the right cab window as an emergency exit. Remove the hammer (1) from the bracket on the right rear post of the cab. Use the pointed hammer to shatter one of the windows.



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### Personal safety - Hydraulic system safety

### A DANGER

Pressurized system!

Always remove all pressure before working on the hydraulic system. Follow the pressure BLEED program in the Configuration Mode to remove the pressure in the entire hydraulic system. Failure to comply will result in death or serious injury.

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**Escaping fluid!** 

Hydraulic fluid or diesel fuel leaking under pressure can penetrate the skin and cause infection or other injury. To prevent personal injury: Relieve all pressure before disconnecting fluid lines or performing work on the hydraulic system. Before applying pressure, make sure all connections are tight and all components are in good condition. Never use your hand to check for suspected leaks under pressure. Use a piece of cardboard or wood for this purpose. If injured by leaking fluid, see your doctor immediately.

Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury.

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Escaping fluid!

If a hydraulic hose, line, or pipe shows signs of wear or damage, replace the component IMMEDIATELY. Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury.

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#### **WARNING**

Pressurized system! Hydraulic accumulators contain gas and oil under pressure. Service or repair must be performed only by trained service technician. Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury.

**NOTE:** The accumulator(s) keeps the hydraulic flotation system at a high pressure, even without the engine running.

### Personal safety - Maintenance safety

Speedrower® 200	NA
Speedrower® 240	NA
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Avoid injury! Always do the following before lubricating, maintaining, or servicing the machine.

- 1. Disengage all drives.
- 2. Engage parking brake.
- 3. Lower all attachments to the ground, or raise and engage all safety locks.
- 4. Shut off engine.
- 5. Remove key from key switch.
- 6. Wait for all machine movement to stop.
- Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury.

#### **WARNING**

Burn hazard!

Be very careful to avoid contact with hot fluids. If fluid is extremely hot, allow it to cool to a moderately warm temperature before proceeding.

Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury.

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Illustrations in this manual may show protective shielding open or removed to better illustrate a particular feature or adjustment.

Replace all shields before operating the machine.

Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury.

W0012A

Apply the parking brake (1) and shut off the engine.



Whenever the header is raised, engage the header lift locks (1).

**NOTICE:** Keep the windrower free from crop debris and oil to prevent fires.



NHIL14WR00275AA 2

### Safety rules - Ecology and the environment

Speedrower® 200	NA
Speedrower® 240	NA

Soil, air, and water quality is important for all industries and life in general. When legislation does not yet rule the treatment of some of the substances that advanced technology requires, sound judgment should govern the use and disposal of products of a chemical and petrochemical nature.

Familiarize yourself with the relative legislation applicable to your country, and make sure that you understand this legislation. Where no legislation exists, obtain information from suppliers of oils, filters, batteries, fuels, anti-freeze, cleaning agents, etc., with regard to the effect of these substances on man and nature and how to safely store, use, and dispose of these substances.

#### Helpful hints

- Avoid the use of cans or other inappropriate pressurized fuel delivery systems to fill tanks. Such delivery systems may cause considerable spillage.
- In general, avoid skin contact with all fuels, oils, acids, solvents, etc. Most of these products contain substances that may be harmful to your health.
- Modern oils contain additives. Do not burn contaminated fuels and or waste oils in ordinary heating systems.
- Avoid spillage when you drain fluids such as used engine coolant mixtures, engine oil, hydraulic fluid, brake fluid, etc. Do not mix drained brake fluids or fuels with lubricants. Store all drained fluids safely until you can dispose of the fluids in a proper way that complies with all local legislation and available resources.
- Do not allow coolant mixtures to get into the soil. Collect and dispose of coolant mixtures properly.
- The air-conditioning system contains gases that should not be released into the atmosphere. Consult an air-conditioning specialist or use a special extractor to recharge the system properly.
- Repair any leaks or defects in the engine cooling system or hydraulic system immediately.
- Do not increase the pressure in a pressurized circuit as this may lead to a component failure.
- Protect hoses during welding. Penetrating weld splatter may burn a hole or weaken hoses, allowing the loss of oils, coolant, etc.

### **Battery recycling**

Batteries and electric accumulators contain several substances that can have a harmful effect on the environment if the batteries are not properly recycled after use. Improper disposal of batteries can contaminate the soil, groundwater, and waterways. NEW HOLLAND strongly recommends that you return all used batteries to a NEW HOLLAND dealer, who will dispose of the used batteries or recycle the used batteries properly. In some countries, this is a legal requirement.



### Mandatory battery recycling

NOTE: The following requirements are mandatory in Brazil.

Batteries are made of lead plates and a sulfuric acid solution. Because batteries contain heavy metals such as lead, CONAMA Resolution 401/2008 requires you to return all used batteries to the battery dealer when you replace any batteries. Do not dispose of batteries in your household garbage.

Points of sale are obliged to:

- · Accept the return of your used batteries
- Store the returned batteries in a suitable location
- · Send the returned batteries to the battery manufacturer for recycling

### Personal safety - Do not operate tag

Speedrower® 200	NA
Speedrower® 240	NA

W0047A

#### **WARNING**

Avoid injury! Always do the following before lubricating, maintaining, or servicing the machine.

- 1. Disengage all drives.
- 2. Engage parking brake.
- 3. Lower all attachments to the ground, or raise and engage all safety locks.
- 4. Shut off engine.
- 5. Remove key from key switch.
- 6. Switch off battery key, if installed.
- 7. Wait for all machine movement to stop.
- Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury.

Before you service the machine, put a DO NOT OPERATE tag on the instrument panel.



321\_4614 1 DO NOT OPERATE TAG

- A. (1) Do not operate.
- B. (2) Do not remove this.
- C. (3) See other side.
- D. (4) Signed by.
- E. (5) Reason

The DO NOT OPERATE tag can be obtained from your NEW HOLLAND dealer.

### Torque - Minimum tightening torques for normal assembly

Speedrower® 200 Speedrower® 240 NA NA

#### METRIC NON-FLANGED HARDWARE

NOM.					LOCKNUT	LOCKNUT
SIZE					CL.8	CL.10
	CLASS 8.8	BOLT and	CLASS 10.9	BOLT and	W/CL8.8	W/CL10.9
	CLASS	8 NUT	CLASS	10 NUT	BOLT	BOLT
	UNPLATED	PLATED W/ZnCr	UNPLATED	PLATED W/ZnCr		
M4	2.2 N·m (19 lb in)	2.9 N·m (26 lb in)	3.2 N⋅m (28 lb in)	4.2 N·m (37 lb in)	2 N·m (18 lb in)	2.9 N·m (26 lb in)
M5	4.5 N·m (40 lb in)	5.9 N·m (52 lb in)	6.4 N·m (57 lb in)	8.5 N·m (75 lb in)	4 N·m (36 lb in)	5.8 N·m (51 lb in)
M6	7.5 N·m (66 lb in)	10 N·m (89 lb in)	11 N·m (96 lb in)	15 N·m (128 lb in)	6.8 N·m (60 lb in)	10 N·m (89 lb in)
M8	18 N·m (163 lb in)	25 N·m (217 lb in)	26 N·m (234 lb in)	35 N·m (311 lb in)	17 N·m (151 lb in)	24 N·m (212 lb in)
M10	37 N·m (27 lb ft)	49 N·m (36 lb ft)	52 N·m (38 lb ft)	70 N·m (51 lb ft)	33 N·m (25 lb ft)	48 N·m (35 lb ft)
M12	64 N·m (47 lb ft)	85 N·m (63 lb ft)	91 N·m (67 lb ft)	121 N·m (90 lb ft)	58 N·m (43 lb ft)	83 N·m (61 lb ft)
M16	158 N·m (116 lb ft)	210 N·m (155 lb ft)	225 N·m (166 lb ft)	301 N·m (222 lb ft)	143 N·m (106 lb ft)	205 N·m (151 lb ft)
M20	319 N·m (235 lb ft)	425 N·m (313 lb ft)	440 N·m (325 lb ft)	587 N·m (433 lb ft)	290 N·m (214 lb ft)	400 N·m (295 lb ft)
M24	551 N·m (410 lb ft)	735 N·m (500 lb ft)	762 N·m (560 lb ft)	1016 N⋅m (750 lb ft)	501 N·m (370 lb ft)	693 N·m (510 lb ft)

**NOTE:** M4 through M8 hardware torque specifications are shown in pound-inches. M10 through M24 hardware torque specifications are shown in pound-feet.

NOM.	CLASS 8.8 BOLT and		CLASS 10.9 BOLT and		LOCKNUT	LOCKNUT
SIZE	CLASS	8 NUT	CLASS 10 NUT		CL.8	CL.10
		•• .				
					WV/GLO.O	W/CL10.9
					BOLT	BOLT
		PLATED		PLATED		
	UNPLATED	W/ZnCr	UNPLATED	W/ZnCr		
М4	2.4 N·m (21 lb	3.2 N·m (28 lb	3.5 N·m (31 lb	4.6 N·m (41 lb	2.2 N·m (19 lb	3.1 N·m (27 lb
101-4	in)	in)	in)	in)	in)	in)
N45	4.9 N⋅m (43 lb	6.5 N·m (58 lb	7.0 N·m (62 lb	9.4 N·m (83 lb	4.4 N⋅m (39 lb	6.4 N·m (57 lb
IVI5	in) ์	in) ์	in) ์	in) ์	in) ์	in)
MC	8.3 N⋅m (73 lb	11 N·m (96 lb	12 N·m (105 lb	16 N·m (141 lb	7.5 N·m (66 lb	11 N·m (96 lb
IVIO	in)	in)	in)	in)	in)	in)
MO	20 N·m (179 lb	27 N·m (240 lb	29 N·m (257 lb	39 N·m (343 lb	18 N·m (163 lb	27 N·m (240 lb
IVIO	in)	in)	in)	in)	in)	in)
M10	40 N·m (30 lb ft)	54 N·m (40 lb	57 N·m (42 lb ft)	77 N·m (56 lb	37 N·m (27 lb ft)	53 N·m (39 lb ft)
WITO		ft)		ft)		
N440	70 N	93 N·m (69 lb	100 N·m (74 lb	134 N·m (98 lb	(2) N $(47)$ ( $47$ ) ( $47$ )	04 N
M12	<b>70 Ν·</b> Μ (52 ΙD Π)	ft)	ft)	ft)	63 N·m (47 ID π)	91 N·M (67 D TT)
M40	174 N·m (128 lb	231 N·m (171 lb	248 N·m (183 lb	331 N·m (244 lb	158 N·m (116 lb	226 N·m (167 lb
IN110	ft) ์	ft)	ft)	ft)	ft) ์	ft)
1400	350 N·m (259 lb	467 N·m (345 lb	484 N·m (357 lb	645 N·m (476 lb	318 N·m (235 lb	440 N·m (325 lb
M20	ft)	ft)	ft) ์	ft)	ft)	ft)
	607 N·m (447 lb	809 N·m (597 lb	838 N·m (618 lb	1118 N·m	552 N·m (407 lb	,
M24	ft)	ft)	ft)	(824 lb ft)	ft)	
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#### METRIC FLANGED HARDWARE

### **IDENTIFICATION**

# Metric Hex head and carriage bolts, classes 5.6 and up

- 1. Manufacturer's Identification
- 2. Property Class



# Metric Hex nuts and locknuts, classes 05 and up

- 1. Manufacturer's Identification
- 2. Property Class
- 3. Clock Marking of Property Class and Manufacturer's Identification (Optional), i.e. marks **60** ° apart indicate Class 10 properties, and marks **120** ° apart indicate Class 8.



NOMINAL	SAE GRAI	DE 5 BOLT	SAE GRADE 8 BOLT		LOCKNUT GrB W/ Gr5	LOCKNUT GrC W/ Gr8
SIZE	and	NUT	and NUT		BOLT	BOLT
	UN- PLATED or PLATED SILVER	PLATED W/ZnCr GOLD	UN- PLATED or PLATED SILVER	PLATED W/ZnCr GOLD		
1/4	8 N·m (71 lb in)	11 N·m (97 lb in)	12 N·m (106 lb in)	16 N·m (142 lb in)	8.5 N·m (75 lb in)	12.2 N·m (109 lb in)
5/16	17 N·m (150 lb in)	23 N·m (204 lb in)	24 N·m (212 lb in)	32 N·m (283 lb in)	17.5 N·m (155 lb in)	25 N·m (220 lb in)
3/8	30 N·m (22 lb ft)	40 N·m (30 lb ft)	43 N·m (31 lb ft)	57 N·m (42 lb ft)	31 N·m (23 lb ft)	44 N·m (33 lb ft)
7/16	48 N·m (36 lb ft)	65 N·m (48 lb ft)	68 N·m (50 lb ft)	91 N·m (67 lb ft)	50 N·m (37 lb ft)	71 N·m (53 lb ft)
1/2	74 N·m (54 lb ft)	98 N·m (73 lb ft)	104 N·m (77 lb ft)	139 N·m (103 lb ft)	76 N·m (56 lb ft)	108 N·m (80 lb ft)
9/16	107 N·m (79 lb ft)	142 N·m (105 lb ft)	150 N·m (111 lb ft)	201 N·m (148 lb ft)	111 N·m (82 lb ft)	156 N·m (115 lb ft)
5/8	147 N·m (108 lb ft)	196 N·m (145 lb ft)	208 N·m (153 lb ft)	277 N·m (204 lb ft)	153 N·m (113 lb ft)	215 N·m (159 lb ft)
3/4	261 N·m (193 lb ft)	348 N·m (257 lb ft)	369 N·m (272 lb ft)	491 N·m (362 lb ft)	271 N·m (200 lb ft)	383 N·m (282 lb ft)
7/8	420 N·m (310 lb ft)	561 N·m (413 lb ft)	594 N·m (438 lb ft)	791 N·m (584 lb ft)	437 N·m (323 lb ft)	617 N·m (455 lb ft)
1	630 N·m (465 lb ft)	841 N·m (620 lb ft)	890 N·m (656 lb ft)	1187 N·m (875 lb ft)	654 N·m (483 lb ft)	924 N·m (681 lb ft)

#### INCH NON-FLANGED HARDWARE

**NOTE:** For Imperial Units, **1/4 in** and **5/16 in** hardware torque specifications are shown in pound-inches. **3/8 in** through **1 in** hardware torque specifications are shown in pound-feet.

NOM- INAL SIZE	SAE GRADE NU	5 BOLT and JT	d SAE GRADE 8 BOLT and NUT		LOCKNUT GrF W/ Gr5 BOLT	LOCKNUT GrG W/ Gr8 BOLT
	UNPLATED	PLATED	UNPLATED	PLATED		
	or PLATED	W/ZnCr	or PI ATED	W/ZnCr		
	SILVER	GOLD	SILVER	GOLD		
1/4	9 N·m (80 lb in)	12 N·m (106 lb in)	13 N·m (115 lb in)	17 N·m (150 lb in)	8 N·m (71 lb in)	12 N·m (106 lb in)
<b>F</b> /4 C	19 N·m (168 lb	25 N·m (221 lb	26 N·m (230 lb	35 N·m (310 lb	17 N·m (150 lb	24 N·m (212 lb
5/16	in	in	in)	in)	in)	in
3/8	33 N·m (25 lb ft)	44 N·m (33 lb ft)	47 N·m (35 lb ft)	63 N·m (46 lb ft)	30 N·m (22 lb ft)	43 N·m (32 lb ft)
7/40	53 N·m (39 lb	71 N·m (52 lb	75 N·m (55 lb	100 N·m (74 lb	40 N	CO N = (EO Ib ft)
//16	ft) ์	ft)	ft)	ft)	48 Ν· <b>Π</b> (35 ID Π)	(11 di UC) m·N 88
1/2	81 N·m (60 lb	108 N·m (80 lb	115 N·m (85 lb	153 N·m	74 N·m (55 lb ft)	104 N·m (77 lb
	π)	π)	π)	$(113 \text{ ID } \pi)$	. ,	π)
9/16	117 N·m (86 lb ft)	156 N·m (115 lb ft)	165 N·m (122 lb ft)	221 N·m (163 lb ft)	106 N·m (78 lb ft)	157 N·m (116 lb ft)
	162 N·m (119 lb	216 N·m	228 N·m	304 N·m	147 N·m (108 lb	207 N·m (153 lb
5/8	ft)	(159 lb ft)	(168 lb ft)	(225 lb ft)	ft)	ft)
0/4	287 N·m (212 lb	383 N·m	405 N⋅m	541 N·m	261 N·m (193 lb	369 N⋅m (272 lb
3/4	ft)	(282 lb ft)	(299 lb ft)	(399 lb ft)	ft)	ft)
7/0	462 N·m (341 lb	617 N·m	653 N·m	871 N·m	421 N·m (311 lb	594 N·m (438 lb
٥/١	ft)	(455 lb ft)	(482 lb ft)	(642 lb ft)	ft) ์	ft)
4	693 N·m (512 lb	925 N·m	979 N·m	1305 N·m	631 N·m (465 lb	890 N·m (656 lb
<u> </u>	ft)	(682 lb ft)	(722 lb ft)	(963 lb ft)	ft)	ft)

#### INCH FLANGED HARDWARE

### **IDENTIFICATION**

### Inch Bolts and free-spinning nuts

SAE Grade Identification			
1	Grade 2 - No Marks	4	Grade 2 Nut - No Marks
2	Grade 5 - Three Marks	5	Grade 5 Nut - Marks <b>120</b> ° Apart
3	Grade 8 - Five Marks	6	Grade 8 Nut - Marks <b>60</b> ° Apart

# Inch Lock Nuts, All Metal (Three optional methods)

### Grade Identification

Grad- e	Corner Marking Method (1)	Flats Marking Method (2)	Clock Marking Method (3)
Grad- e A	No Notches	No Mark	No Marks
Grad- e B	One Circumferential Notch	Letter B	Three Marks
Grad- e C	Two Circumferential Notches	Letter C	Six Marks

### **Grade Marking Examples**





### **Torque - Standard torque data for hydraulics**

Speedrower® 200 Speedrower® 240 NA NA

#### INSTALLATION OF ADJUSTABLE FITTINGS IN STRAIGHT THREAD O RING BOSSES

- 1. Lubricate the O-ring by coating it with a light oil or petroleum. Install the O-ring in the groove adjacent to the metal backup washer which is assembled at the extreme end of the groove (4).
- Install the fitting into the SAE straight thread boss until the metal backup washer contacts the face of the boss (5).

**NOTE:** Do not over tighten and distort the metal backup washer.

3. Position the fitting by turning out (counterclockwise) up to a maximum of one turn. Holding the pad of the fitting with a wrench, tighten the locknut and washer against the face of the boss (6).



#### STANDARD TORQUE DATA FOR HYDRAULIC TUBES AND FITTINGS

TUBE NUTS FOR 37° FLARED FITTINGS			O-RING BOSS PLUGS ADJUSTABLE FITTING LOCKNUTS, SWIVEL JIC- 37° SEATS	
SIZE	TUBING OD	THREAD SIZE	TORQUE	TORQUE
4	6.4 mm (1/4 in)	7/16-20	12 - 16 N·m (9 - 12 lb ft)	8 - 14 N·m (6 - 10 lb ft)
5	7.9 mm (5/16 in)	1/2-20	16 - 20 N·m (12 - 15 lb ft)	14 - 20 N⋅m (10 - 15 lb ft)
6	9.5 mm (3/8 in)	9/16-18	29 - 33 N·m (21 - 24 lb ft)	20 - 27 N·m (15 - 20 lb ft)
8	12.7 mm (1/2 in)	3/4-16	47 - 54 N·m (35 - 40 lb ft)	34 - 41 N⋅m (25 - 30 lb ft)
10	15.9 mm (5/8 in)	7/8-14	72 - 79 N·m (53 - 58 lb ft)	47 - 54 N·m (35 - 40 lb ft)
12	19.1 mm (3/4 in)	1-1/16-12	104 - 111 N·m (77 - 82 lb ft)	81 - 95 N⋅m (60 - 70 lb ft)
14	22.2 mm (7/8 in)	1-3/16-12	122 - 136 N·m (90 - 100 lb ft)	95 - 109 N·m (70 - 80 lb ft)
16	25.4 mm (1 in)	1-5/16-12	149 - 163 N·m (110 - 120 lb ft)	108 - 122 N·m (80 - 90 lb ft)
20	31.8 mm (1-1/4 in)	1-5/8-12	190 - 204 N·m (140 - 150 lb ft)	129 - 158 N·m (95 - 115 lb ft)
24	38.1 mm (1-1/2 in)	1-7/8-12	217 - 237 N·m (160 - 175 lb ft)	163 - 190 N·m (120 - 140 lb ft)
32	50.8 mm (2 in)	2-1/2-12	305 - 325 N·m (225 - 240 lb ft)	339 - 407 N·m (250 - 300 lb ft)

These torques are not recommended for tubes of **12.7 mm** (**1**/**2** in) OD and larger with wall thickness of **0.889 mm** (**0.035** in) or less. The torque is specified for **0.889 mm** (**0.035** in) wall tubes on each application individually.

Before installing and torquing **37** ° flared fittings, clean the face of the flare and threads with a clean solvent or Loctite cleaner and apply hydraulic sealant **LOCTITE® 569** to the **37** ° flare and the threads.

Install fitting and torque to specified torque, loosen fitting and retorque to specifications.

### PIPE THREAD FITTING TORQUE

Before installing and tightening pipe fittings, clean the threads with a clean solvent or Loctite cleaner and apply sealant LOCTITE® 567 PST PIPE SEALANT for all fittings including stainless steel or LOCTITE® 565 PST for most metal fittings. For high filtration/zero contamination systems use LOCTITE® 545.

# INSTALLATION OF ORFS (O-RING FLAT FACED) FITTINGS

When installing ORFS fittings thoroughly clean both flat surfaces of the fittings (1) and lubricate the O-ring (2) with light oil. Make sure both surfaces are aligned properly. Torque the fitting to specified torque listed throughout the repair manual.

**NOTICE:** If the fitting surfaces are not properly cleaned, the O-ring will not seal properly. If the fitting surfaces are not properly aligned, the fittings may be damaged and will not seal properly.

**NOTICE:** Always use genuine factory replacement oils and filters to ensure proper lubrication and filtration of engine and hydraulic system oils.

The use of proper oils, grease, and keeping the hydraulic system clean will extend machine and component life.

PIPE THREAD FITTING		
Thread Size	Torque (Maximum)	
1/8-27	13 N·m (10 lb ft)	
1/4-18	16 N·m (12 lb ft)	
3/8-18	22 N⋅m (16 lb ft)	
1/2-14	41 N·m (30 lb ft)	
3/4-14	54 N·m (40 lb ft)	



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### **Basic instructions - Shop and assembly**

Speedrower® 200	NA
Speedrower® 240	NA

### Shimming

For each adjustment operation, select adjusting shims and measure the adjusting shims individually using a micrometer, then add up the recorded values. Do not rely on measuring the entire shimming set, which may be incorrect, or the rated value shown on each shim.

#### **Rotating shaft seals**

For correct rotating shaft seal installation, proceed as follows:

- 1. Before assembly, allow the seal to soak in the oil it will be sealing for at least thirty minutes.
- 2. Thoroughly clean the shaft and check that the working surface on the shaft is not damaged.
- 3. Position the sealing lip facing the fluid.

**NOTE:** With hydrodynamic lips, take into consideration the shaft rotation direction and position the grooves so that they will move the fluid towards the inner side of the seal.

- 4. Coat the sealing lip with a thin layer of lubricant (use oil rather than grease). Fill the gap between the sealing lip and the dust lip on double lip seals with grease.
- 5. Insert the seal in its seat and press down using a flat punch or seal installation tool. Do not tap the seal with a hammer or mallet.
- 6. While you insert the seal, check that the seal is perpendicular to the seat. When the seal settles, make sure that the seal makes contact with the thrust element, if required.
- 7. To prevent damage to the seal lip on the shaft, position a protective guard during installation operations.

#### O-ring seals

Lubricate the O-ring seals before you insert them in the seats. This will prevent the O-ring seals from overturning and twisting, which would jeopardize sealing efficiency.

#### Sealing compounds

Apply a sealing compound on the mating surfaces when specified by the procedure. Before you apply the sealing compound, prepare the surfaces as directed by the product container.

#### Spare parts

Only use CNH Original Parts or NEW HOLLAND Original Parts.

Only genuine spare parts guarantee the same quality, duration, and safety as original parts, as they are the same parts that are assembled during standard production. Only CNH Original Parts or NEW HOLLAND Original Parts can offer this guarantee.

When ordering spare parts, always provide the following information:

- Machine model (commercial name) and Product Identification Number (PIN)
- · Part number of the ordered part, which can be found in the parts catalog

#### Protecting the electronic and/or electrical systems during charging and welding

To avoid damage to the electronic and/or electrical systems, always observe the following practices:

- 1. Never make or break any of the charging circuit connections when the engine is running, including the battery connections.
- 2. Never short any of the charging components to ground.
- 3. Always disconnect the ground cable from the battery before arc welding on the machine or on any machine attachment.
  - Position the welder ground clamp as close to the welding area as possible.
  - If you weld in close proximity to a computer module, then you should remove the module from the machine.
  - Never allow welding cables to lie on, near, or across any electrical wiring or electronic component while you
    weld.
- 4. Always disconnect the negative cable from the battery when charging the battery in the machine with a battery charger.

**NOTICE:** If you must weld on the unit, you must disconnect the battery ground cable from the machine battery. The electronic monitoring system and charging system will be damaged if this is not done.

5. Remove the battery ground cable. Reconnect the cable when you complete welding.

### **WARNING**

Battery acid causes burns. Batteries contain sulfuric acid.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Antidote (external): Flush with water. Antidote (eyes): flush with water for 15 minutes and seek medical attention immediately. Antidote (internal): Drink large quantities of water or milk. Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical attention immediately. Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury.

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#### Special tools

The special tools that NEW HOLLAND suggests and illustrate in this manual have been specifically researched and designed for use with NEW HOLLAND machines. The special tools are essential for reliable repair operations. The special tools are accurately built and rigorously tested to offer efficient and long-lasting operation.

By using these tools, repair personnel will benefit from:

- · Operating in optimal technical conditions
- · Obtaining the best results
- Saving time and effort
- Working in safe conditions

### Hydraulic contamination

Contamination in the hydraulic system is a major cause of the malfunction of hydraulic components. Contamination is any foreign material in the hydraulic oil.

Contamination can enter the hydraulic system in several ways:

- When you drain the oil or disconnect any line
- When you disassemble a component
- · From normal wear of the hydraulic components
- From damaged seals or worn seals
- · From a damaged component in the hydraulic system

All hydraulic systems operate with some contamination. The design of the components in this hydraulic system permits efficient operation with a small amount of contamination. An increase in this amount of contamination can cause problems in the hydraulic system.

The following list includes some of these problems:

- Cylinder rod seals that leak
- · Control valve spools that do not return to neutral
- Movement of control valve spools is difficult
- · Hydraulic oil that becomes too hot
- Pump gears, housing, and other parts that wear rapidly
- · Relief valves or check valves held open by dirt
- · Quick failure of components that have been repaired
- Slow cycle times are slow. The machine does not have enough power.

If your machine has any of these problems, check the hydraulic oil for contamination.

There are two types of contamination: microscopic and visible.

Microscopic contamination occurs when very fine particles of foreign material are suspended in the hydraulic oil. These particles are too small to see or feel. Microscopic contamination can be found by identification of the following problems or by testing in a laboratory.

Examples of problems caused by microscopic contamination:

- · Cylinder rod seals that leak
- · Control valve spools that do not return to neutral
- · The hydraulic system has a high operating temperature

Visible contamination is foreign material that can be found by sight, touch, or odor. Visible contamination can cause a sudden failure of components.

Examples of problems caused by visible contamination:

- · Particles of metal or dirt in the oil
- Air in the oil
- Dark or thick oil
- Oil with an odor of burned oil
- · Water in the oil

If you find contamination, use a portable filter to clean the hydraulic system.

### Capacities

Application	Lubricant	Lube class	Capacity
Engine crankcase	See engine oil viscosity chart at Maintenance	CI-4 or CH-4	16 I (16.9 US qt)
-	chart - Recommended operating temperature		with filter
	range ()		
Cooling system	NEW HOLLAND AMBRA ACTIFULL™ OT		25.7 L (27.2 US qt)
	EXTENDED LIFE COOLANT		
Engine flywheel gearbox	NEW HOLLAND AMBRA HYPOIDE SSL GEAR	GL5	2.5 I (2.6 US qt)
	OIL		
Hydraulic system reservoir	NEW HOLLAND AMBRA MULTI G 134™	J20A	41.6 I (11 US gal)
	HYDRAULIC TRANSMISSION OIL		
Total hydraulic system -	NEW HOLLAND AMBRA MULTI G 134™	J20A	62.2 I (16.42 US
Non-draper units	HYDRAULIC TRANSMISSION OIL		gal)
Total hydraulic system -	NEW HOLLAND AMBRA MULTI G 134™	J20A	68.1 I (18 US gal)
Draper units	HYDRAULIC TRANSMISSION OIL		
Planetary final drives	NEW HOLLAND AMBRA HYPOIDE 90 or NEW	GL5	0.89 I (0.94 US qt)
	HOLLAND AMBRA HYPOIDE SSL GEAR OIL		
Air conditioning system	CNH REFRIGERANT HFC-134A		1.9 kg (4.2 lb)
Lubrication fittings	NEW HOLLAND AMBRA GR-9 MULTI- PURPOSE GREASE		

### Maintenance chart - Recommended operating temperature range

For machines using TIER 3 engines



(A) Engine oil pan or coolant block heater recommended in this range.

### General specification

### Machine specifications

#### Engine

	SR200	SR240
Model source	6-cyl diesel turbocharged w/ charge	6-cyl diesel turbocharged w/ charge
	air cooler	air cooler
Bore	104 mm (4.1 in)	104 mm (4.1 in)
Stroke	132 mm (5.2 in)	132 mm (5.2 in)
Displacement	6.7 I (409 in <sup>3</sup> )	6.7 l (409 in³)
Compression	17.5:1	16.5:1
Firing order	1 5 3 6 2 4	153624
Power	142 kW (190 Hp)	169 kW (227 Hp)
Rated RPM	2200 RPM	2200 RPM
Torque at rated RPM	616 N·m (454 lb ft)	743 N⋅m (548 lb ft)
Peak torque	830 N·m (612 lb ft) @ 1600 RPM	960 N·m (709 lb ft) @ 1600 RPM
Idle speed	1000 RPM	1000 RPM
Max. no load speed	2250 RPM	2250 RPM

#### Cooling system

Radiator cap pressure	89.6 kPa (13 psi)
Fan - Number of blades/diameter	7 blade / <b>711 mm (28 in</b> )

#### Fuel system

Injector pump	Bosch

#### **Electrical system**

Voltage	12 V
Alternator output	150 A
Batteries	(2), GP31 650 CCA
Starter motor	lskra <b>12 V 4.2 kW</b> ( <b>5.6 Hp</b> )

### Rear axle

Туре	Air suspension
Adjustment range (3 positions)	2286 mm - 2667 mm - 3048 mm ( 90 in - 105 in - 120 in)

Application	Lubricant	Lube class
Engine crankcase	See engine oil viscosity chart	CI-4 or CH-4
Engine flywheel gearbox	NEW HOLLAND AMBRA HYPOIDE SSL GEAR OIL	GL5
Hydraulic system	NEW HOLLAND AMBRA MULTI G 134™ HYDRAULIC	J20A
	TRANSMISSION OIL	
Planetary final drives	NEW HOLLAND AMBRA HYPOIDE 90 or	GL5
	NEW HOLLAND AMBRA HYPOIDE SSL GEAR OIL	
Cooling system	NEW HOLLAND AMBRA ACTIFULL™ OT EXTENDED LIFE COOLANT	
Air conditioning system	CNH REFRIGERANT HFC-134A	
Lubrication fittings	NEW HOLLAND AMBRA GR-9 MULTI-PURPOSE GREASE	

### Machine overall dimensions

#### Length

Windrower with draper header	7671 mm (302 in)
Windrower with disc header	7188 mm (283 in)
Windrower less header and lift arms	5060 mm (199.2 in)
Shipping dimensions (With lift cylinders detached and lift	<b>3562 mm (140 in)</b> width
arms wired up)	<b>3077 mm</b> ( <b>121 in</b> ) height
	5281 mm (208 in) length

### Wheelbase

Wheel base with forked support and 14L x 16.1 tires	3659 mm (144.1 in)
Wheel base with single arm support and 16.5L x 16.1	3627 mm (142.8 in)
tires	

### Height

Overall height - with 21L x 28 tires (tallest tire available)	3444 mm (135.6 in)

### Rear axle clearance

Either 14L or 16.5L tires	1080 mm (42.5 in)

#### Width

Overall front width to outside of tires - Non-draper units	3932 mm (154.8 in)
Overall front width to outside of tires - Draper units	<b>3976 mm (156.5 in)</b>

### Weight

	SR200	SR240
Windrower weight - Non-draper units	5263 kg (11600 lb)	5299 kg (11680 lb)
(base unit with full fuel tank, without	with 580/70R26, R3	with 580/70R26, R3
header, ballast weights, or operator)		
Windrower weight - Draper units	5549 kg (12230 lb)	5585 kg (12310 lb)
(base unit with full fuel tank, without	with 600/65R28, R1W	with 600/65R28, R1W
header, ballast weights, or operator)		

### **Ground speeds**

#### Front tires

Front option A	480/80R26 149 R3 turf radial
Front option B	18.4 x 26 cleat R4 12 ply
Front option C	18.4R26 cleat R1 radial
----------------	------------------------------
Front option D	21L x 28 cleat R4 14 ply
Front option E	16.9 x 28 cleat R4 12 ply
Front option F	580/70R26 149 R3 turf radial
Front option G	600/65R28 154 R1W radial

#### **Rear tires**

Option X	14 L X 16.1 (8 ply) ribbed implement
Option Y	16.5 L X 16.1 (10 ply) ribbed implement

#### Ground speed

2 Speed configuration	Non-draper	Draper	
Option A			
Low range		Up to <b>21.7 km/h</b> ( <b>13.5 mph</b> )	
High range		Up to <b>32.5 km/h</b> ( <b>20.2 mph</b> )	
Option B			
Low range		Up to <b>21.2 km/h</b> ( <b>13.2 mph</b> )	
High range		Up to <b>31.7 km/h</b> ( <b>19.7 mph</b> )	
Option C			
Low range		Up to <b>21.7 km/h</b> ( <b>13.5 mph</b> )	
High range		Up to <b>32.5 km/h</b> ( <b>20.2 mph</b> )	
Option D			
Low range		Up to <b>22.0 km/h</b> ( <b>13.7 mph</b> )	
High range		Up to <b>33.0 km/h</b> ( <b>20.5 mph</b> )	
Option E			
Low range		Up to <b>21.1 km/h</b> ( <b>13.1 mph</b> )	
High range		Up to <b>31.5 km/h</b> ( <b>19.6 mph</b> )	
Option F			
Low range		Up to <b>22.5 km/h</b> ( <b>14.0 mph</b> )	
High range		Up to <b>33.6 km/h</b> ( <b>20.9 mph</b> )	
Option G			
Low range		Up to <b>22.4 km/h</b> ( <b>13.9 mph</b> )	
High range		Up to <b>33.5 km/h</b> ( <b>20.8 mph</b> )	

3 Speed configuration	Non-draper Draper		
Option A			
Low range		Up to <b>20.0 km/h</b> ( <b>12.4 mph</b> )	
Medium range		Up to 27.2 km/h (16.9 mph)	
High range		Up to <b>38.6 km/h</b> ( <b>24.0 mph</b> )	
Option B			
Low range		Up to <b>19.5 km/h</b> ( <b>12.1 mph</b> )	
Medium range		Up to <b>26.6 km/h</b> ( <b>16.5 mph</b> )	
High range		Up to <b>37.0 km/h</b> ( <b>23.0 mph</b> )	
Option C			
Low range		Up to <b>20.0 km/h</b> ( <b>12.4 mph</b> )	
Medium range		Up to <b>27.2 km/h</b> ( <b>16.9 mph</b> )	
High range		Up to <b>38.6 km/h</b> ( <b>24.0 mph</b> )	
Option D			
Low range		Up to <b>20.3 km/h</b> ( <b>12.6 mph</b> )	
Medium range		Up to <b>27.5 km/h</b> ( <b>17.1 mph</b> )	
High range		Up to <b>38.6 km/h</b> ( <b>24.0 mph</b> )	
Option E			
Low range		Up to <b>19.5 km/h</b> ( <b>12.1 mph</b> )	
Medium range		Up to <b>26.4 km/h</b> ( <b>16.4 mph</b> )	
High range		Up to <b>37.0 km/h</b> ( <b>23.0 mph</b> )	
Option F			
Low range		Up to <b>20.8 km/h</b> ( <b>12.9 mph</b> )	
Medium range		Up to <b>28.2 km/h</b> ( <b>17.5 mph</b> )	
High range		Up to <b>38.6 km/h</b> ( <b>24.0 mph</b> )	
Option G			
Low range		Up to <b>20.6 km/h</b> ( <b>12.8 mph</b> )	
Medium range		Up to <b>28.0 km/h</b> ( <b>17.4 mph</b> )	
High range		Up to <b>38.6 km/h</b> ( <b>24.0 mph</b> )	

NA

NA

## **Product identification - Product Identification Number (PIN)**

Speedrower®	200
Speedrower®	240

The windrower identification plate (1) is located on the left side of the frame, next to the platform steps (2). The identification plate includes the model number and the PIN.

**NOTE:** The identification number of the windrower is required when ordering service parts. Record the numbers in the front of this manual. These numbers may also be required to identify a stolen windrower.



Plate information:

- Product Identification Number (PIN) (1)
- Model designation (2)
- Unladen mass (3)
- Rated net power (4)
- Model year (5)
- Year of construction (6)



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## Part identification - Engine serial number

The engine specifications are located on the right-hand side of the engine oil pan.

**NOTE:** The identification number of the engine is required when ordering service parts. The numbers may also be required to identify a stolen windrower.



## **Product identification - Machine orientation**

To determine "left-hand" (LH) and "right-hand" (RH) stand at the rear of the machine and face the normal direction of travel as indicated by arrow in figure.



- 1. Front of the machine
- 2. Right-hand side of the machine

- 3. Rear of the machine
- 4. Left-hand side of the machine



# SERVICE MANUAL

## Engine

Speedrower® 200 [YEG675001 - ] Speedrower® 240 [YEG675001 - ]

[10.001] Engine and crankcase	10.1
[10.202] Air cleaners and lines	10.2
[10.206] Fuel filters	10.3
[10.216] Fuel tanks	10.4
[10.218] Fuel injection system	10.5
[10.250] Turbocharger and lines	10.6
[10.254] Intake and exhaust manifolds and muffler	10.7
[10.400] Engine cooling system	10.8
[10.414] Fan and drive	10.9



Engine and crankcase - 001

Speedrower® 200 [YEG675001 - ] Speedrower® 240 [YEG675001 - ]

### Engine and crankcase - 001

### TECHNICAL DATA

Engine and crankcase General specification	
FUNCTIONAL DATA	
Engine and crankcase Overview	
SERVICE	
Engine and crankcase Remove - NEF 6 cylinder Install - NEF 6 Cylinder .	
DIAGNOSTIC	

#### Engine

9				
Troubleshooting .	 	 	 	20

## Engine and crankcase - General specification

Model	SR200	SR240
Cylinders	6	6
Aspiration	turbocharged w/ charge air cooler	turbocharged w/ charge air cooler
Bore	104 mm (4.4 in)	104 mm (4.4 in)
Stroke	132 mm (5.0 in)	132 mm (5.0 in)
Displacement	6.7 L (456 cuin)	6.7 L (456 cuin)
Compression	17.5 to 1	17.5 to 1
Firing order	1-5-3-6-2-4	1-5-3-6-2-4
Power	142 kW (190HP)	142 kW (190HP)
Rated RPM	2200 RPM	2200 RPM
Torque at Rated RPM	636 N⋅m (469 ft-lb)	768 N⋅m (566 ft-lb)
Torque Rise %	23%	25%
Peak Torque	830N·m (612 ft-lb) @ 1600 RPM	961N·m (709 ft-lb) @ 1600 RPM
Idle Speed	900 RPM	900 RPM
Max. No Load Speed	2250 RPM	2250 RPM

### Engine and crankcase - Overview



The NEF Tier III engine is a 6-cylinder turbocharged and after cooled unit, having a bore of 104 mm (4.4 in) and a stroke of 132 mm (5.0 in) which generates a displacement of 410 in<sup>3</sup>.

The engine uses a electronically controlled hi-pressure injection pump and has been designed to meet current emission regulations and must only be serviced by an authorized service agent.

All engines fearure cross flow cylinder heads, with the inlet and exhaust manifolds on opposite sides of the cylinder head. The fuel and air combustion process, takes place in the specially designed bowl in the crown of the pistons.

**NOTE:** The FRONT of the engine is the water pump end. The REAR of the engine is the flywheel end. In this section, right and left correspond to the above when standing at the rear of the engine looking at the flywheel end with the water pump end away from you.

#### Cylinder block assembly

The cylinder block is an alloy cast iron with deep cylinder skirts, and water jackets for cooling the cylinders. The cylinder bores are machined integral with the cylinder block, during the manufacturing process.

Cylinders are in line and vertical and numbered 1 to 6 from the front (fan end) to the rear of the engine. They can be bored oversize for the fitment of sleeves, which are available in service.

In the following procedures and illustrations the engine is shown removed from the vehicle however there are certain operations that can be performed with the engine installed. Where it is necessary to remove the engine use a suitable hoist or overhead gantry and standard engineering procedures. Removal of the engine is described in Chapter 1 of Section 10 of this manual. Dismantle the engine following conventional techniques and by referring to the appropriate overhaul sections of this chapter. Always refer to the specification section as necessary.

**NOTE:** Where it is necessary to remove additional items to gain access to the components on the engine refer to Engine Removal.

**NOTICE:** All gaskets, seals, and O-rings must be replaced during reassembly. Where new sealant is to be applied refer to Engine Specifications.

### Engine and crankcase - Remove - NEF 6 cylinder

- 1. Remove bolt (2) on starter to disconnect ground cable and the negative battery cable.
- 2. Remove battery post nut and disconnect positive battery cable (3).
- 3. Remove protective cap and disconnect all cables from starter solenoid **(1)**.
- 4. Disconnect cable and two wires (1) from alternator (2). Remove complete wire harness from engine block.

- 5. Drain coolant from radiator and engine by opening valve (1). Catch fluid from drain hose and save for recycling. Remove the radiator cap to speed up the draining, using caution if the system is hot.
- 6. Disconnect drain hose.

7. Remove the spring clamp (1) to remove the exhaust pipe elbow (2) from the turbocharger.









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8. Using a helper, detach four gas springs (1) from engine area side doors by removing four flange nuts and lock washers.

9. Remove side doors by removing bolts (1) and lifting doors upward off the support brackets.

**NOTICE:** Figure **6** shows a top view of the support brackets. Do not stand on top of the engine compartment.

- 10. Remove four carriage bolts, lock washers and flange nuts **(5)** that secure the front of the hood.
- 11. Loosen the spring clamps (1) and remove tubing from turbo to intercooler (2), and from intercooler to intake manifold (3).





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NHIL14WR00360AA 8

- 12. Disconnect restriction indicator wire from restriction indicator switch (1).
- 13. Loosen clamps (2) and remove 102 mm (4 in) diameter tubing (3) from air cleaner.

- 14. Tag, label, and disconnect all harnesses (1) that connect the electrical system of the frame of the windrower to the center roof section of the windrower.
- 15. Remove all cable ties holding the large harness to the center roof section.

- Remove flange bolts, lock washers and flange nuts (1), to detach hood support frame from radiator side supports and from front upright.
- 17. Use suitable slings to lift the hood support frame, roof panel, and exhaust after-treatment from the machine.





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NHIL14WR01146AA 11



**NOTICE:** Use jackstands to support the hood support frame so that the exhaust and intake components do not get damaged when setting the hood down.

18. Disconnect wire connector (1) from the compressor.

- 19. Disconnect ECM harness (1). Remove ECM harness and A/C compressor harness from the engine.
- 20. Remove and cap fuel lines (2).

21. Remove and cap both heater hoses (1).







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- 22. Remove clamps (1) that secure A/C compressor line (2).
- 23. Remove flange nuts (3) that secure bracket (4). Set bracket and heater hoses aside.

24. Remove air hose (1) that lead to crankcase ventilation filters.

25. Remove A/C compressor drive belt by releasing tension at tensioner (1).

26. Remove three bolts **(1)** that secure A/C compressor. Hang compressor on right side of machine at **(2)** with hoses connected.

**NOTICE:** Use caution when hanging compressor. Do not damage or bend any of the steel fluid lines.

- 27. If equipped with optional hydraulic pump (1) remove two bolts and lay this pump over to right side.
- 28. Disconnect wire harness from fuel water switch (2).



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29. Disconnect both upper and lower radiator hoses (1).

30. Loosen clamp bolts (1) in steering yoke and remove from splined shaft on steering motor.

31. Remove and cap steel hydraulic lines (1) to the top of transmission. Use a collection pan to catch any excess fluid that may escape. Disconnect breather hose (2).

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- 32. Remove plug (1) to drain oil from gear box.
- 33. With adequate support provided for the pumps, remove flange bolts (2) that secure the pumps to cover plate (3).
- 34. With adequate support provided for the pumps, carefully move transmission and header drive pump away from engine.



35. Remove four flange screws and lock washers (1) from radiator side of fan and detach from drive sheave. Set fan rearward in fan shroud to give maximum clearance to lift out engine.



36. Remove four large cap screws with lock nuts (1).

- 37. Use appropriate lifting equipment to lift engine out of machine.
- 38. Mount the engine to an engine stand before removing the chain and hoist.



## Engine and crankcase - Install - NEF 6 Cylinder

#### **A**WARNING

**Heavy parts!** Support designated component(s) with adequate lifting equipment. Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury.

1. Align holes in engine supports and install four 5/8 in. x 3–1/2 in bolts with large washers (1) down through engine mounts and install lock nuts. Tighten to 149 N·m (110 lb ft)



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2. Install four flange bolts and lock washers (1) from radiator side of fan and attach to drive sheave.





3. With adequate support provided for the pumps, carefully move transmission and header drive pump into mounting position. Install all flange bolts (1) that secure the pumps to cover plate (2).

NOTE: Use LOCTITE® 598™ BLACK silicon sealant on mating surfaces before joining pumps to cover plate.

4. Install and tighten drain plug (3) to cover plate.

- Fill front gear case section of flywheel housing by removing breather plug (1) with 1.65 I (1.75 US qt) NEW HOLLAND AMBRA HYPOIDE 90 or NEW HOLLAND AMBRA HYPOIDE SSL GEAR OIL. Oil level should be between the two marks on the dipstick (2).
- 6. Replace breather plug, (1).

7. Install steel hydraulic lines (1) to the top of transmission. Attach breather hose (2).

8. Attach steering yoke (1) to splined shaft (2). Tighten clamp bolts (3).





- 9. Connect and tighten both upper and lower radiator hoses (1).
- 10. If equipped with optional hydraulic pump (1) install two 3/8 in. x 1–1/2 in. socket head bolts and lock washers (2) that secure pump.
- 11. Connect wire harness to fuel water switch (3).

12. Install and tighten 5/16 in. x 4 in. bolts (1) through the base of A/C compressor.

13. Install and adjust A/C compressor drive belt (1) by adjusting tension at tensioner (2).

14. Attach air hose (1) that leads to crankcase ventilation filters.

15. Install flange bolts, flange nuts, and lock washers (1) that secure bracket (2). Secure A/C compressor line (3) with clamps (4).









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16. Connect both heater hoses (1).

- 17. Connect ECM harness (1).
- 18. Connect both inlet and return fuel lines (2).

- 19. Connect wire harness (1) to A/C compressor (2).
- 20. Arrange wiring harness around engine as original and install clamps in position to protect harness from damage in operation.
- 21. Use suitable slings to lift the hood support frame into place over the engine. Take care not to damage any Selective Catalytic Reduction (SCR) components while moving the frame into place.





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22. Secure the hood support onto the windrower using the flange bolts, lock washers, and flange nuts (1) previously removed.



- 23. Reconnect the harnesses, tagged during disassembly, to the electrical connectors on the roof section of the frame.
- 24. Secure the large harness (1) along the support member of the upper roof section with cable ties.

25. Connect the **127 mm** (**5 in**) diameter outlet tubing (**3**) from the turbocharger to the air cleaner. Secure with clamp (**2**).





26. Connect the restriction indicator switch (1).

27. Connect the tubing from the turbocharger to the intercooler (2) and from the intercooler to the intake manifold (3). Secure with spring clamps (1).



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- 28. Hang the side doors on the support brackets. Secure with hardware (1) previously removed.

NOTICE: Figure 21 shows a top view of the support brackets. Do not stand on top of the engine compartment.

29. Install the four gas struts (1) to support the side doors.

- 30. Install the exhaust pipe (2) onto the turbocharger. Secure with a clamp (1).

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31. Connect the wires (1) to the alternator (2) as shown.

- 32. Connect the positive battery cable (3).
- 33. Connect ground cable and the negative battery cable. Secure with bolt **(2)**.
- 34. Connect remaining cables to starter solenoid (1). Cover with protective cap.

## Engine - Troubleshooting

The Engine Does Not Start         Battery dead or faulty.         Check and recharge battery. Replace battery for fracessary.           Connections to battery terminals corroded         Clean, examine and tighten thruts on the nuts or the or loose.           Incorrect timing of injection pump.         Check and correctly. time the injection pump. See Bosch dealer.           Deposits or water in the fuel tank.         Disonnect the hoses and clean them us-ing a jet of compressed air. Disonnet the hoses and clean them us-ing a jet of compressed air. Disonnet the hoses to ensure that air is in fact present and also check the fuel pump.           Air bubbles in the fuel lines or injection         Check the hoses to ensure that air is in fact present and also check the fuel pump.           Faulty starter motor.         Faulty starter motor.         Replace the fuel working the fuel pump.           The Engine Does Not Start         Fuel system clogged with paraffin crystals Replace the fuel with fuel suble for use at Low Temperatures         Adjust with adjustment screw.           The Engine Cuts Out.         Ide rpm too low.         Adjust time and refuel. Drain fuel system.           Impurities or water in the fuel lines.         Disconnect the hoses and clean them us-ing a jet of compressed air. Dismanite and clean the injection pump.           Refine Cuts Out.         Ide rpm too low.         Adjust time adjust flow.           Impurities or water in the fuel lines.         Disconnect the hoses and clean them us-ing a jet of compressed air. Dismanite and clean the injection pump.	Problem	Possible Cause	Correction	
Itery if necessary           Connections to battery terminals corroded (Caen, examine and tighten the nuits on the battery terminals. Replace the cable terminals and the nuits if accessively corroded.           Incorrect timing of injection pump.         Check and correctly time the injection pump. See Bosch dealer.           Deposits or water in the fuel tank.         Disconnect the hoses and clean them using a jet of compressed air. Dismantle and clean the injection pump. Remove water from tank and refuel. Drain fuel system.           No fuel in tank.         Refuel.           No power supply.         Overhaul or replace the fuel pump.           Air bubbles in the fuel lines or injection         Check the hoses to ensure that air is in fact present and also check the fuel pump.           Eminate the air from the injection pump by thand.         Refuel.           No power supply.         Overhaul or replace the fuel pump.           The Engine Does Not Start         Fuel system cloaged with paraffin crystals Replace the fuel with fuel suitable for use at the injection pump by thand.           Impurities or water in the fuel lines.         Incorrect the fuel filter.           Impurities or water in the fuel and injection system.         Replace the fuel with fuel suitable for use at ing a jet of compressed air. Dismantle and clean the injection pump.           Adjust flow of injection pump.         Adjust the injection pump.         Adjust the injection pump.           The Engine Outs Out.         If reposary.         Replace the h	The Engine Does Not Start	Battery dead or faulty. Check and recharge battery. Replace		
Connections to battery terminals corroded Clean, examine and tighten the rules on the nuts	J J		tery if necessary	
or loose. <ul> <li>battery terminals. Replace the cable terminals and the nuts if excessively corroded.</li> <li>Incorrect timing of injection pump.</li> <li>Check and correctly time injection pump.</li> <li>Deposits or water in the fuel tank.</li> <li>Deposits or water in the fuel tank.</li> <li>Deposits or water in the fuel tank.</li> <li>Refuel.</li> <li>No fuel in tank.</li> <li>Refuel.</li> <li>No power supply.</li> <li>Overshall or replace the fuel pump.</li> <li>Faulty starter motor.</li> <li>Refuel.</li> <li>The Engine Does Not Start.</li> <li>Faulty starter motor.</li> <li>Replace the fuel with fuel suitable for use at forming due to the use of unsuitable fuel.</li> <li>Inder protocol.</li> <li>Inder protocol.</li> <li>Replace the fuel with fuel suitable for use at forming due to the use of unsuitable fuel.</li> <li>Inder protocol.</li> <li>Inder protocol.</li> <li>Replace the fuel with fuel suitable for use at forming due to the use of unsuitable fuel.</li> <li>Inder protocol.</li> <li>Inder protocol.</li> <li>Inder protocol.</li> <li>Presence of air in the fuel lines.</li> <li>Inscorner the hoses and clean the using a fuel filters.</li> <li>Replace the faulty parts.</li> <li>Abnormal clearance between camshaft dijust print prove water from tuel tank and refuel.</li> <li>Drain fuel system.</li> <li>Presence of air in the fuel and injection system.</li> <li>Check that the hoses and clean the unjection pump and fuel filter by unorcewing the caps and working the primer pump by hand.</li> <li>Broken injection pump.</li> <li>Presence of air in the fuel and injection system.</li> <l< th=""><th></th><th>Connections to battery terminals corroded</th><th>Clean examine and tighten the nuts on the</th></l<></ul>		Connections to battery terminals corroded	Clean examine and tighten the nuts on the	
bit Boost         Deposits or water in the fuel tank.         Check and correctly time the injection pump. See Boosch dealer.           Deposits or water in the fuel tank.         Disconnect the hoses and clean them using a jet of compressed air. Dismantle and clean the injection pump. Nemove water from tank and refuel. Drain fuel system.           No fuel in tank.         Refuel.           No power supply.         Overhaul or replace the fuel pump.           Air bubbles in the fuel lines or injection         Check the hoses to ensure that air is in pump.           Faulty starter motor.         Replace the fuel pump by hand.           Faulty starter motor.         Replace the fuel with adjustment screw.           The Engine Does Not Start difference of air in the fuel lines.         Compersatures.           The Engine Cuts Out.         Free sonce of air in the fuel and injection pump.           Main purplice or water in the fuel lines.         Disconnect the hoses and clean them using a jet of compressed air. Dismantle and clean the injection pump. Remove water from fuel tank and refuel.           Impurities or water in the fuel and injectons system.         Replace the fuel with adjustment screw.           Impurities or water in the fuel and injectons system.         Concert seasary.           Presence of air in the fuel and injectons system.         Replace the fuel with fuel suitable fuel with adjustment screw.           Impurities or water in the fuel and injectonsystem.         Replace the faulty parts.		or loose	hattery terminals. Replace the cable termi-	
Incorrect timing of injection pump.         Intervent timing of injection pump.           Deposits or water in the fuel tank.         Desconnect the hoses and clean them using a jet of compressed air. Dismantile and clean the injection pump. Remove water from tank and refuel. Drain fuel system.           No fuel in tank.         Refuel.           No power supply.         Overhaul or replace the fuel pump.           Air bubbles in the fuel lines or injection         Orleck the fuel pump.           Faulty starter motor.         Repair or replace the devek the fuel pump.           Fuel system clogged with parafilm crystals         Repair or replace the starter motor.           The Engine Does Not Start         Fuel system clogged with parafilm crystals           The Engine Cuts Out.         Intergular flow of injection pump.           Impurities or water in the fuel lines.         Ing a jet of compressed air. Dismantle and clean the injection pump. Remove water form fuel tank and refuel. Drain fuel system.           Impurities or water in the fuel and injection system.         Check that the hoses are not cracked or the unions loose. Replace worm parts, remove water form fuel tank and refuel. Drain fuel system.           Presence of air in the fuel and injection system.         Check that the hoses are not cracked or the unions loose. Replace worm parts, remove water tem.           Broken injection pump controls.         Replace the faulty parts.           Abnormal clearance between camshaft         Adjust flow.			hals and the nuts if excessively corroded	
Incorrect aming of injection pump.         Creck and corrects and clean the injection pump. See Bosch dealer.           Deposits or water in the fuel tank.         Disconnect the hoses and clean the upm. See Bosch dealer.           No fuel in tank.         Refuel.           No power supply.         Overhaul or replace the fuel pump.           Air bubbles in the fuel lines or injection pump by hand.         Eminate the air from the injection pump by hand.           Faulty starter motor.         Replace the fuel with fuel suitable for use at forming due to the use of unsuitable fuel.           Idle rpm too low.         Adjust with adout with and refuel. Disconnect the hoses and clean them uschart fuel system clogged with parafin crystals.           The Engine Outs Out.         Iffee guing a for or compressed air. Dismaritle and clean them uschart forming due to the use of unsuitable fuel.           Idle rpm too low.         Adjust with adout with fuel suitable for use at forming due to the use of unsuitable fuel.           Idle rpm too low.         Adjust with adout mouser with gate if necessary.           Presence of air in the fuel and injection system.         Check that the hoses and clean them uschart fuel system.           Broken injection pump controls.         Replace the faulty parts.           Abnormal clearance between camshaft         Adjust with adout seatings.           Abnormal clearance between camshaft         Adjust with adout seating shims.           Check the unit and replace if necessary.<		Incompatizing of inication numb	Check and correctly time the injection	
Deposits or water in the fuel tank.         Disconnect the hoses and clean the injection pump. Remove water from tank and refuel. Drain fuel system.           No fuel in tank.         Refuel.           No power supply.         Overhaul or replace the fuel pump.           Air bubbles in the fuel lines or injection         Check the hoses and check the fuel pump.           Faulty starter motor.         Replace the starter motor.           The Engine Does Not Start         Fuel system clogged with paraffin crystals           Replace the starter motor.         Replace the fuel with fuel suitable fuel.           The Engine Cuts Out.         Integular flow of injection pump.           Integular flow of injection pump.         Adjust flow.           Impurities or water in the fuel lines.         Disconnect the hoses and clean the user of unscreaming the caps and working the fuel pump.           Impurities or water in the fuel lines.         Disconnect the solution of injection pump.           Inspurities or water in the fuel lines.         Disconnect the hoses and clean the user of using a jet of compressed air. Dismantle and clean the injection pump. Remove water tem.           Presence of air in the fuel and injections ys-         Check that the hoses are not cracked or the user and dean the pump by hand.           Broken injection pump controls.         Replace the faulty parts.           Abnormal clearance between camshaft         Adjust flow working the primer pump by hand.		incorrect timing of injection pump.		
Deposits or water in the fuel tank.         Disconnect the hoses and clean them using a jet of compressed air. Dismantle and clean the injection pump. Remove water from tank and refuel. Drain fuel system.           No fuel in tank.         Refuel.           No power supply.         Overhaul or replace the fuel pump.           Air bubbles in the fuel lines or injection         Check the hoses to ensure that air is in fact present and also check the fuel pump.           Air bubbles in the fuel lines or injection         Check the hose to ensure that air is in fact present and also check the fuel pump.           The Engine Does Not Start         Fuel system clogged with paraffin crystalk Replace the fuel with fuel suitable for use at forming due to the use of unsuitable fuel.         Iow temperatures. Replace the fuel filters.           The Engine Cuts Out.         Idie rpm too low.         Adjust thin adjustment screw.         Inregular flow of injection pump.           Idie rpm too low.         Inregular flow of injection pump.         Adjust thin adjustment screw.         Inscennect the hoses and clean them using a jet of compressed air. Dismantle and clean the injection pump. Remove water from the fuel and injection system.         Check that the hoses are not cracked or the unions loose. Replace the fault print crystem cleansary.           Presence of air in the fuel and injection system.         Clogged fuel filter. Dismantle and replace if necessary.           Presence of air in the fuel and injection system.         Clock that the hoses are not cracked or the unines doese. Replace the faulty parts.			pump. See Bosch dealer.	
Ing a jet of compressed air. Dismantle and clean the injection pump. Remove water from tank and refuel. Drain fuel system.           No fuel in tank.         Refuel.           No power supply.         Overhaul or replace the fuel pump.           Air bubbles in the fuel lines or injection pump.         Check the hoses to ensure that air is in fact present and also check the fuel pump. Eliminate the air form the injection pump by unscrewing the cap and working the fuel pump by hand.           The Engine Does Not Start The Engine Cuts Out.         Faulty starter motor.           The Engine Cuts Out.         Idle rpm too tow.           Idle rpm too tow.         Adjust with adjustment screw.           Impurities or water in the fuel lines.         Disconnect the hoses and clean the nus- ing a jet of compressed air. Dismantle and clean the injection pump.           Adjust flow.         Freesence of air in the fuel and injection sys- tem.         Check that the noses and clean the pulse sys- tem. Cloged fuel filter. Dismantle and clean the injection pump and fuel filter by unscrewing the caps and working the primer pump by hand.           Broken injection pump controls.         Replace the faulty parts.           Abnormal clearance between camshaft Abjust clearance by replacing shims. cams and tappets.         Replace the faulty parts.           Burned, corroded or chalky valves.         Replace the faulty parts.           Malfunctioning thermostat.         Replace the adjust the tightness of the beit. On applications provided with automatic tensioner, check correct setting.		Deposits or water in the fuel tank.	Disconnect the hoses and clean them us-	
Clean the injection pump. Remove water from tank and refuel. Drain fuel system.           No fuel in tank.         Refuel.           No power supply.         Overhaul or replace the fuel pump.           Air bubbles in the fuel lines or injection         Check the hoses to ensure that air is in fact present and also check the fuel pump.           The Engine Does Not Start at Low Temperatures         Faulty starter motor.         Repair or replace the starter motor.           The Engine Cuts Out.         Ide to the use of unsuitable fuel. forming due to the use of unsuitable fuel. tow temperatures. Replace the fuel with fuel suitable for use at forming due to the use of unsuitable fuel. tow temperatures. Replace the fuel filters.           The Engine Cuts Out.         Ide rpm too low.         Adjust with adjustment screw.           Irregular flow of injection pump.         Adjust flow.         Disconnect the hoses and clean them us- ing a jet of compressed air. Dismantle and clean the injection pump. Remove water from fuel tank and refuel. Drain fuel sys- tem.           Presence of air in the fuel and injection sys- tem.         Check that the hoses are not cracked or the unions loose. Replace worn parts, remove the air from the hoses and clearance by head.           Broken injection pump controls.         Replace the faulty parts.           Abnormal clearance between camshaft Adjust clearance by replacing shims.           Burned, corroded or chalky valves.         Replace the dasket.           Malfunctining thermostat.         Replace the adsket. <th></th> <th></th> <th>ing a jet of compressed air. Dismantle and</th>			ing a jet of compressed air. Dismantle and	
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No power supply.         Overhaul or replace the fuel pump.           Air bubbles in the fuel lines or injection         Check the hoses to ensure that air is in fact present and also check the fuel pump. Eliminate the air from the injection pump by unscrewing the cap and working the fuel pump. But the support of the starter motor.           The Engine Does Not Start         Fuel system clogged with paraffin crystals         Replace the fuel with fuel suitable for use at forming due to the use of unsuitable fuel.         Replace the fuel with fuel suitable for use at forming due to the use of unsuitable fuel.         I/// with adjustmercew.           The Engine Cuts Out.         Idle rpm too low.         Adjust flow.         Adjust flow.           Impurities or water in the fuel lines.         Disconnect the hoses and clean them using a jet of compressed air. Dismantle and replace in fracessary.           Presence of air in the fuel and injection system.         Check that the hoses and clearate the injection pump and fuel filter bunscrewing the caps and working the primer pump by hand.           Broken injection pump controls.         Replace the faulty parts.           Abromal. corroded or chalky valves.         Replace the fuel yasts.           Burned, corroded or chalky valves.         Replace the up intercaps provided with automatic the signal product used.           Malfunctioning thermostat.         Replace the dailys perifers of the belt.           Replace the parts.         Adjust clearance by replacing product used.           Abnormal. clearance between cam		No fuel in tank.	Refuel.	
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pump.         fact present and also check the fuel pump.           Faulty starter motor.         Repair or replace the starter motor.           The Engine Does Not Start         Fuel system clogged with paraffin crystals           forming due to the use of unsuitable fuel.         Repair or replace the starter motor.           The Engine Cuts Out.         Idle rpm too low.         Adjust with adjustment screw.           Irregular flow of injection pump.         Adjust with adjustment screw.         Impurities or water in the fuel lines.           Impurities or water in the fuel and injection system.         Disconnect the hoses and clean them using a jet of compresed air. Dismantle and replace if necessary.           Presence of air in the fuel and injection system.         Check that the hoses are out cracked or the injection pump out for fuel start.           Broken injection pump controls.         Replace the faulty parts.           Abormal clearance between camshaff Adjust clearance by replacing shims.         Replace the faulty parts.           Abnormal clearance between camshaff Adjust clearance by replacing shims.         Replace the faulty parts.           Abnormal clearance between camshaff Adjust clearance by replacing provide with automatic the sign provided with automatic correct the differ present fuel clearer blocked.		Air bubbles in the fuel lines or injection	Check the hoses to ensure that air is in	
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Limitate the an information of the fuel pump by hand.     Faulty starter motor.     Repair or replace the fuel filters.     Ider pm too low.     Impurities or water in the fuel lines.     Impurities or water in the fuel lines.     Impurities or water in the fuel and injection system.     Cloged fuel filter. Dismantle and replace if necessary.     Presence of air in the fuel and injection system.     Cloged fuel filter. Dismantle and replace if necessary.     Presence of air in the fuel and injection system.     Replace worn parts, remove the air from the hoses and decarate the injection pump and fuel filter by unscrewing the caps and working the primer pump by hand.     Broken injection pump controls.     Replace the raitly parts.     Abnormal clearance between camshaft Adjust clearance by replacing shims.     cams and tappets.     Burned, corroded or chalky valves.     Geneace the valves, rectify or replace the regasket.     Malfunctioning thermostat.     Replace the gasket.     Malfunctioning thermostat.     Replace the gasket.     Malfunctioning thermostat.     Replace the gasket.     Malfunctioning thermostat.     Replace the fuely starter fuels or the standards specified for head and cylinder groups.     Water pump drive belt slack.     Ocleak the injection rune correctly.     Incorrect engine timing.     Check timing and tune correctly.     Incorrect calibration of injection pump.     Check timing and tune correctly.     Incorrect timing of injection pump.     Check timing and tune correctly.     Incorrect timing of injection pump.     Check timing and tune		panip.	Eliminate the air from the injection number	
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Faulty starter motor.         Repair or replace the starter motor.           The Engine Does Not Start at Low Temperatures         forming due to the use of unsuitable fuel.         low temperatures. Replace the fuel with fuel suitable for use at low temperatures. Replace the fuel filters           The Engine Cuts Out.         Idle rpm too low.         Adjust with adjustment screw.           Irregular flow of injection pump.         Adjust with adjustment screw.           Impurities or water in the fuel lines.         Disconnect the hoses and clean the mis- ing a jet of compressed air. Dismantle and clean the injection pump. Remove water from fuel tank and refuel. Drain fuel sys- tem.         Replace the fuel. Drain fuel sys- tem. Clogged fuel filter. Dismantle and re- place if necessary.           Presence of air in the fuel and injection sys- tem.         Check that the hoses and clearate the injection pump and fuel filter by unscrewing the caps and working the primer pump by hand.           Broken injection pump controls.         Replace the faulty parts.           Abnormal clearance between camshaft Adjust clearance by replacing shims. cams and tappets.         Replace the faulty parts.           Burned, corroded or chalky valves.         Check the unit and replace if necessary. Replace the gasket.           Malfunctioning thermostat.         Replace the thermostat. Restricted coolant openings in the cylinder Water pump drive belt slack.           Colant level too low.         Add coolant restring of the colant covery tank filled 1 in above mark.           Incorrect engine timin			unscrewing the cap and working the fuer	
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Frequencies       from fuel tank and refuel. Drain fuel system. Clogged fuel filter. Dismantle and replace if necessary.         Presence of air in the fuel and injection system.       Check that the hoses are not cracked or the unions loose. Replace worn parts, remove the air from the hoses and deaerate the injection pump and fuel filter by unscrewing the caps and working the primer pump by hand.         Broken injection pump controls.       Replace the faulty parts.         Abnormal clearance between camshaft       Adjust clearance by replacing shims. cams and tappets.         Burned, corroded or chalky valves.       Replace the valves, rectify or replace the cylinder head seatings.         The Engine Overheats       Faulty water pump.         Malfunctioning thermostat.       Replace the gasket.         Restricted coolant openings in the cylinder       Wash following the standards specified for head and cylinder groups.         Water pump drive belt slack.       Check and adjust the tightness of the belt. On applications provided with automatic tensioner, check correct setting.         Coolant level too low.       Add coolant. Radiator must be full and recovery tank filled 1 in. above mark.         Incorrect engine timing.       Check timing and tune correctly.         Incorrect calibration of injection pump.       Check timing and correctly set pump on a bench so that the injection is at the specified rate.         Air cleaner blocked.       Clean the air filter or replace if necessary.         Engine Operation is Irregular and Lac			clean the injection pump. Remove water	
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Problem	Possible Cause	Correction	
	Incorrect calibration of speed regulator.	Check and correctly calibrate the regulator.	
		See Bosch dealer.	
	Faulty operation of injectors.	Clean and completely overhaul the injec-	
		tors.	
	Impurities or water in the fuel and injection	Carefully clean the system and refuel. If	
	system.	necessary drain fuel system.	
	Incorrect play between camshaft cams and	Check and correct play.	
	tappets.		
	Faulty turbocharger.	Replace complete unit.	
	Air cleaner blocked.	Clean or replace air cleaner.	
	Faulty operation of L.D.A. device.	L.D.A. device is part of injector pump. See Bosch dealer.	
	Linkage between accelerator pedal and	Adjust so that the command lever can be moved to the full delivery position	
Engine Running with	Faulty operation of injectors	Replace all injectors	
Abnormal Knocking			
, is not man through the	Fuel lines blocked	Dismantle the hoses clean them and re-	
		place those that are seriously dented.	
	Incorrect set-up of injection pump.	Correct the set-up of the pump so that in-	
		jection occurs at the specified angle. See	
		Bosch dealer.	
	Knocking of crankshaft causing excessive	Rectify the pins of the crankshaft and install	
	play on one or more main or rod bearings	smaller bearings. Replace the thrust half-	
	or excessive play on shoulders.	rings.	
	Crankshaft unbalanced.	Check alignment of crankshaft.	
	Misalignment of rods.	A check of the individual unit leakage is	
		necessary to determine whether the dam-	
		age is in the pump(s) or motor(s).	
	Noise from piston journals due to excessive	Replace the piston journal and/or the piston	
	play of piston hubs and in the rod bushing.	and rod bushing.	
	Loose bushings in the rod seatings.	Replace with new bushings.	
	Noisy timing.	Adjust the play between camshaft cams	
		and tappets and check that there are no	
		proken springs, that there is no excessive	
		play between the valve sterns and the valve	
The Engine Smokes	Excessive maximum nump output System	Disconnect the nump and adjust delivery	
Abnormally Black or	low on fluid	in accordance with the data given in the	
Dark Grev Smoke		calibration table. See Bosch dealer	
	There is an excessive delay on the injection	Correct the set-up.	
	pump.		
	The injection pump has an excessive ad-	Correct the set-up.	
	vance.		
	The holes in the injectors (or some of them)	Replace the injectors with a series of new	
	are partially or entirely blocked.	injectors or clean and rectify the original	
		ones using suitable equipment.	
	Air cleaner blocked or deteriorated.	Clean or replace the filter element.	
	Loss of compression in the engine due to:	Overnaul the engine.	
	stuck of worn nexible rings,		
	values deteriorated or badly adjusted		
	Injection hoses with an unsuitable internal	Check conditions of the end or unions and	
	diameter end of hoses pinched due to re-	where necessary replace the hoses	
	peated blocking.		
Blue, Grev-blue, Grev	Excessive delay in injection pump.	Correct the set-up of the pump. See Bosch	
Smoke Tending to White.		dealer	
	Faulty injector.	Replace the injector.	
	Leaking of oil from the piston rings caused	Overhaul the engine.	
	by glued or worn rings or wearing of cylin-	ž	
	der liner walls.		

Problem	Possible Cause	Correction
	Engine oil passing through the intake guides valves following wearing of guides or valve stems.	Recondition the cylinder head.
	Engine too cold (thermostat blocked or in- efficient).	Replace the thermostat.

### Engine and crankcase - 001

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Air cleaners and lines - 202

Speedrower® 200 [YEG675001 - ] Speedrower® 240 [YEG675001 - ]

### Air cleaners and lines - 202

#### FUNCTIONAL DATA

#### SERVICE

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### Air cleaner - Overview

The air intake system brings screened air through a tube (1) from the precleaner through the top panel of the engine compartment of the machine to the air cleaner, then through another tube (2) to the turbocharger (3). It is pressurized, then passes to the intercooler to extract heat and then back to the intake manifold. While passing through the air cleaner, large particles are removed by use of exhaust-driven aspiration through the evacuator hose (4) connected at the bottom of the end cap, and expelled through the exhaust stack.



#### Air cleaner

The function of the air cleaner is to remove impurities from the air while at the same time allowing enough air to enter the engine to ensure complete fuel combustion.

Air drawn through the air cleaner passes through inner and outer filter elements. A cylindrical metal housing (1) mounted above the transfer case, holds the filter elements.

As air enters the cleaner housing, dirt particles collect on the primary element where they remain suspended. Regular servicing includes cleaning the dirt out of the primary element.

#### **Inner element**

The inner secondary element (1) is within the outer element and further protects the engine against dust passing through the outer element. It also serves as a backup if for any reason the outer element fails.

Do not disturb the inner element (1) unless it is damaged or contaminated with dirt, usually due to the failure of the outer element. If contaminated, a new inner element should be installed.



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### Air intake lines - Remove

Check all the air intake hoses, tubes and clamps for leaks. Any unfiltered air entering the engine will seriously damage the engine.

The best way to check the air system is to start at the rear frame of the windrower, where the air enters the system. Follow the system to where the air enters the engine. Check the tightness of each clamp in the system.

There are two types of hose clamps used. One takes a screwdriver to tighten. The spring clamps require a wrench and should be adjusted to a spring length of **25** - **30 mm (1.0 - 1.2 in)**.

#### Removal

- 1. Raise engine area side hoods.
- 2. Loosen three clamps (1) and remove end cover.
- 3. Loosen clamp (2) and remove connector hose on inlet pipe.






- 5. Disconnect wire harness from air cleaner restriction switch (1).
- NOTE: Restriction switch is located behind outlet tube (2).



6. Remove two flange nuts, lock washers and flange bolts(1) from left end of air cleaner mounting bracket.

7. Remove air cleaner body from machine.



### Air intake lines - Install

- 1. Place air cleaner housing assembly in position. Rotate so that inlet port **(1)** faces the top of machine.
- 2. Install 3/8 in. x 3/4 in. flange bolts, lock washers and flange nuts (2) and connect inlet hoses (3).
- 3. Tighten clamp (4).

4. Connect air cleaner restriction switch (1).

NOTE: Restriction switch is located behind outlet tube (2).

5. Install outlet pipe (2) and tighten clamp (3).





- TOTEON
   3
- 6. Install end cover and retain with three snap clamps (1).

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1

## Air cleaner - Remove

The air filter (1) is located under the right engine shield.

1. To remove the element, release the three latches (1). Pull the cover (2) off.

2. Pull the outer filter (1) out.

3. Pull the inner filter (1) out. Some wiggling may be necessary. Clean the inside of the air cleaner housing and the cover with a damp, lint-free cloth.



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#### Air cleaner - Inspect

When the engine is operating and the air filter is not plugged, the air filter switch (S-009) (1) is open and the circuit is not complete. If the filter should become restricted, the vacuum created in the filter will cause the diaphragm of the air filter switch to pull down and close the switch completing the circuit.

**NOTE:** Air cleaner restriction switch is located behind outlet tube (2).



The audible alarm will sound and "AIR FILTER CLOGGED" will appear on the bottom line of the text display module (A-002).

**NOTICE:** Replace both outer and inner filters at this time.

#### (If Equipped)

An indicator light **(1)**, on the cab pillar display (A-007) will illuminate and also warn the operator if the air filter is dirty, restricting adequate air flow to the engine.

**NOTICE:** Replace both outer and inner filters at this time.



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2

Symptom	Probable Cause
Blue Smoke	Dirty air filter system. Excessive flow resistance in exhaust system. Oil feed and drain lines clogged, leaking, or distorted. Crankcase ventilation clogged or distorted. Carbon and sludge in turbocharger center housing. Increased blow-by. Dirty compressor or charge air cooler. Piston ring sealing defective.
Boost pressure too high.	Fuel system/injection feed system defective or incorrectly adjusted. Boost pressure control valve does not open. Pipe assembly to swing valve/poppet valve defective.
Compressor/turbine wheel defective.	Turbocharger bearing damage. Foreign body damage on compressor or turbine. Turbine housing damaged. Insufficient oil supply to turbocharger.
High oil consumption.	High oil consumption. Dirty air filter system. Excessive flow resistance in exhaust system/leakage upstream of turbine. Oil feed and drain lines clogged, leaking or distorted. Crankcase ventilation clogged and distorted. Carbon and sludge in turbocharger center housing. Valve guide, piston rings, engine or cylinder liners worn/increased blow by. Dirty compressor or charge air cooler. Piston ring sealing defective. Turbocharger bearing damage.
Insufficient power/boost pressure too low.	Dirty air filter system. Suction and pressure line distorted or leaking. Excessive flow resistance in exhaust system/leakage upstream of turbine. Fuel system/injection feed system defective or incorrectly adjusted. Valve guide, piston rings, engine or cylinder liners worn/increased blow by. Dirty compressor or charge air cooler. Boost pressure control valve does not close. Pipe assembly to boost pressure valve defective. Turbocharger bearing damage. Foreign body damage on compressor or turbine. Air cleaner housing cracked/missing or loose gaskets. Turbine housing damaged. Insufficient oil supply of turbocharger.
Turbocharger generates acoustic noise.	Suction and pressure line distorted or leaking. Excessive flow resistance in exhaust system/leakage upstream of turbine. Dirty compressor or charge air cooler. Turbocharger bearing damage. Foreign body damage on compressor or turbine. Exhaust gas leakage between turbine outlet and exhaust pipe. Air cleaner housing cracked/missing or loose gaskets. Turbine housing damaged. Insufficient oil supply to turbocharger.

### Air cleaner - Install

- 1. Clean the inside of the air cleaner housing and the cover with a damp, lint-free cloth.
- 2. Install the new inner filter (1). Push the filter in until it is seated.

3. Install a new outer element (1). Push the element in all the way.





10041166 2

4. Install the cover (1) at the angle at which it was re-moved. Rotate the cover clockwise. Push in the yellow latch (2).



10041163 3

# Engine - 10

#### Air cleaners and lines - 202

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